

# WHEN YOU'RE FERTILIZING THE LAWN, REMEMBER YOU'RE NOT JUST FERTILIZING THE LAWN.

WATER  
QUALITY  
CONSORTIUM



You fertilize the lawn. Then it rains. The rain-washes the fertilizer along the curb, into the storm drain, and directly into our lakes, streams and the Big Thompson River. This causes algae to grow, which uses up oxygen that fish need to survive. So if you fertilize, please follow directions and use sparingly.

A cooperative venture between the Puget Sound Action Team, Department of Ecology, King County and the cities of Bellevue, Seattle and Tacoma.

# CLEAN WATER IS IMPORTANT TO ALL OF US

It is up to all of us to make it happen. In recent years, sources of water pollution like industrial wastes from factories have been greatly reduced. Now, more than 60 percent of water pollution comes from things like cars leaking oil, fertilizers from farms and gardens, and failing septic tanks. All these sources add up to a big pollution problem. Nevertheless, each of us can do small things to help clean up our water too—and that adds up to a pollution solution!

## Why do we need clean water?

Having clean water is of primary importance for our health and economy. Clean water provides recreation, commercial opportunities, fish habitat, and drinking water and adds beauty to our landscape. All of us benefit from clean water, all of us have a role in getting, and keeping our lakes, rivers, creeks, and ground waters clean.

## What is the problem with fertilizer?

Fertilizer is not a problem if it is used carefully. If you use too much fertilizer or apply it at the wrong time, it can easily wash off your lawn or garden into storm drains and then flow untreated into lakes or streams. Just like in your garden, fertilizer in lakes and streams makes plants grow. In water bodies, extra fertilizer can mean extra algae and aquatic plant growth. Too much algae harms water quality and makes boating, fishing and swimming unpleasant. As algae decay, they use up oxygen in the water that fish and other wildlife need.

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This information is brought to you by the Water Quality Consortium, a group of public agencies working together to reduce nonpoint water pollution through education.

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<http://www.cityofloveland.org/departments/public-works/stormwater/stormwater-quality>

## CLEAN WATER TIP:

### How can you fertilize and help keep our waters clean?

- Use fertilizers sparingly. Many plants do not need as much fertilizer or need it as often as you might think.
- Do not fertilize before a rainstorm.
- Consider using organic fertilizers; they release nutrients more slowly.
- Use commercially available compost or make your own using garden waste. Mixing compost with your soil means your plants will need less chemical fertilizer and puts your waste to good use. Commercial compost and soil amendments may be available from your solid waste or wastewater utility as well as your local garden store.
- For more information on fertilizing alternatives and composting, call your County Extension's Master Gardeners program or the number in your community listed below.

