

COLORADO WATER IS IMPORTANT TO ALL OF US SO LIVE LIKE YOU LOVE IT

Colorado water is very popular. That's because a lot of people depend on it. The snow that falls in the Colorado Rockies not only provides water to 5.46 million Coloradoans, but also to people living in 18 other states. Colorado is the only state other than Hawaii where flows out of its borders, but doesn't flow in.

ONLY RAIN TO THE DRAIN

The daily activities of all of us has the potential to affect water quality if we don't make good choices. Stormdrains are connected directly to our water bodies so anything that ends up on the driveway, alley, roof or sidewalk eventually will be carried by rain water and/or snow/ice melt to a water body such as Lake Loveland or the Big Thompson River.

HERE'S WHAT YOU CAN DO TO HELP:

1. PICK UP PET POOP

Pet waste can get flow storm drains and spread bacteria.

2. FIX THE OIL LEAK

Car leaks can spread oil into the water supply. One pint of oil can makea slick larger than a football field.

3. DIRECT YOUR DOWNSPOUTS

Ensure downspouts are pointed toward the lawn or plants, not the sidewalk.

4. SWEEP

Sweep up dirt and debris. Dirt on sidewalks and streets wash into the stormdrain and pollute our water.

5. COMPOST

Compost and amend soil. Healthy soil acts as a water filter.

6. USE FERTILIZERS AND PESTICIDES SPARINGLY

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS - Read labels on lawn chemicals carefully. Always apply products sparingly. Consider hiring a professional applicator.
GO NATURAL - Consider compost or natural lawn chemical alternatives. Composting creates natural, slow-release fertilizer and soil-enhancing material.
BE AWARE WHERE YOU FERTILIZE - Use caution on slopes and lawn edges so fertilizer will not wash into near-by storm drains or waterways. **LET FERTILIZERS DRY PROPERLY** - Allow proper drying time for liquid chemicals, and never use lawn chemicals before a heavy rainfall is expected.

7. USE A COMMERCIAL CAR WASH

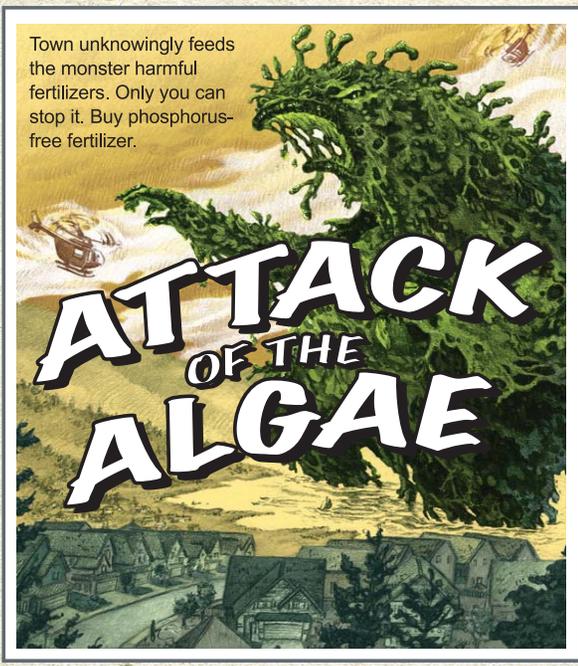
A commercial car wash is more water efficient and does not send soapy water down the driveway and into the stormdrain. When a car is washed in a driveway or street, this is essentially like washing the car in a local waterbody. Though not illegal, this practice is not the best for water quality as car wash water can contain fluids from engines, heavy metals from brake wear, and phosphorous from the soap and dirt. Ideally, cars should be washed at a commercial carwash where the water is some-times reused and is always discharged to a treatment system. If you or someone you know is planning a carwash fundraiser, ask the owner if you can use one of their wash bays. Encourage your friends, family and neighbors to wash their cars at commercial car washes.



Everyday activities can lead to water pollution. When water from irrigation and rain washes over yards and streets, it collects fertilizers, pesticides, soap, oil, pet waste, and other pollutants. The runoff flows into storm drains untreated and ends up polluting the nearest stream, lake, or wetland.

Water outside drains to the nearest storm drain untreated and then flows to a stream, lake, or wetland.

Design: Vividream Illustrations: Jesse Rogers



WHAT'S THE PROBLEM WITH NUTRIENTS!

The nutrients from the fertilizer, pesticides, and soap can cause excess algae to grow. Just like in your garden, nutrients in waterbodies makes plants grow. Over application of fertilizers and pesticides can result in runoff that carries toxic levels of chemicals or excessive nutrients into our waterways. Too much algae harms water quality and makes boating, fishing and swimming unpleasant. As algae decay, they use up oxygen in the water that fish and other wildlife need. This pollution impacts aquatic life, wildlife and people who recreate and fish. The results are often unpleasant odors, taste, and poor aesthetics which can cause health problems in humans and livestock.

DON'T FEED STORMDRAINS

Prevent materials/pollutants, i.e., oil, pesticides, fertilizer, paints, soaps, solvents, oil, trash, sand, grass clippings, leaves, paint, etc. from reaching the City's stormdrain. Stormwater runoff from rain and snow/ice melt picks up materials on the ground before entering the storm sewer and discharges them untreated directly into our waterbodies.