



LOVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT

CALEA ACCREDITED AGENCY SINCE 1992

2017 ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT



PREPARED BY:

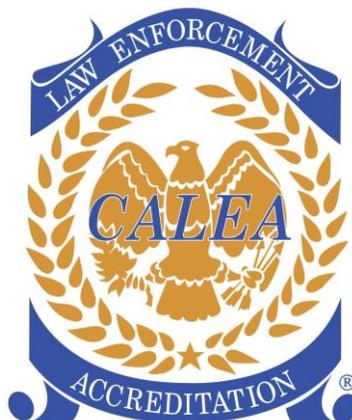
MARK RUDOLPH — CRIME ANALYST

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The Loveland Police Department is an internationally accredited agency since 1992.



OVERVIEW

Every day, around the clock, the fine men and women of the Loveland Police Department (LPD) work hard to assure the safety and well-being of the people who live in, visit or travel through our community. While the statistics presented here are quantitative representations of just some of the work and outcomes of the incidents that our police men and women respond to, statistics will never capture the dedication, courage, bravery, perseverance, commitment, and compassion that our fine officers utilize in living the *Save Lives, Fight Crime, Survive* mission of the Loveland Police Department.

This analysis of calls for service and crime statistics for the Loveland Police Department was developed to inform law enforcement officials and the community about crime and traffic in the City of Loveland. The Loveland Police Department values the basic principal that awareness about crime and crime prevention is one of the most important aspects of effective personal safety. Measuring performance creates public value. It is good management, enhances the quality of services delivered, aids in budget development and review, and answers why public resources are allocated on these activities. This report supports recognition of criminal trends, development of crime prevention strategies, and effective allocation of resources to enhance public safety in Loveland.

This report contains an analysis of certain types of crime and traffic statistics as well as an overview of the calls for service received and responded to by the members of the Loveland Police Department during 2017. Included are graphs, arrest and traffic data, population figures, police district breakdowns and other information, which may prove useful to the reader.

Various data sources were utilized in this analysis. The reader should note that the numbers in this report might vary slightly from the LPD monthly data summary or other data queries and reports of a similar nature. Data for the full year of 2017 contained in this report were obtained from the Records Management System (RMS) and Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) systems after January 31st, 2018 to ensure that all 2017 case reports, citations, and other activity had been entered into the system.

Certain definitions are listed here to provide the reader with a clear understanding of certain terminology used in this report:

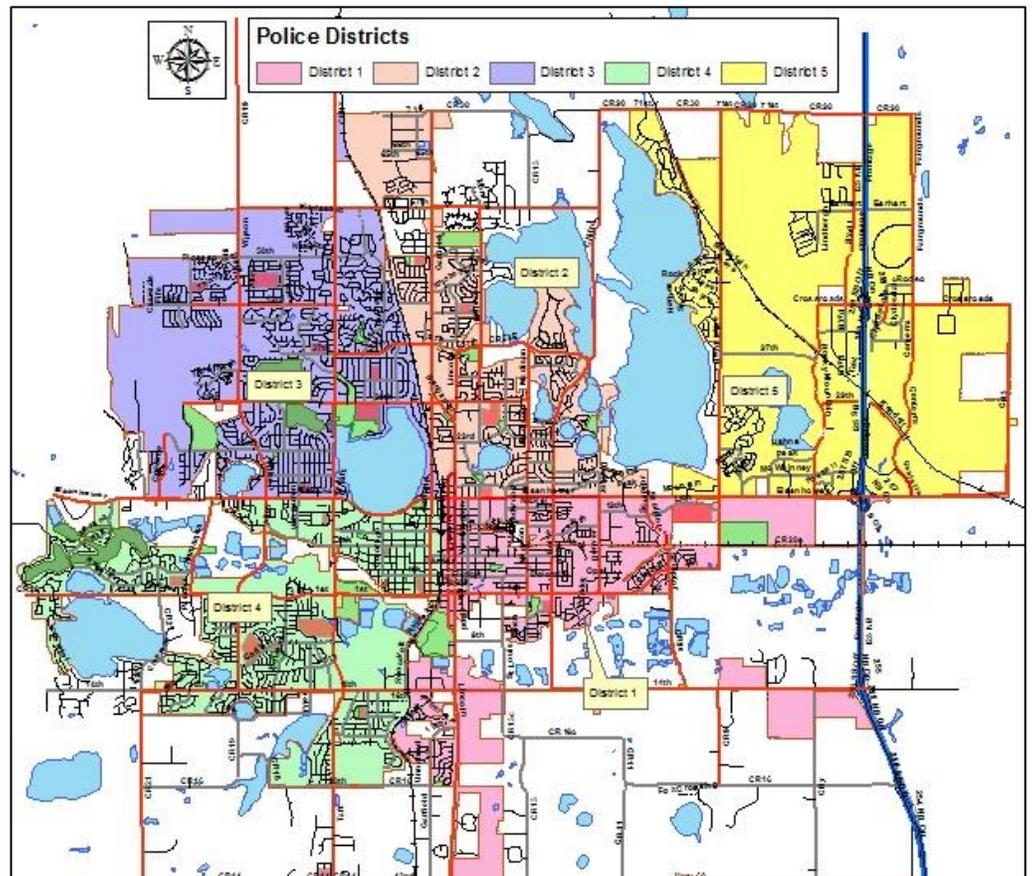
CALLS FOR SERVICE (CFS): Most law enforcement agencies and publications define CFS as a call from a citizen for service. In this report, CFS will encompass citizen-generated calls, from whatever source. Various officer-initiated activities, although they generate a CAD call number, will be included as Logged activity (explained below). Logged activities with a "Z CAD TEST Entry" or with a disposition of ".Entry Error" were excluded from CFS data for this report. Community Service Officers (CSOs) are not Sworn officers and do not have arrest powers, they are dispatched to traffic/parking related calls, prisoner transport, and other lower risk calls and provide important support to our Sworn officers. CSO activity is included in these numbers.

LOGGED CAD ACTIVITIES: The Loveland Police Department logs activities of officers for a variety of reasons. Some of these logged activities include Follow Up, Extra Patrols, Traffic Stops, etc. While these types of activities are not deemed a citizen-generated "call for service", they along with citizen-generated calls comprise the total of all Logged Police Activity. While they are excluded from the CFS data used in this report, they are counted for the total logged CAD activity. Only logged activities with a Problem type of "Z CAD TEST Entry" or dispositions with ".Entry Error" were excluded for the Logged CAD Activity for this report. Again, CSO activity is included in these numbers.

Response time: The International City/County Management Association (ICMA) and many law enforcement publications define response time as the time interval from receipt of a call in the dispatch center until the first unit arrives on scene. This is the calculation that was used for response times in this report. This calculation reflects the total time needed by LPD to respond to the CFS and not just the officer's travel time to the call.

The officers of the Loveland Police Department patrol approximately 35.89 square miles (including 420.3 miles of roads) every day. The District breakdown is as follows:

District	Road Miles
District 1	75.1
District 2	65.8
District 3	108
District 4	102
District 5	69.4



Loveland’s 2017 population was estimated to be 75,655 and by 2020, the estimated population of Loveland is expected to be over 81,000¹.

¹ Population figures from City of Loveland Community and Strategic Planning Data Assumptions Report. Revised June 2017. <http://www.cityofloveland.org/home/showdocument?id=36955>

LOGGED POLICE ACTIVITY/CALLS FOR SERVICE (CFS)

The Communications Center dispatches calls for service for Police, Fire and Emergency Medical Service (EMS). This report analyzes only the police activity/calls recorded/received/dispatched in 2017.

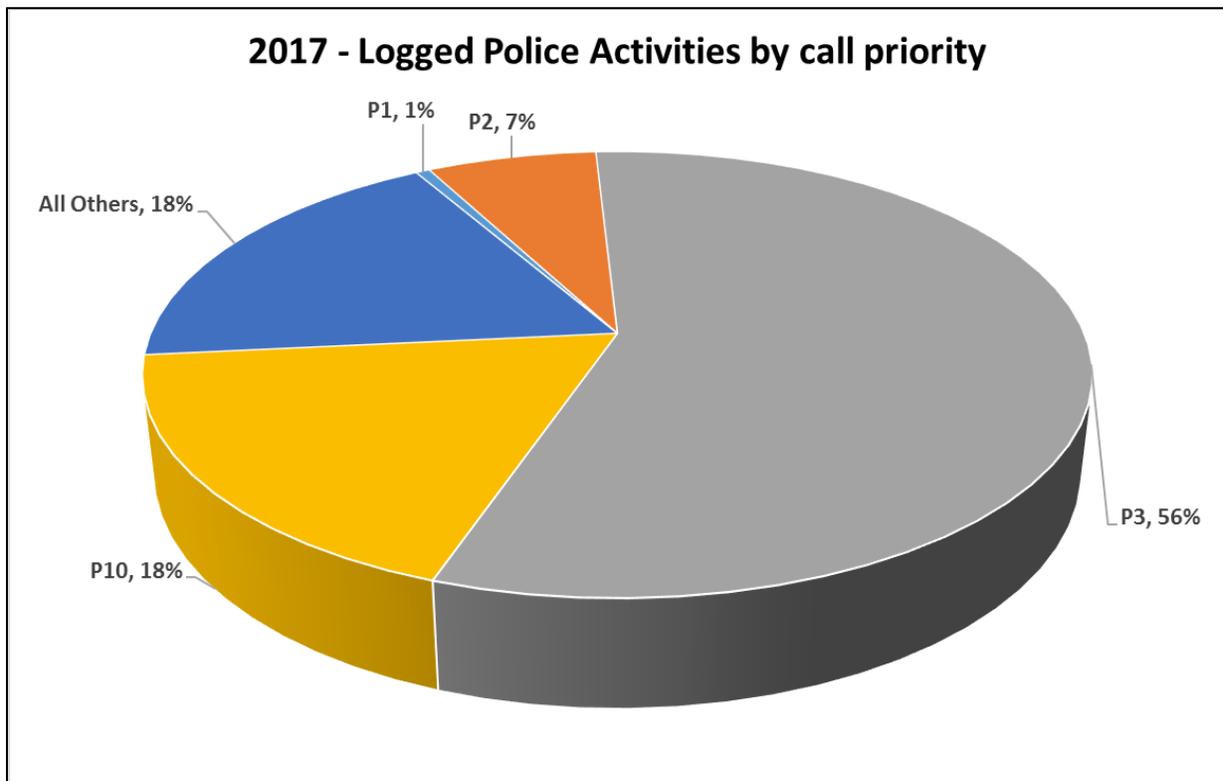
The Loveland Police Department had 94,142 **logged police activities** in 2017. These logged CAD activities include both citizen-generated Calls for Service (CFS) as well as officer-initiated incidents such as traffic stops and follow-ups. The 2017 number is **UP 6%** from the 88,844 logged activities in 2016 and this is due to an increase in officer-initiated activity, specifically a much higher number of traffic stops (5,195 more traffic stops than 2016). Citizen-generated Calls for Service (CFS) accounted for 55,440 of these activities.

Traffic Stops accounted for 17,093 (18.2%) of the logged activities, as compared to 11,929 (13.4%) in 2016. Follow-up activities accounted for 10,378 (11%) of the logged activities.

The total logged activities number also includes the calls that were logged and subsequently handled by Communications without having to have an officer dispatched. The Communications staff handled 11,533 (12.3%) of the logged police activities in 2017.

The Loveland Police Department prioritizes calls by the nature and urgency of the call type. The following table and graph indicate the frequency and percentage of Logged Police activity by priority classification based upon all logged activities.

Priority Type - Logged Police Activities	Total
P1 Emergency (MV Crash, chase, etc.)	530
P2 Urgent (Alarms, ambulance assist, disturbances, etc.)	6,493
P3 Non-Emergency	52,870
P10 Traffic Stop	17,093
All Others	17,156
Total	94,142

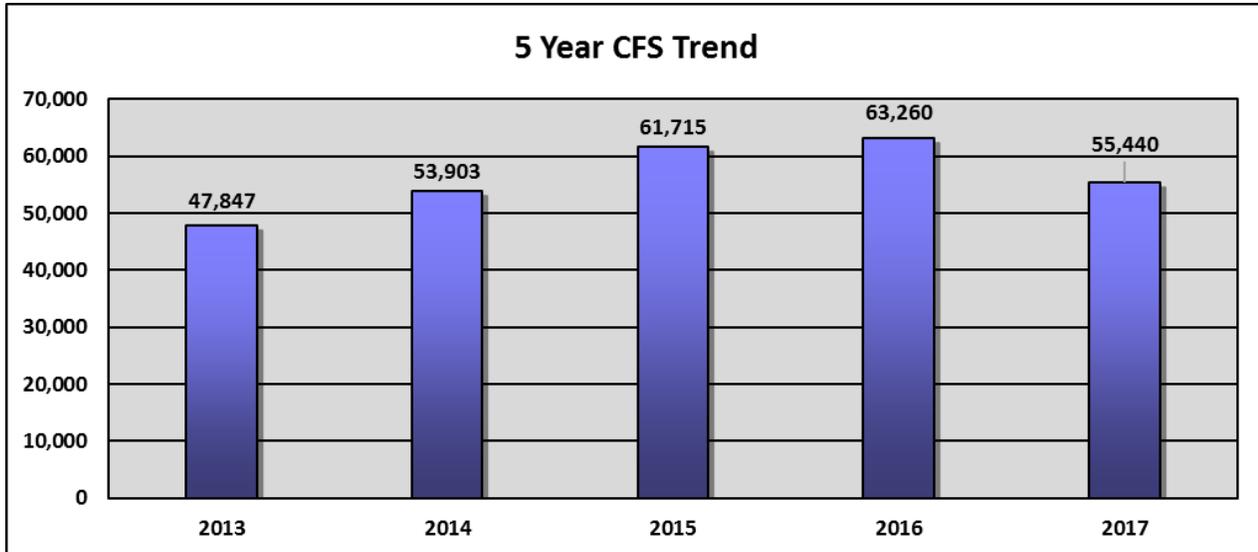


Call Load and Response Times

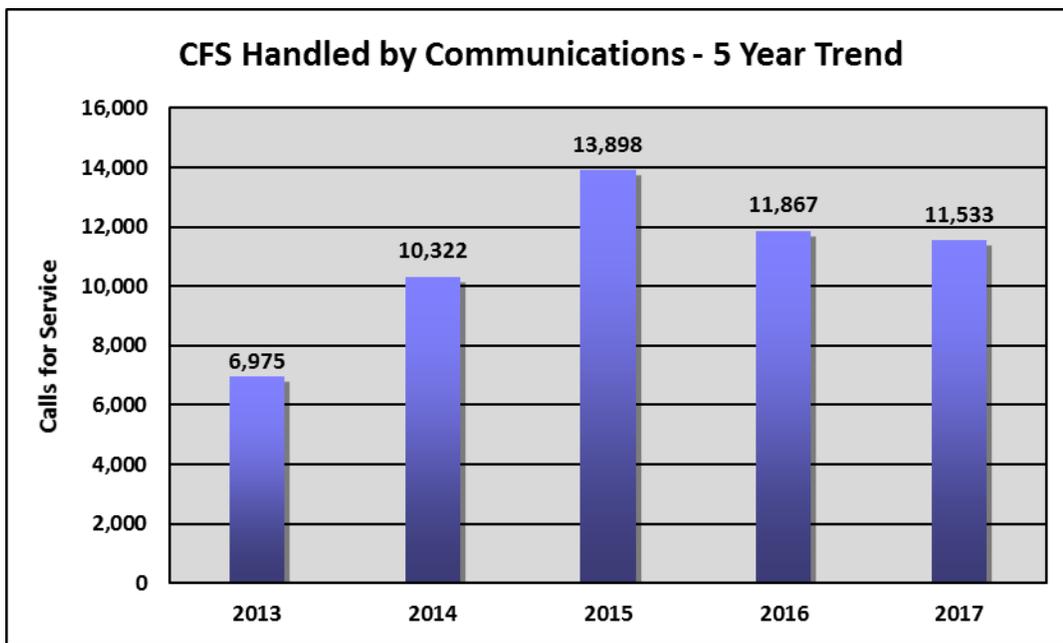
Citizen-generated CFS

There were **55,440 citizen-generated Police CFS** in 2017. This is down 12.4% from 2016. This decrease is due to the phone tree system that was implemented in November of 2016. This phone tree has helped route calls that did not need to go to a dispatcher to the appropriate resource and thus decreased the amount of citizen-generated calls that Communications actually had to answer.

Communications handled 11,533 of the citizen-generated CFS. This means that 20% of the citizen-generated calls for service did not need an officer dispatched since a dispatcher was able to handle the incident. This contributes greatly to the efficiency of how our resources are allocated. Of the CFS that had a police officer or Community Service Officer (CSO) dispatched to the call, 14,921 calls had more than one officer responding (8,829 calls had two officers responding and 6,092 calls had three or more officers responding).



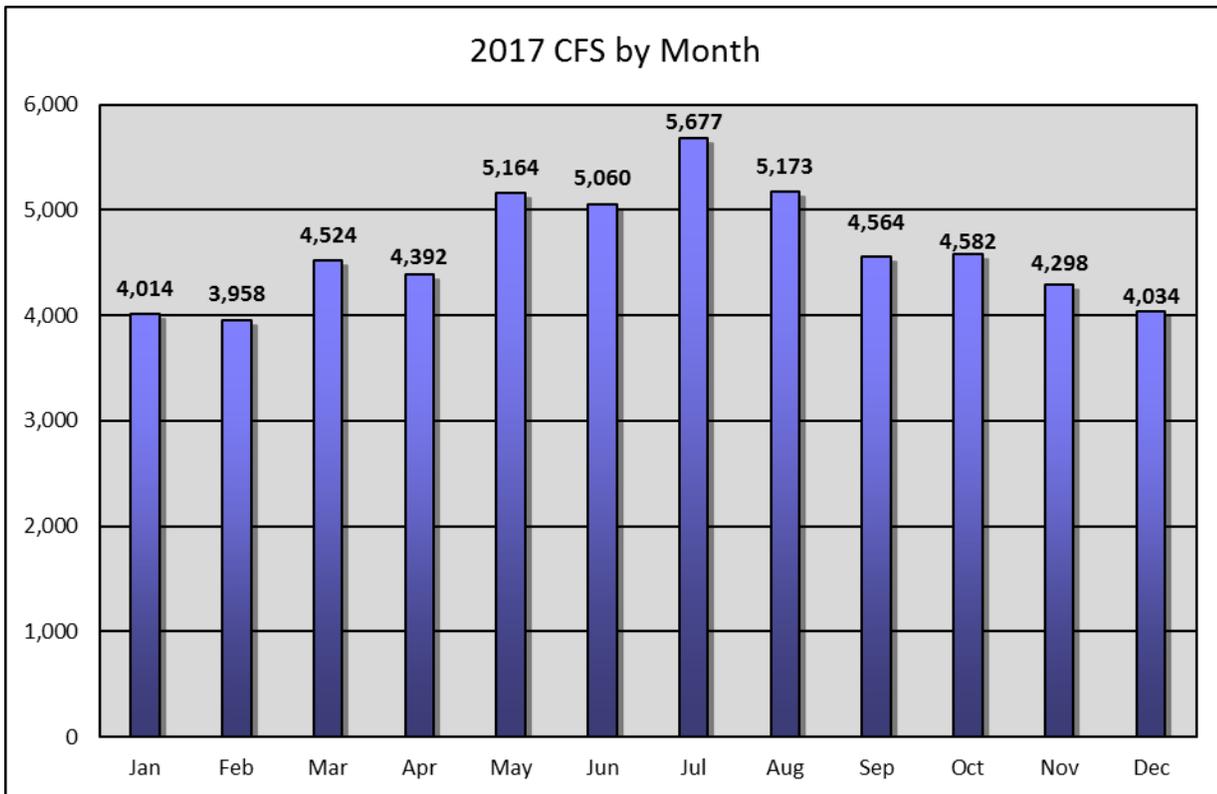
Below is the 5-year trend for CFS Handled by Communications.



The Loveland Police Department hired a Report Technician in 2014 to help with call load by taking certain call types that came in from walk-in traffic in the lobby/front window of the Police Department. For 2017, this position handled the entry of 1256 CFS incidents into CAD.

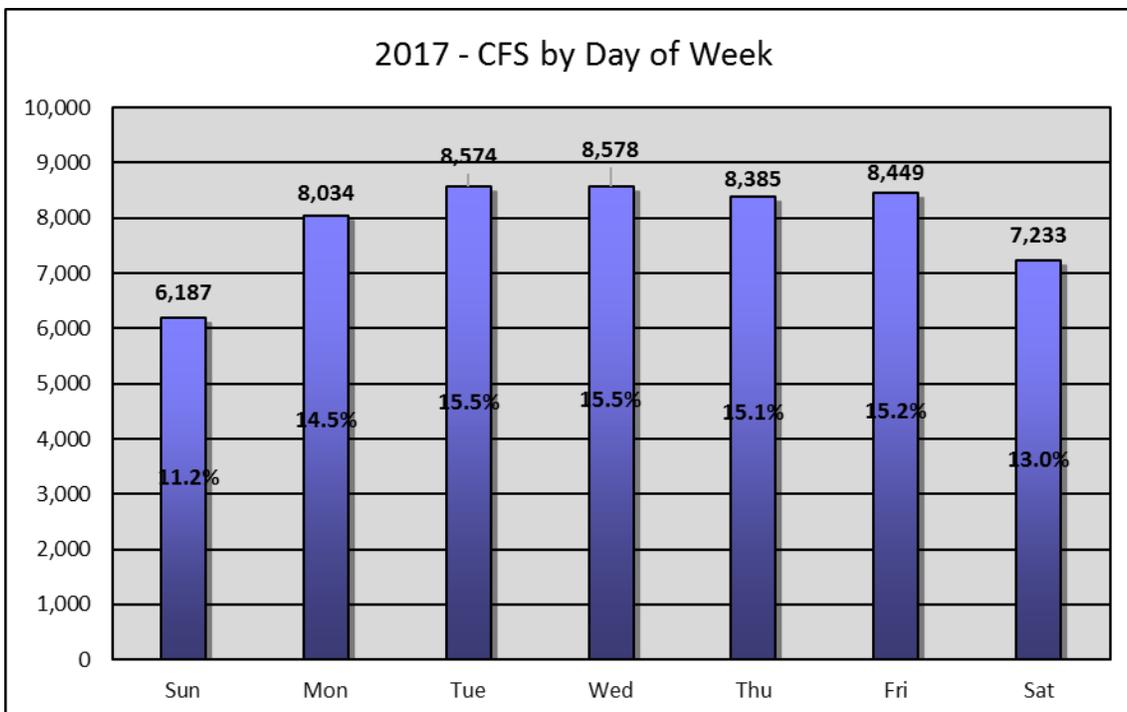
CFS by Month

Using the defined CFS, the heaviest call load month was July 2017 with 5,677 calls for the month. February had the fewest calls with 3,958.



CFS by Day of Week

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY were the two heaviest call load days with 15.5% each of the total citizen-generated CFS. FRIDAY and THURSDAY were next at 15.2% and 15.1% respectively. SUNDAY had the fewest calls (11.2%).



Citizen-generated CFS by Disposition

Call disposition data for the 55,440 calls indicates that 22.6% (12,522) of the calls were dispositioned as "Handled by Officer" and 15.2% (8,438) had a disposition of Report to Follow. Of the citizen-generated CFS, Communications handled 20.4% (11,319) of the CFS without dispatching an officer.

CFS with Cases - Top 10 call types

Of the Incidents that required a case number (8,438), the top 10 were:

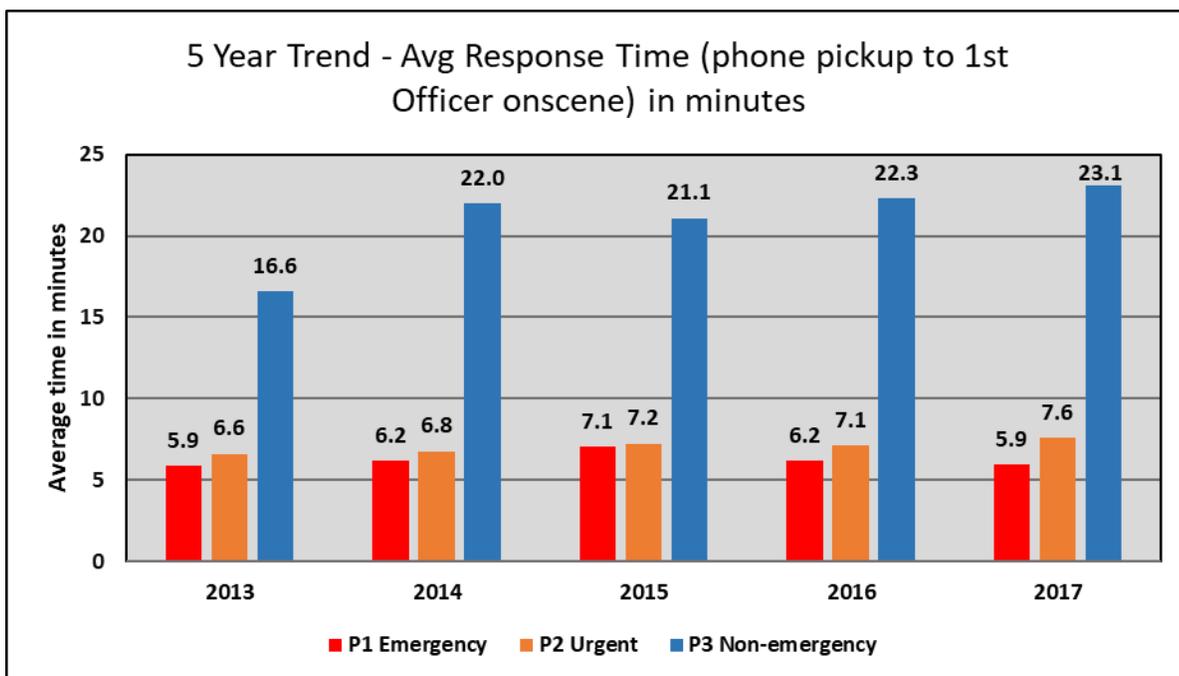
Motor Vehicle Crash (non-injury)	1,215, 14.4%
Theft Cold	670, 7.9%
Sex Offender Registration	488, 5.8%
Found Property	355, 4.2%
Fraud	321, 3.8%
Warrant	311, 3.7%
Motor Vehicle Crash (with injury)	305, 3.6%
Criminal Trespass	244, 2.9%
Disturbance Physical	242, 2.9%
Hit and Run - Cold	240, 2.8%

Note, three of the top 10 were **Motor vehicle (MV) crash related** (MV crash Non-injury, MV crash with Injury, and Hit and Run-Cold).

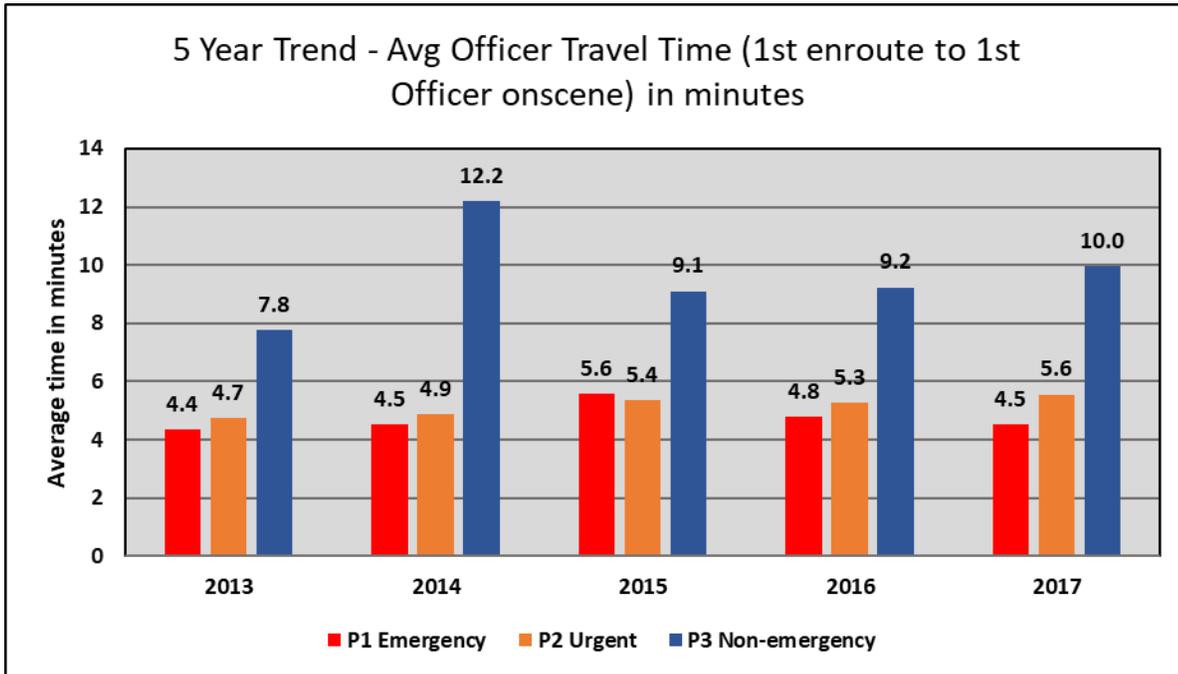
Police Response Times: Citizen-generated CFS

For these CFS calculations, the response time is calculated as the interval from **the time the dispatcher answered the call to the time the first officer arrived on scene**. The following dispositions were excluded: "Entry Error" and "Handled by communications". Calls that had an invalid time calculation (no on-scene time logged) were excluded. Lastly, these calculations only include calls in which patrol officers with a radio call sign of A, B, C, E, or K were dispatched.

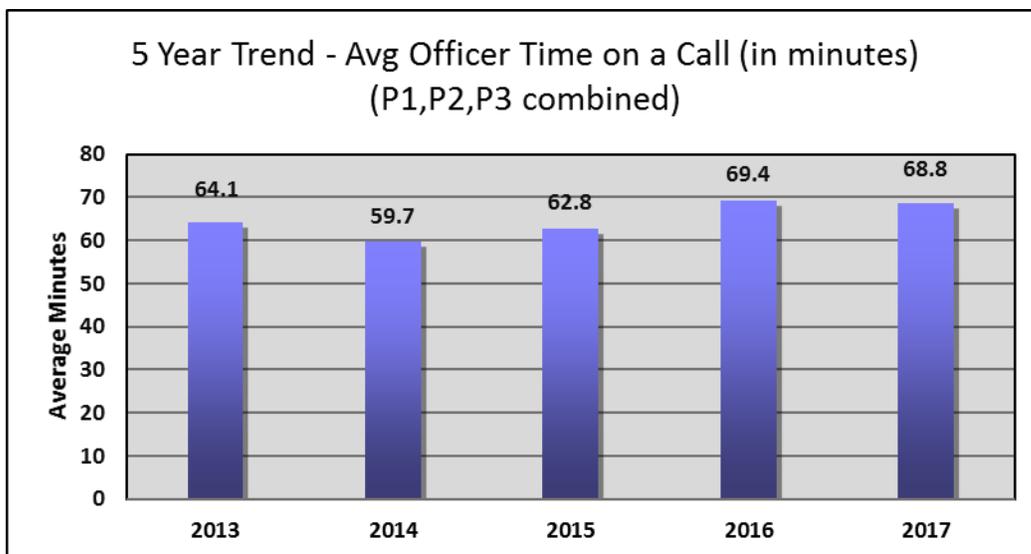
The average response time for **P1 Emergency** calls was **5 minutes 55 seconds**. This is down from 2016 (**6 minutes and 11 seconds**). The average response time for **P2 Urgent** calls was **7 minutes and 37 seconds**, this is up slightly from 2016 (**7 minutes and 8 seconds**). The average response time for **P3 Non-emergency** calls was **23 minutes and 7 seconds**, this is up from 2016 (**22 minutes and 20 seconds**).



The average travel time for officers on **P1 Emergency** calls was **4 minutes and 31 seconds**, down from 2016 (**4 minutes and 47 seconds**). For **P2 Urgent** calls, the average officer travel time was **5 minutes and 33 seconds**, up slightly from 2016 (**5 minutes and 16 seconds**). For **P3 Non-emergency** calls the average officer travel time was **9 minutes and 58 seconds**, up slightly from 2016 (**9 minutes and 14 seconds**). This calculation is based upon the time the first unit was enroute to the call until the first unit arrived.



For P1, P2, and P3 calls combined, the **average time from first officer enroute to call closed** in 2017 was **68 minutes 47 seconds**. This time calculation does not count for multi-unit responses where different officers are on the call for differing amounts of time.



CFS Location information

The 25 most frequent locations of citizen-generated CFS in 2017 are listed below. 911 Hang-up calls were not included in these location counts as the location of some cell towers/antennas (the source of the majority of 911 hang-ups) are also located at major retail or other addresses that would skew that location's numbers.

Location Name/Type	Number of Calls
Wal-Mart stores	711
King Soopers stores	351
4 City High Schools	315
Medical Center of the Rockies	208
Lake Vista Apartments	198
Safeway stores	191
Eisenhower/I25	187
McKee Medical Center	181
4 City Middle Schools	171
Loveland Mobile Home Plaza	159
Park View Gardens Apartments	149
The Greens Apartments	143
Loveland Public Library	137
Sierra Vista Health Care Center	128
Target	126
E Eisenhower Blvd/Centerra Pkwy	117
Kohl's	104
Kings Court Motel	100
N Taft Ave & W Eisenhower Blvd	93
Chilson Recreation Center	89
E Eisenhower Blvd & N Denver Ave	89
E Eisenhower Blvd & N Boyd Lake Ave	88
Fairgrounds Park	85
Woodspring Suites	83
Lincoln Place Apartments	82

911 Hang-up CFS

8,616 Emergency 911 hang up calls were logged in 2017. This includes 7,212 hang-ups from cell phones (includes 48 hang-ups via text), and 1,378 non-cell phone hang-ups.

Citizen-generated CFS at City Parks

Fairgrounds Park (85), Mehaffey Park (74), Kroh Park (66), North Lake Park (60), and Benson Sculpture Park (24) were the top five for the most CFS among City park locations in 2017.

CAD Logged Police Activities

Logged activities include officer-initiated calls and other problem types that are not included in the citizen generated CFS numbers previously presented. For 2017, there were 94,142 logged police activities, a 6% increase over 2016.

The most frequent logged activity type was a **Traffic Stop** with a total of **17,094** or **18.2%** of all CAD logged activities. The following are the remaining top 9 logged activity types based on frequency:

2. Follow Up	10,378 (11.0%)
3. 911 cell phone hang up	7,212 (7.7%)
4. Suspicious circumstance	3,842 (4.1%)
5. Citizen Assist	3,373 (3.6%)
6. Extra Patrol	2,835 (3.0%)
7. MV crashes (Injury, non-injury, Hit and Run, Code 77*)	2,802 (3.0%)
8. Welfare Check	2,799 (2.9%)
9. Parking	2,521 (2.7%)
10. Business Assist	1,912 (2.0%)

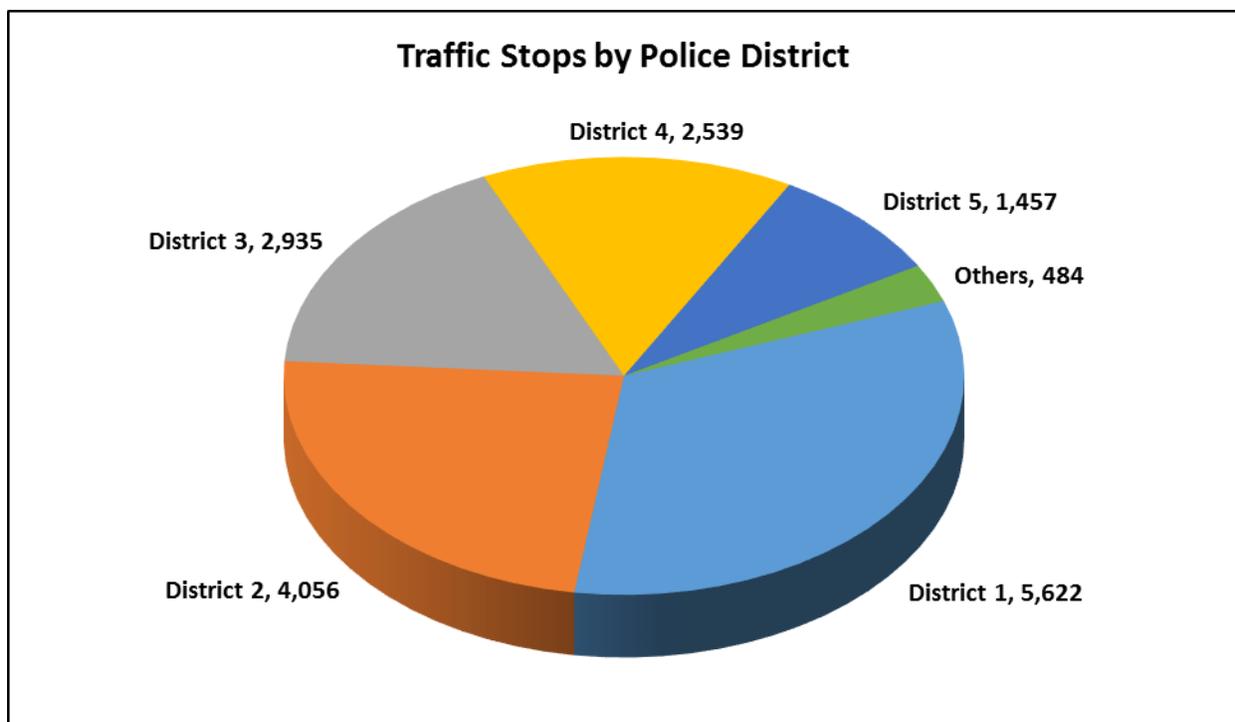
*Code 77 calls are Motor Vehicle (MV) crashes that involve serious injury (or death) and/or significant property damage and require the call out of our Technical Crash Team for investigation/crash reconstruction.

Traffic Stops

The most frequent CAD traffic stop location was **N Boise Ave & E Eisenhower Blvd** with 125 stops. The **N Boyd Lake Ave & E Eisenhower Blvd location** was second with 107 traffic stops and the **1600 block of E Eisenhower Blvd** was third at 100 stops.

Of the 17,094 traffic stops, 55.6% (9,510) had a disposition of either "Verbal Warning" (7,742) or "Written Warning" (1,768). 40% (6,152) of the traffic stops dispositioned with a summons issued and 6.4% (1,096) dispositioned with Report to Follow.

Fridays saw the most traffic stops with 3,003 (17.6%) with Wednesday at 2,865 (16.8%) and Thursday at 2,774 (16.2%) the next highest. Sunday had the fewest at 1,810 (10.5%). The most traffic stops 1,250 (7.3%) occurred during the 21:00 to 21:59 hour. The hour of 04:00 to 04:59 had the fewest with 184 (1.1%) of the total stops.



Records Management System (RMS) DATA

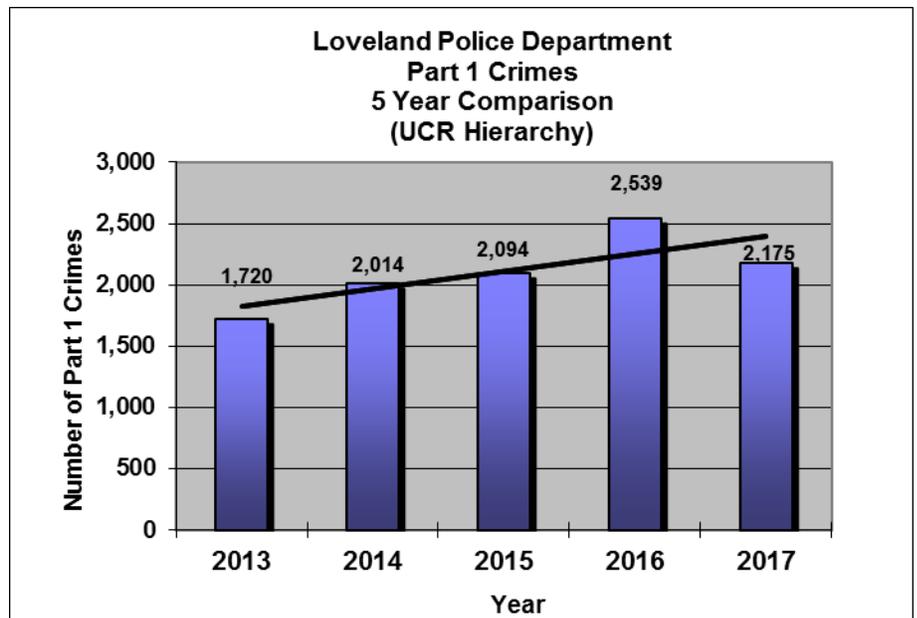
Part 1 Crimes

Part 1 Crimes are the eight Index crimes as defined by the FBI's UCR (Uniform Crime Reporting) program. They are comprised of two categories of four crimes each, violent crimes (Aggravated assault, Forcible rape, Homicide and Robbery) and property crimes (Arson, Burglary, Larceny-theft, and Motor vehicle theft). For 2017, Loveland experienced a double-digit decrease in Part 1 crimes (-14.3%). This was largely due to a decrease in Larceny-theft crimes.

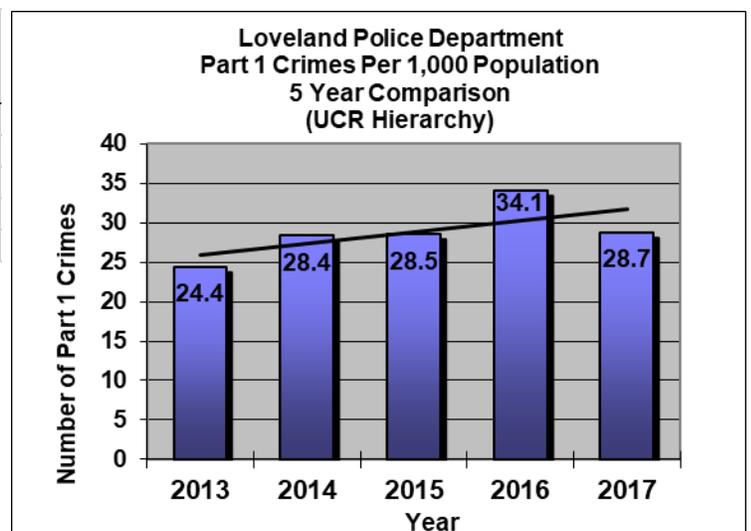
Because increases in population affect the quantity of crimes experienced, a per capita measurement of crimes is often used when comparing against previous years to give a more accurate picture of crime increases or decreases while taking into account the population changes. For 2017, when looking at the Part 1 crimes on a per 1,000 population basis, the decrease for Loveland is slightly higher -15.8% than the -14.3% referenced above.

LPD Part 1 Crimes (Total):

Year	Number of Crimes	% Change
2013	1,720	
2014	2,014	17.1%
2015	2,094	4.0%
2016	2,539	21.3%
2017	2,175	-14.3%



Year	Number of Crimes	Population ²	Crimes per 1,000 population	Crimes per 1,000 % Change
2013	1,720	70,370	24.4	
2014	2,014	71,027	28.4	16.0%
2015	2,094	73,420	28.5	0.6%
2016	2,539	74,385	34.1	19.7%
2017	2,175	75,655	28.7	-15.8%



LPD and Benchmark City Survey Comparison²

The Benchmark City Survey was originally designed in 1997 by a core group of Police Chiefs from around the country. These Chiefs sought to establish a measurement tool to help ensure their Departments were providing the best service possible within their respective community.

The survey provides a wide range of information about each Department. With that information, the participating agencies can set better goals and objectives, and then compare their performance in the various areas.

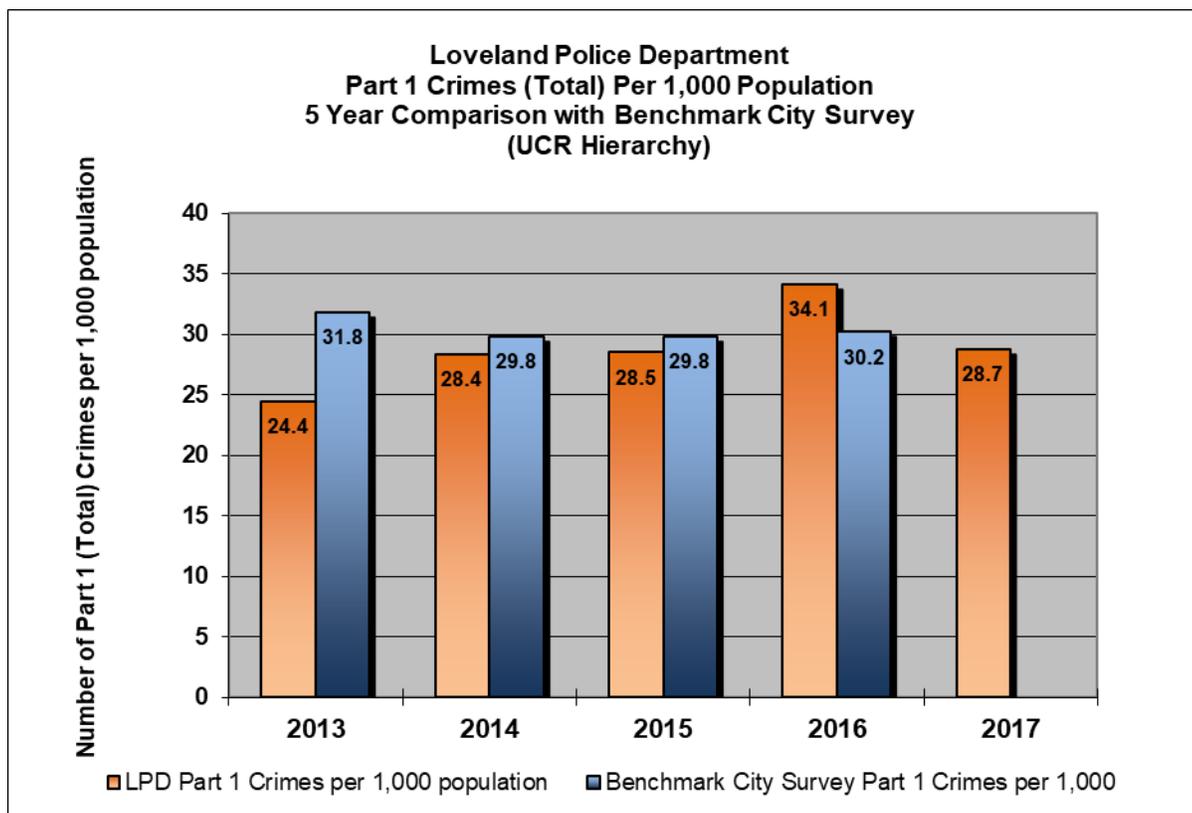
The Overland Park, Kansas Police Department has taken the lead in compiling the survey results, and makes the final Benchmark City Survey Report available to all participants at an annual Chief's Summit.

Other than 2016 Part 1 Property crimes and Total, Loveland PD has consistently had a lower Part 1 Crimes index rate per 1,000 population than the Benchmark City Survey Group.

Part 1 Crimes (Total) per 1,000 population³:

Year	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Total)	Loveland Population ²	LPD Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 population	LPD Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 % Change	Benchmark City Survey Part 1 Crimes per 1,000
2013	1,720	70,370	24.4		31.8
2014	2,014	71,027	28.4	16.0%	29.8
2015	2,094	73,420	28.5	0.6%	29.8
2016	2,539	74,385	34.1	19.7%	30.2
2017*	2,175	75,655	28.7	-15.8%	

* 2017 Data for Benchmark City Survey group has not been completed yet



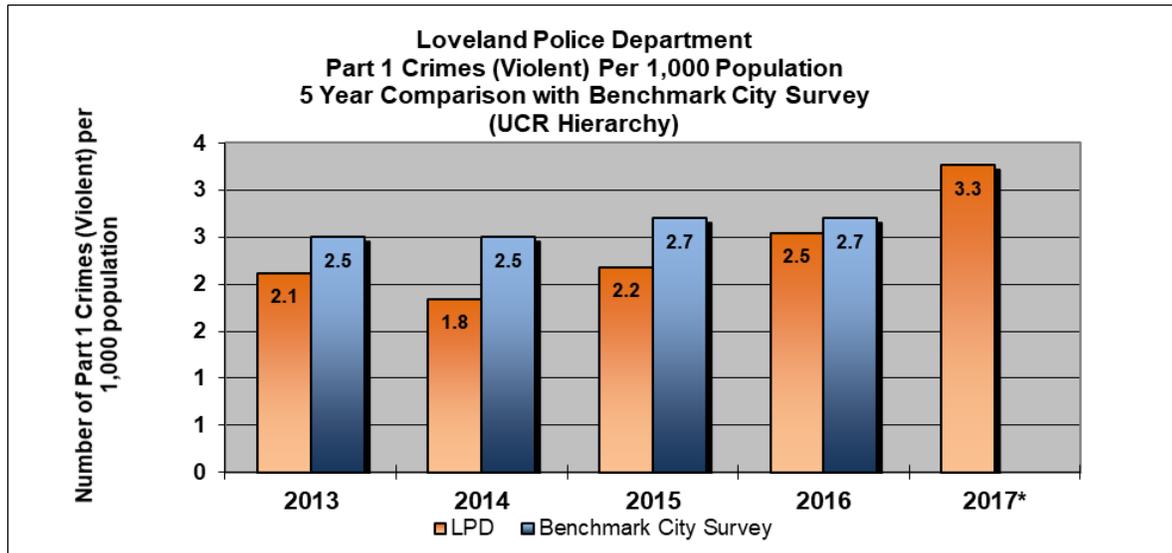
² <https://www.opkansas.org/wp-content/uploads/downloads/benchmark-city-survey-2016-offenses.pdf>

³ Population figures from City of Loveland Community and Strategic Planning Data Assumptions Report. Revised June 2017. <http://www.cityofloveland.org/home/showdocument?id=36955>

Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 population:

Year	LPD Number of Violent Crimes	LPD % Change	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 pop.	LPD % Change	Benchmark City Survey Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 pop.
2013	149		2.1		2.5
2014	131	-12.1%	1.8	-12.9%	2.5
2015	160	22.1%	2.2	18.2%	2.7
2016	189	18.1%	2.5	16.6%	2.7
2017*	247	30.7%	3.3	28.5%	

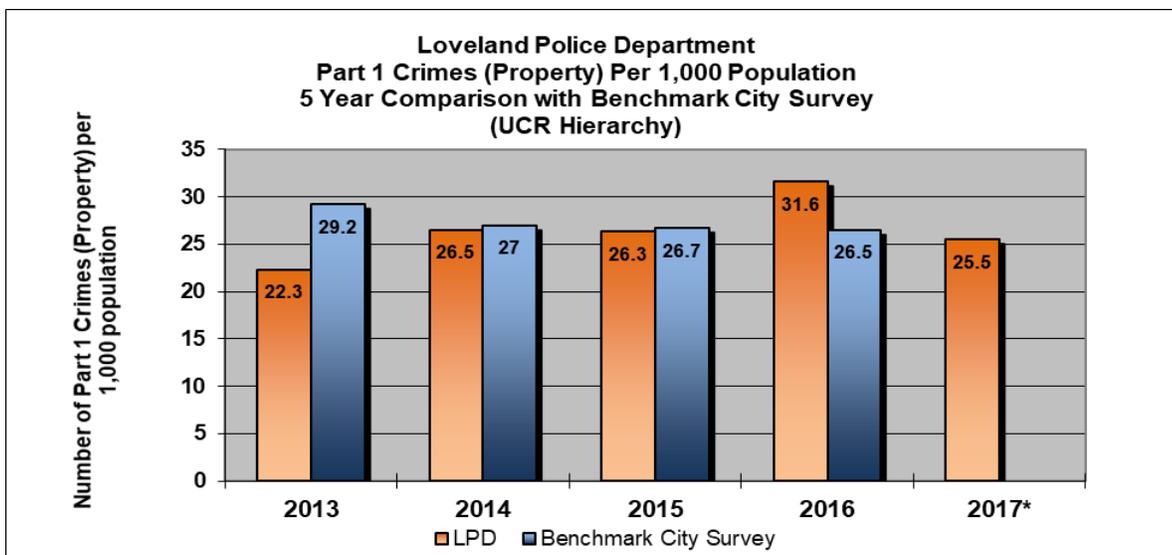
* 2017 Data for Benchmark City Survey group has not been completed yet



Part 1 Crimes (Property) per 1,000 population:

Year	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Property)	LPD % Change	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Property) per 1,000 pop.	LPD % Change	Benchmark City Survey Part 1 Crimes (Property) per 1,000 pop.
2013	1,571		22.3		29.2
2014	1,883	19.9%	26.5	18.8%	27
2015	1,934	2.7%	26.3	-0.6%	26.7
2016	2,350	21.5%	31.6	19.9%	26.5
2017*	1,928	-18.0%	25.5	-19.3%	

* 2017 Data for Benchmark City Survey group has not been completed yet



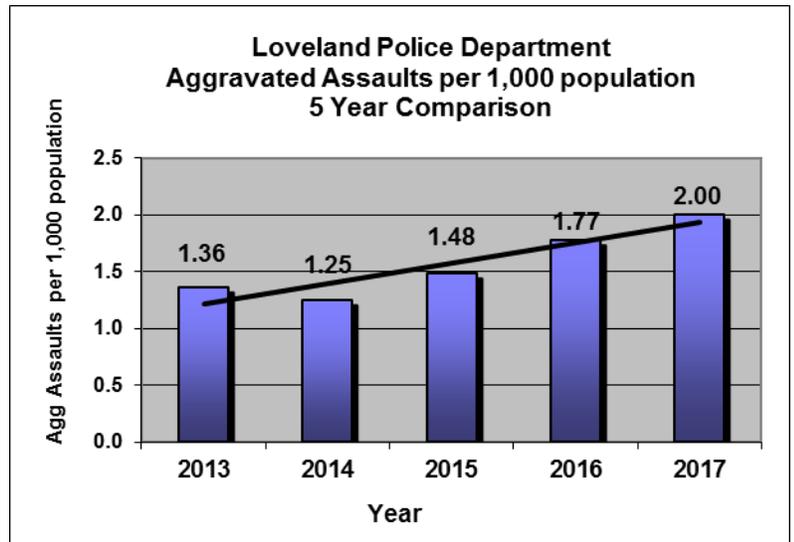
LPD Individual Part 1 Crimes (Violent)

These tables and charts show 5-year trends on individual Part 1 crimes for Loveland. 2016 is the most recent yearly data available from the FBI⁴. The FBI states their numbers as per 100,000 population, so their numbers were divided by 100 to compare to Loveland on a per 1,000 population basis.

Aggravated Assaults

Year	Number of Agg. Assaults	% Change	Agg. Assaults per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	96		1.36	
2014	89	-7.3%	1.25	-8.1%
2015	109	22.5%	1.48	18.5%
2016	132	21.1%	1.77	19.5%
2017	151	14.4%	2.00	12.5%

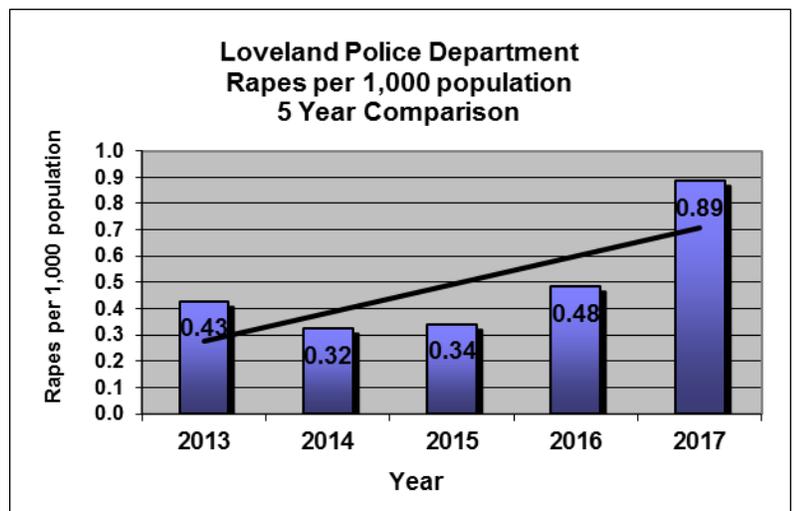
The 2016 National index number for this category was 2.49 per 1,000 population.



Rapes

Year	Number of Rapes	% Change	Rapes per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	30		0.43	
2014	23	-23.3%	0.32	-24.0%
2015	25	8.7%	0.34	5.2%
2016	36	44.0%	0.48	42.1%
2017	67	86.1%	0.89	83.0%

The 2016 National index number for this category was 0.40 per 1,000 population.



Homicides

Year	Number of Homicides	% Change	Homicides per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	1		0.01	
2014	1	0.0%	0.01	-0.9%
2015	2	100.0%	0.03	93.5%
2016	1	-50.0%	0.01	-50.6%
2017	3	200.0%	0.04	195.0%

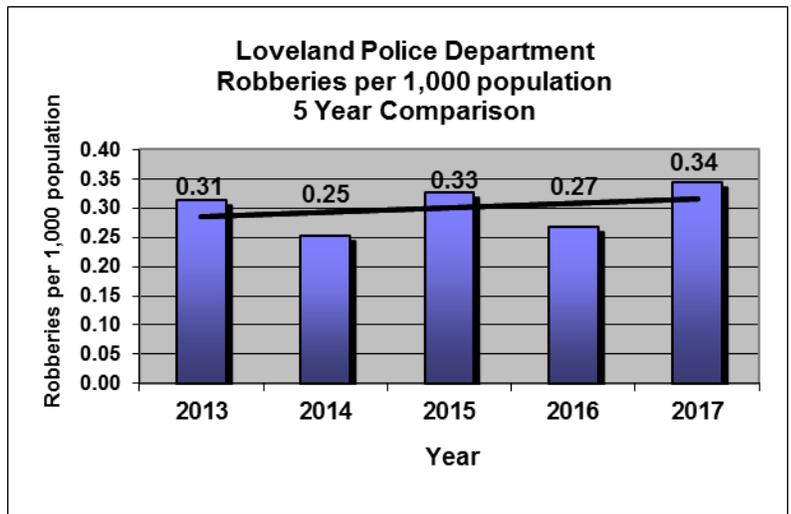
The 2016 National index number for this category was 0.05 per 1,000 population.

⁴ <https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2016/crime-in-the-u.s.-2016/topic-pages/tables/table-1>

Robberies

Year	Number of Robberies	% Change	Robberies per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	22		0.31	
2014	18	-18.2%	0.25	-18.9%
2015	24	33.3%	0.33	29.0%
2016	20	-16.7%	0.27	-17.7%
2017	26	30.0%	0.34	27.8%

The 2016 National index number for this category was 1.03 per 1,000 population.

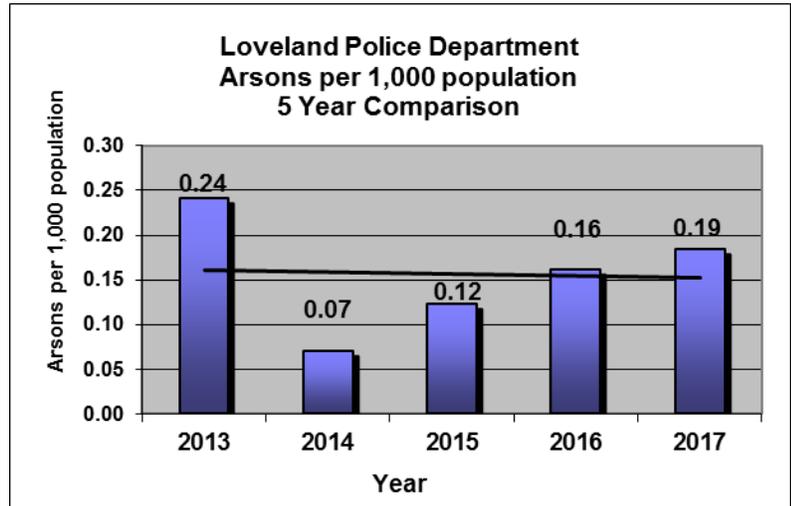


LPD Individual Part 1 Crimes (Property)

Arsons

Year	Number of Arsons	% Change	Arsons per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	17		0.24	
2014	5	-70.6%	0.07	-70.9%
2015	9	80.0%	0.12	74.1%
2016	12	33.3%	0.16	31.6%
2017	14	16.7%	0.19	14.7%

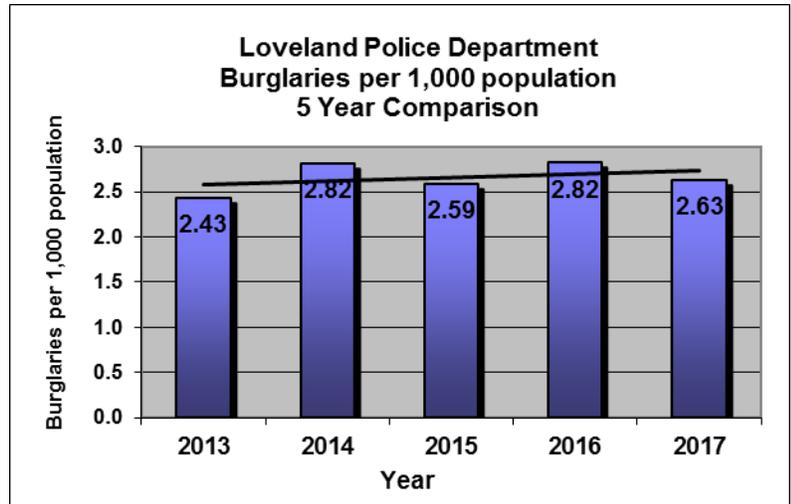
The FBI did not include Arson offense data in their per capita tables.



Burglaries

Year	Number of Burglaries	% Change	Burglaries per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	171		2.43	
2014	200	17.0%	2.82	15.9%
2015	190	-5.0%	2.59	-8.1%
2016	210	10.5%	2.82	9.1%
2017	199	-5.2%	2.63	-6.8%

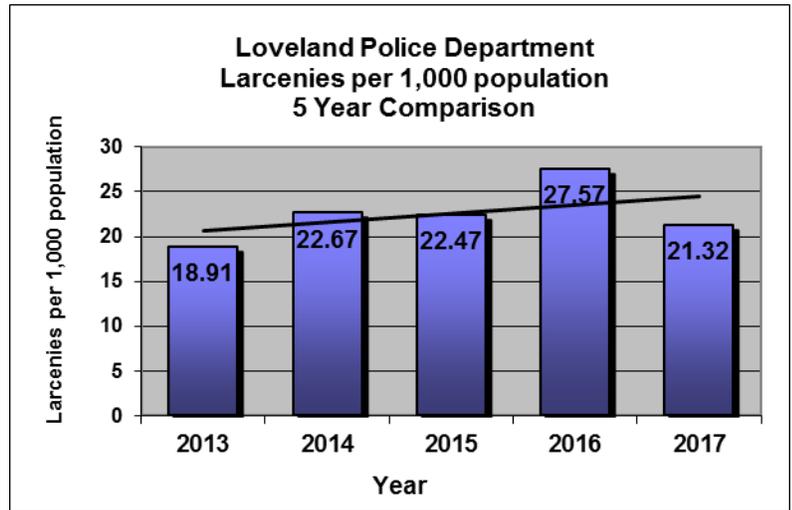
The 2016 National index number for this category was 4.69 per 1,000 population.



Larcenies-theft

Year	Number of Larcenies	% Change	Larcenies per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	1,331		18.91	
2014	1,610	21.0%	22.67	19.8%
2015	1,650	2.5%	22.47	-0.9%
2016	2,051	24.3%	27.57	22.7%
2017	1,613	-21.4%	21.32	-22.7%

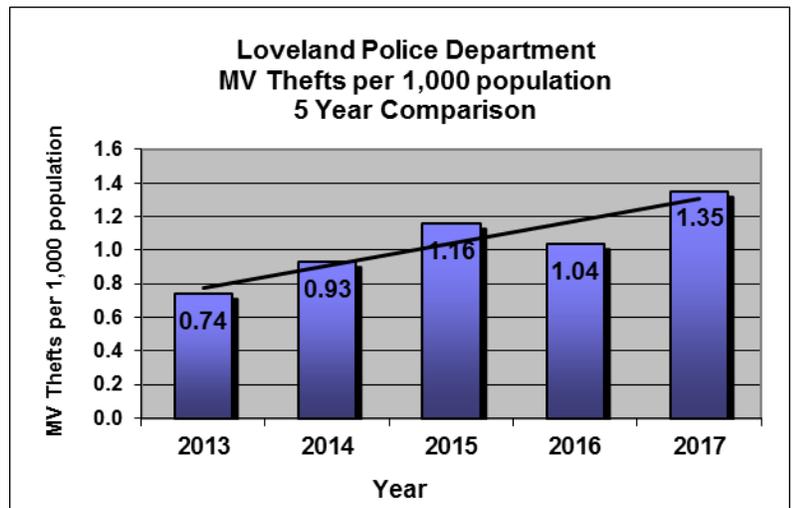
The 2016 National index number for this category was 17.45 per 1,000 population.



Motor Vehicle Theft

Year	Number of MV Thefts	% Change	MV Thefts per 1,000 pop.	% Change
2013	52		0.74	
2014	66	26.9%	0.93	25.7%
2015	85	28.8%	1.16	24.6%
2016	77	-9.4%	1.04	-10.6%
2017	102	32.5%	1.35	30.2%

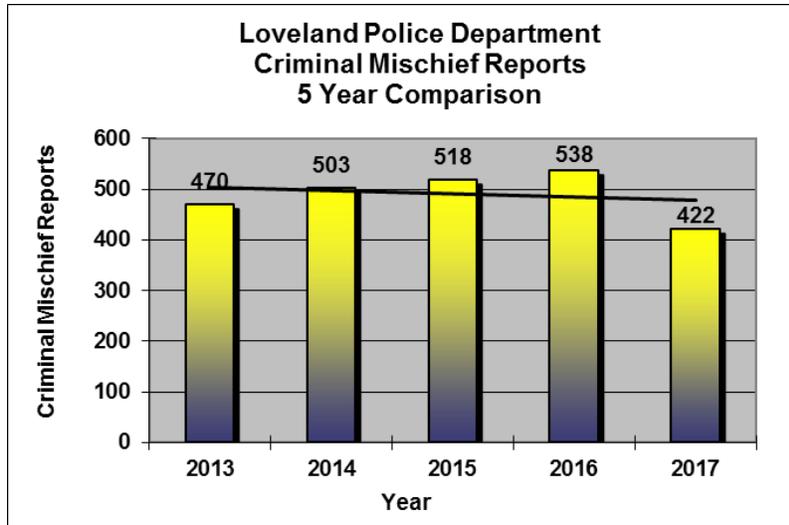
The 2016 National index number for this category was 2.37 per 1,000 population.



Selected Part 2 Crimes

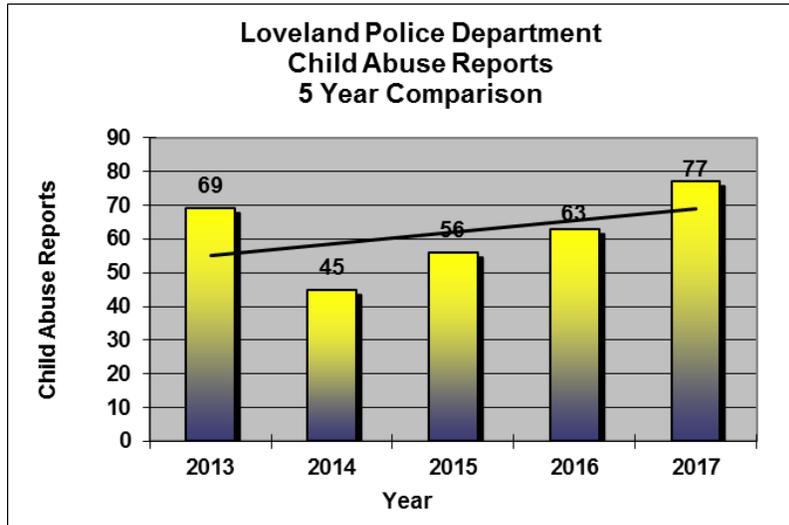
Criminal Mischief Reports

Year	Criminal Mischief Reports	% change
2013	470	
2014	503	7.0%
2015	518	3.0%
2016	538	3.9%
2017	422	-21.6%



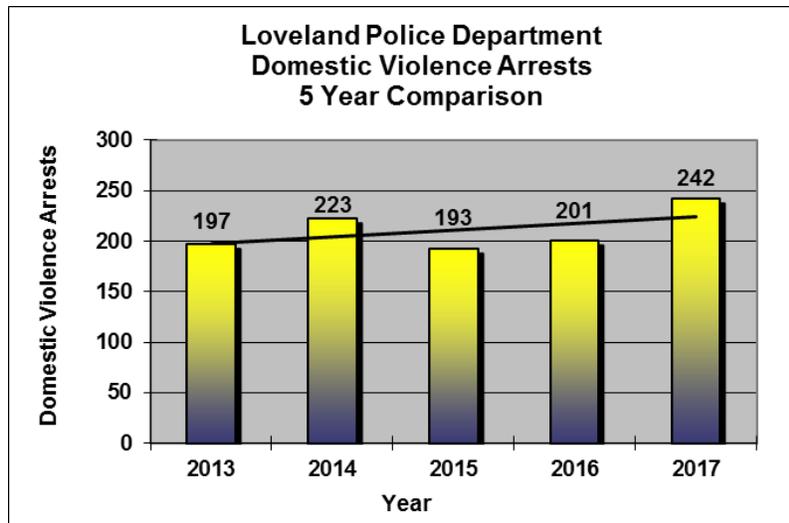
Child Abuse Reports

Year	Child Abuse Reports	% Change
2013	69	
2014	45	-34.8%
2015	56	24.4%
2016	63	12.5%
2017	77	22.2%



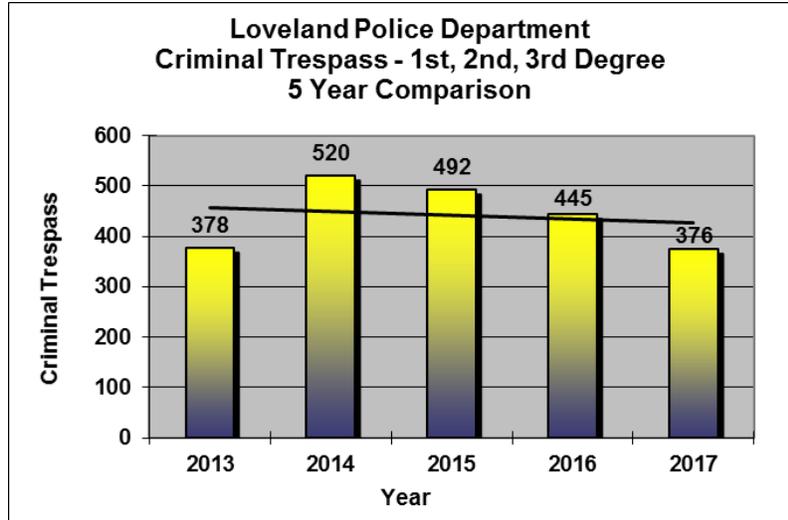
Domestic Violence Arrests

Year	DV Arrests	% Change
2013	197	
2014	223	13.2%
2015	193	-13.5%
2016	201	4.1%
2017	242	20.4%



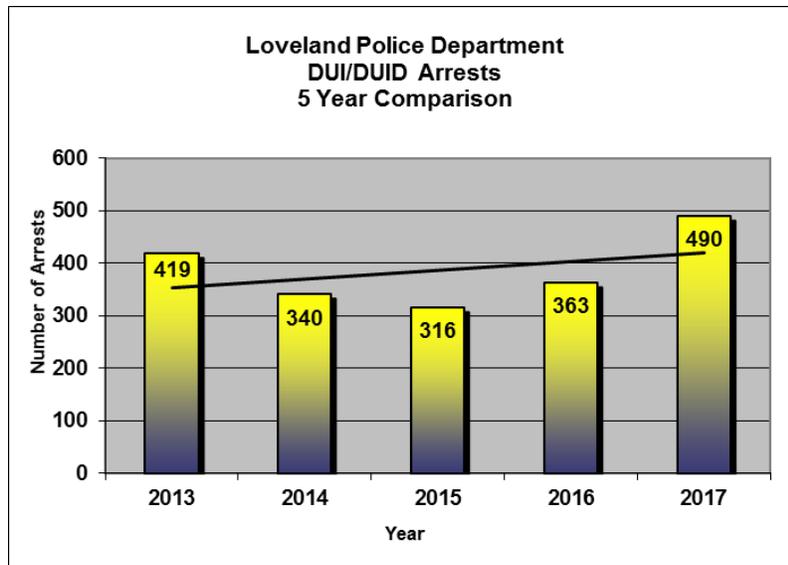
Criminal Trespass – 1st, 2nd and 3rd Degree

Year	Criminal Trespass	% Change
2013	378	
2014	520	37.6%
2015	492	-5.4%
2016	445	-9.6%
2017	376	-15.5%



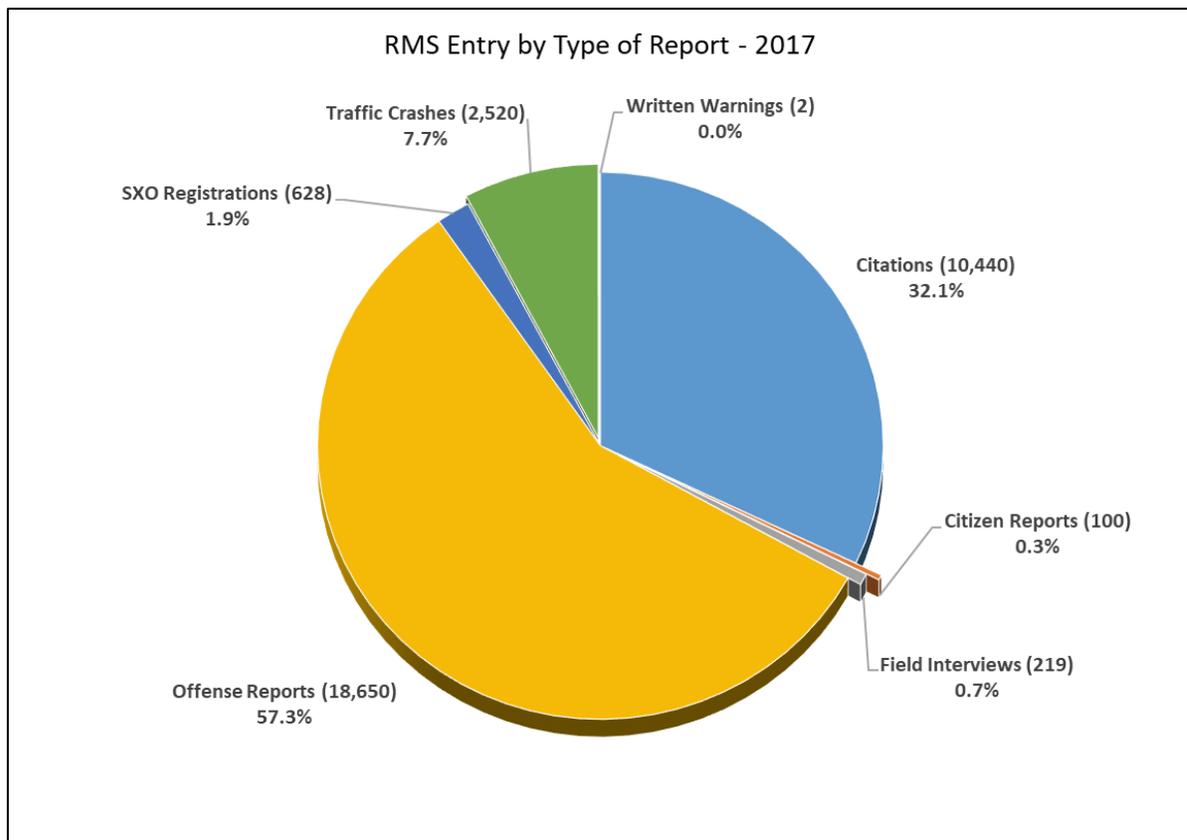
Driving Under the Influence (DUI)/Driving Under the Influence of Drugs (DUID) Arrests

Year	DUI/DUID Arrests	% Change
2013	419	
2014	340	-18.9%
2015	316	-7.1%
2016	363	14.9%
2017	490	35.0%



Records Management System (RMS) Entries by Type

Total entries into the Records Management System (RMS) for 2017 were 32,559. This is an increase of 21% over 2016.

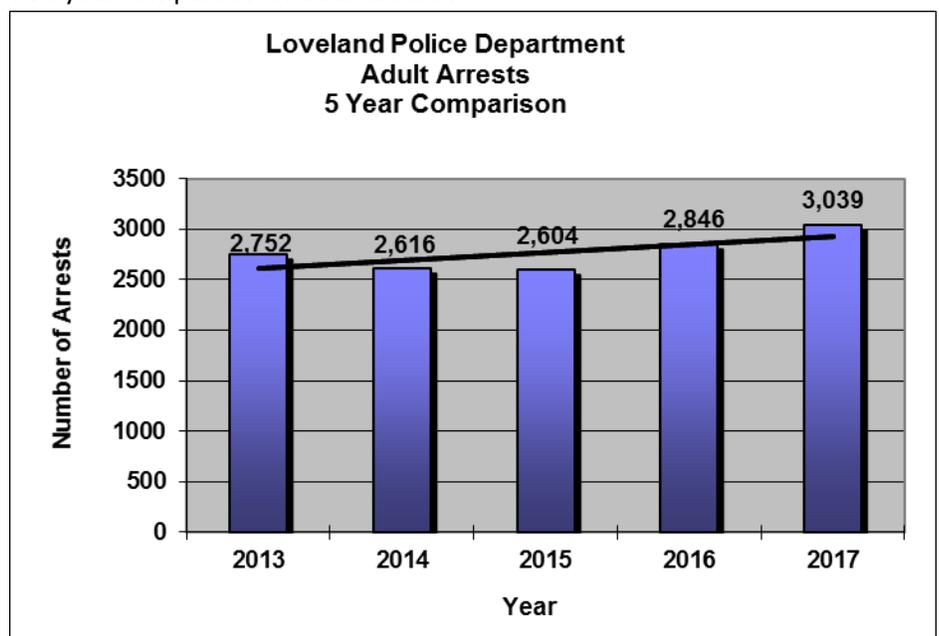


Adult and Juvenile Arrests

Adult Arrests

The following table/chart shows the five-year comparison of adult arrests.

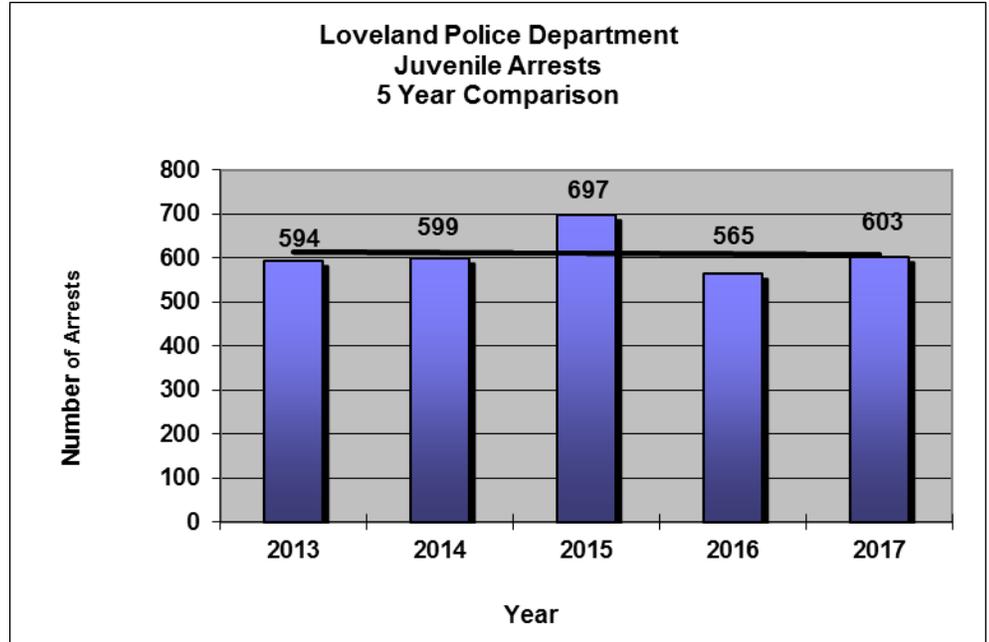
Year	Arrests	% Change
2013	2752	
2014	2616	-4.9%
2015	2604	-0.5%
2016	2846	9.3%
2017	3039	6.8%



Juvenile Arrests

The following table/chart shows the five-year comparison of juvenile arrests.

Year	Arrests	% change
2013	594	
2014	599	0.8%
2015	697	16.4%
2016	565	-18.9%
2017	603	6.7%



Animal Citation Violations

Violations	
Animal At Large	105
Rabies Vaccination Required	62
License Required/canine Or Feline	37
Public Nuisance	36
Vicious Animals	28
Animal Disturbance Of Neighborhood	27
Tags Must Be Worn	21
Confining Animal In Vehicle	8
Animal at Large - Inadequate Fence	5
Humane Treatment	5
Limitations On Number Of Household Pets	5
Breaking Confinement	4
Animal Waste Removal	3
Interference With Animal Control Officer	3
Rabies Vaccination Worn	2
Cruelty To Animals	1
Limitations on knowingly feeding wild animals	1
Reporting Bites	1
Total	354

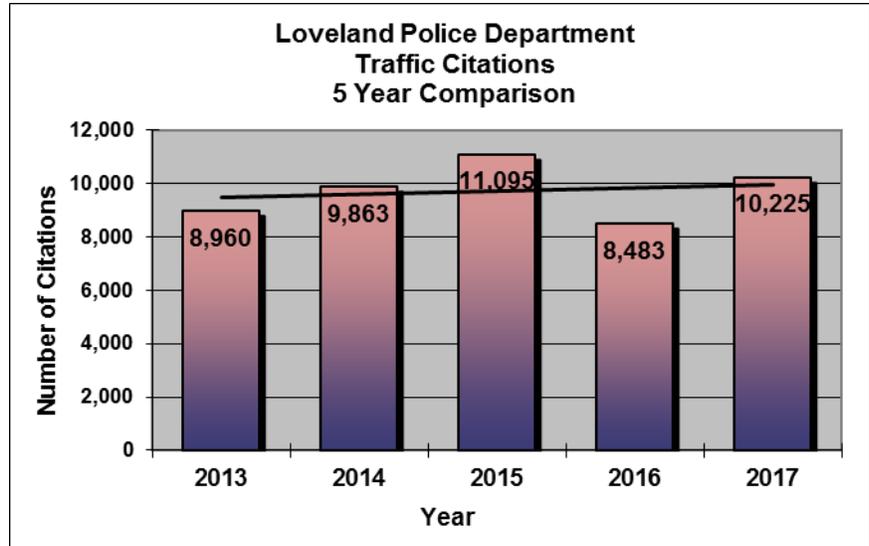
The Larimer Humane Society, a private non-profit, writes animal citations. 2017 saw 182 citations written (up 3.4%) from 176 written in 2016. This totaled 354 violations for 2017, down slightly from the 358 violations in 2016 (some citations had multiple violations).

Traffic Violations and Motor Vehicle Crashes

Traffic Citations

Year	Number of Citations	% Change
2013	8,960	
2014	9,863	10.1%
2015	11,095	12.5%
2016	8,483	-23.5%
2017	10,225	20.5%

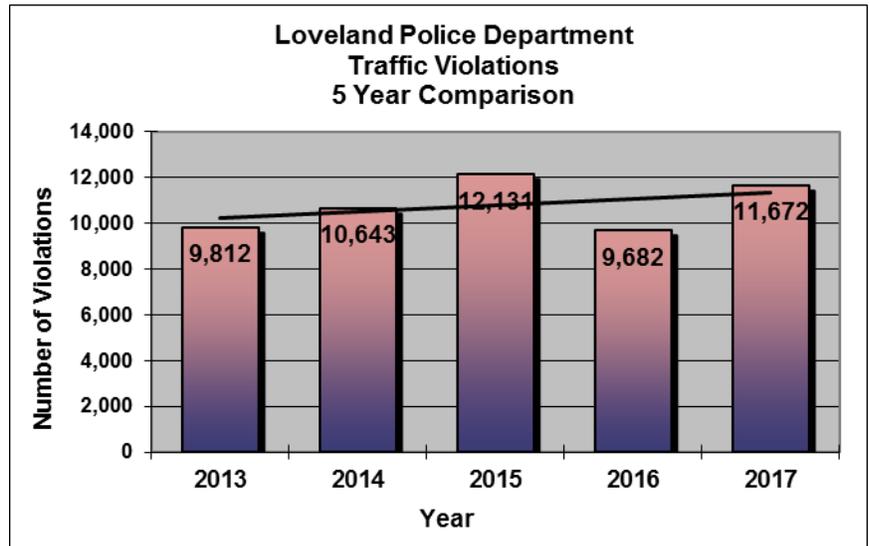
* Includes parking citations



Traffic Violations

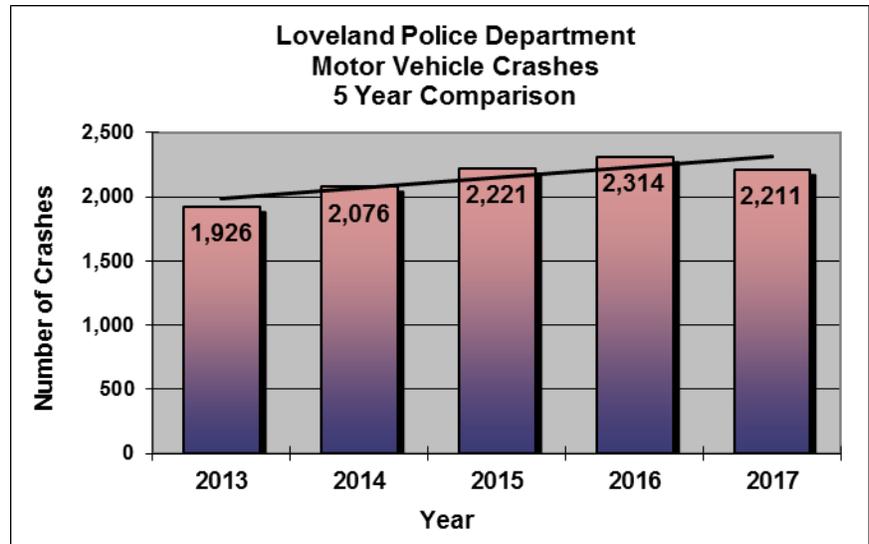
Year	Number of Violations	% Change
2013	9,812	
2014	10,643	8.5%
2015	12,131	14.0%
2016	9,682	-20.2%
2017	11,672	20.6%

* Includes parking violations

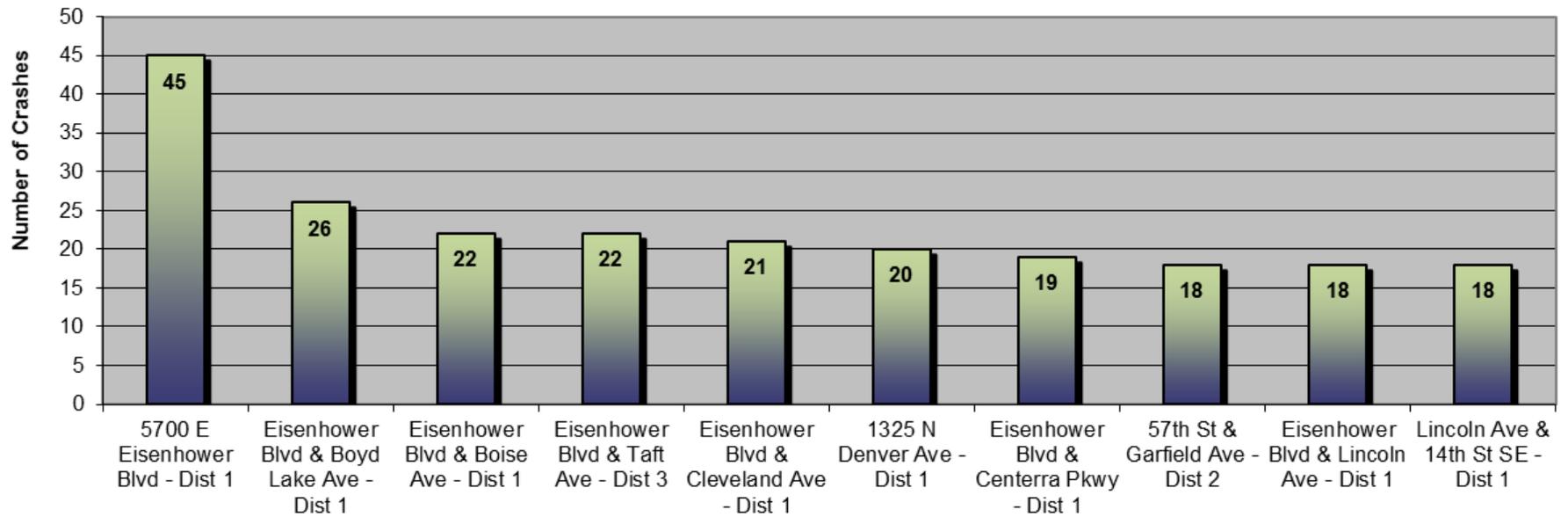


Motor Vehicle Crashes

Year	Number of Crashes	% Change
2013	1,926	
2014	2,076	7.8%
2015	2,221	7.0%
2016	2,314	4.2%
2017	2,211	-4.5%

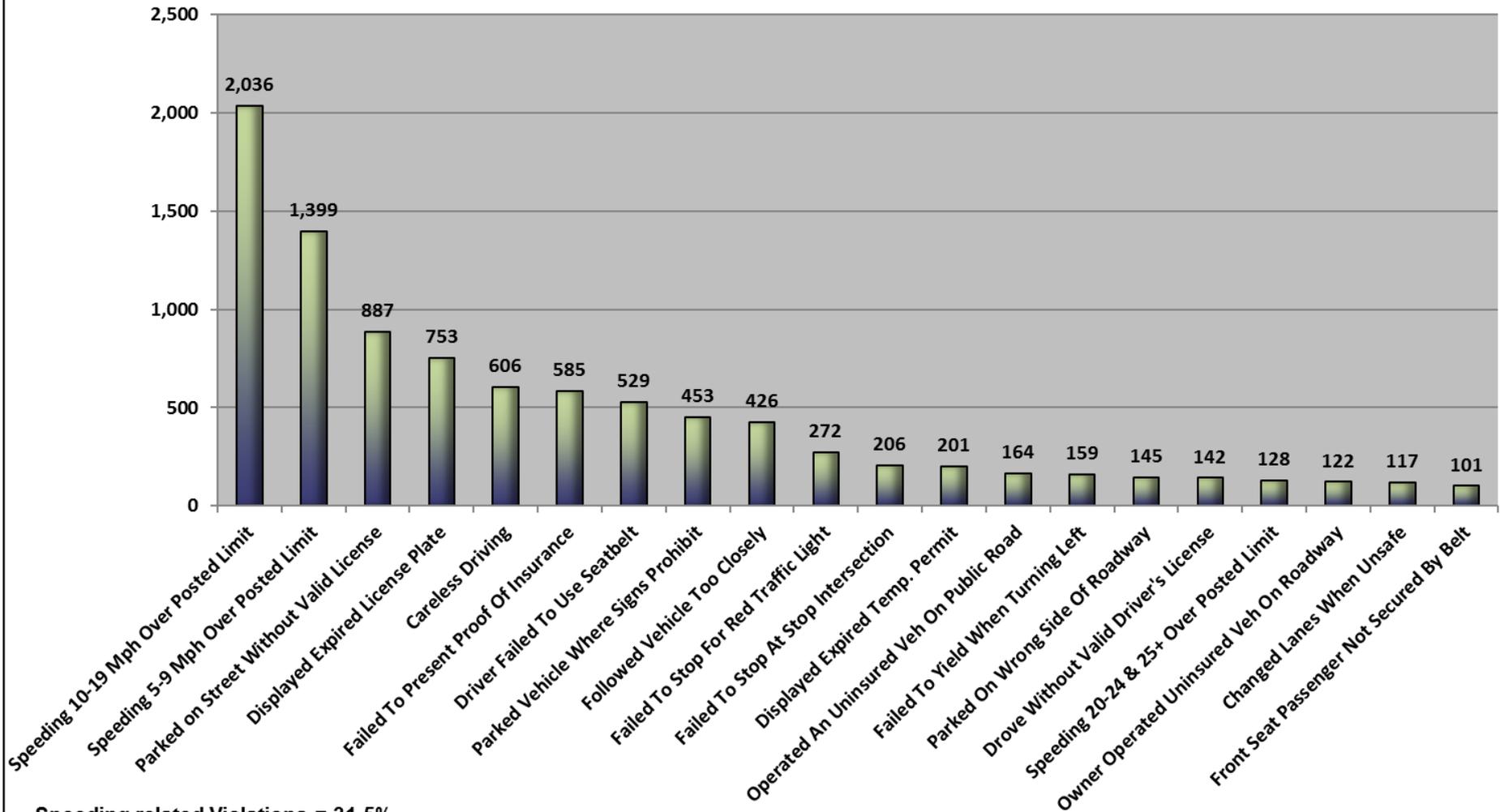


Loveland Police Department 2017 Top 10 Crash Locations



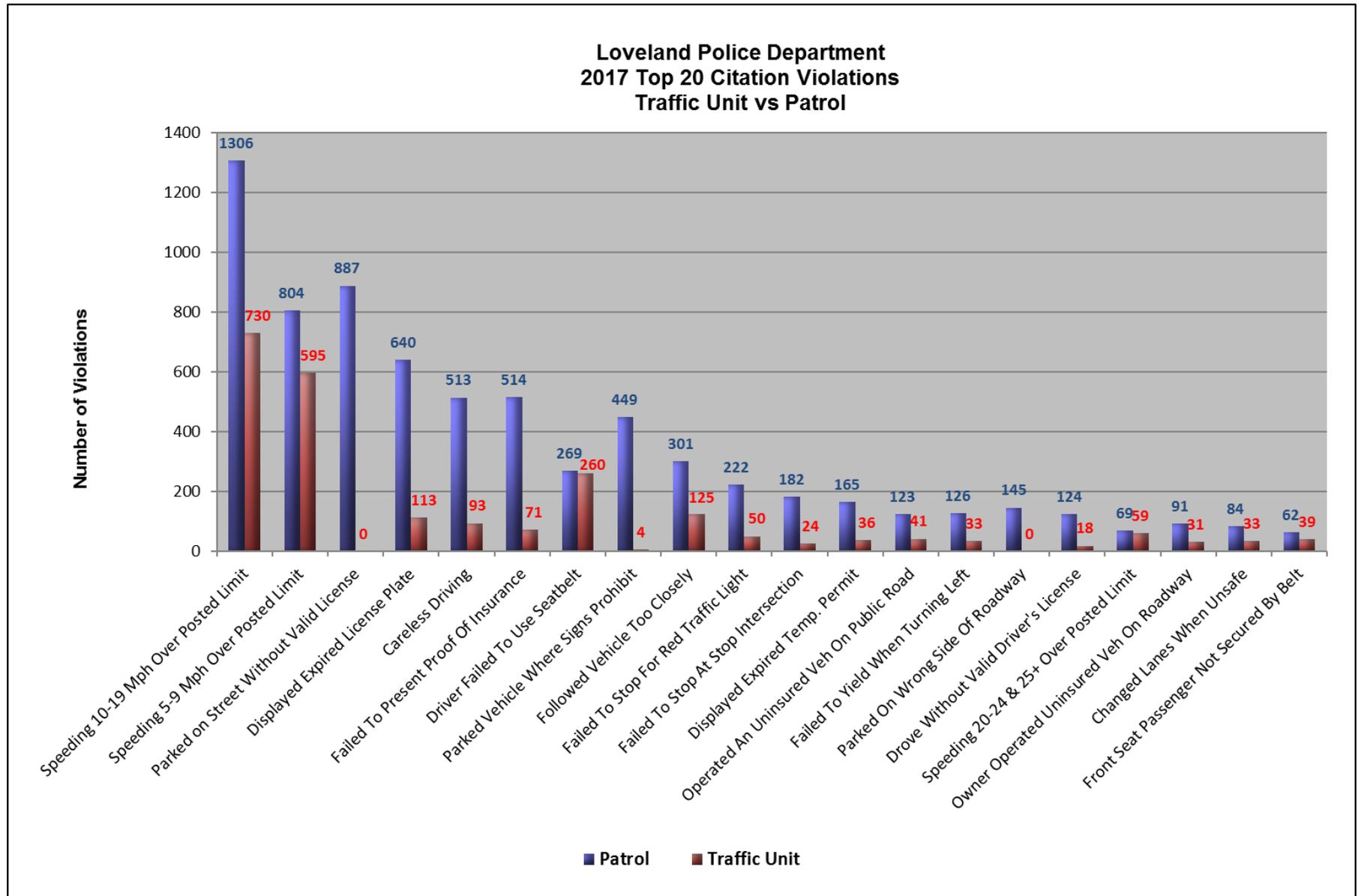
2017 Top 20 Citation Violations

Loveland Police Department 2017 Top 20 Citation Violations



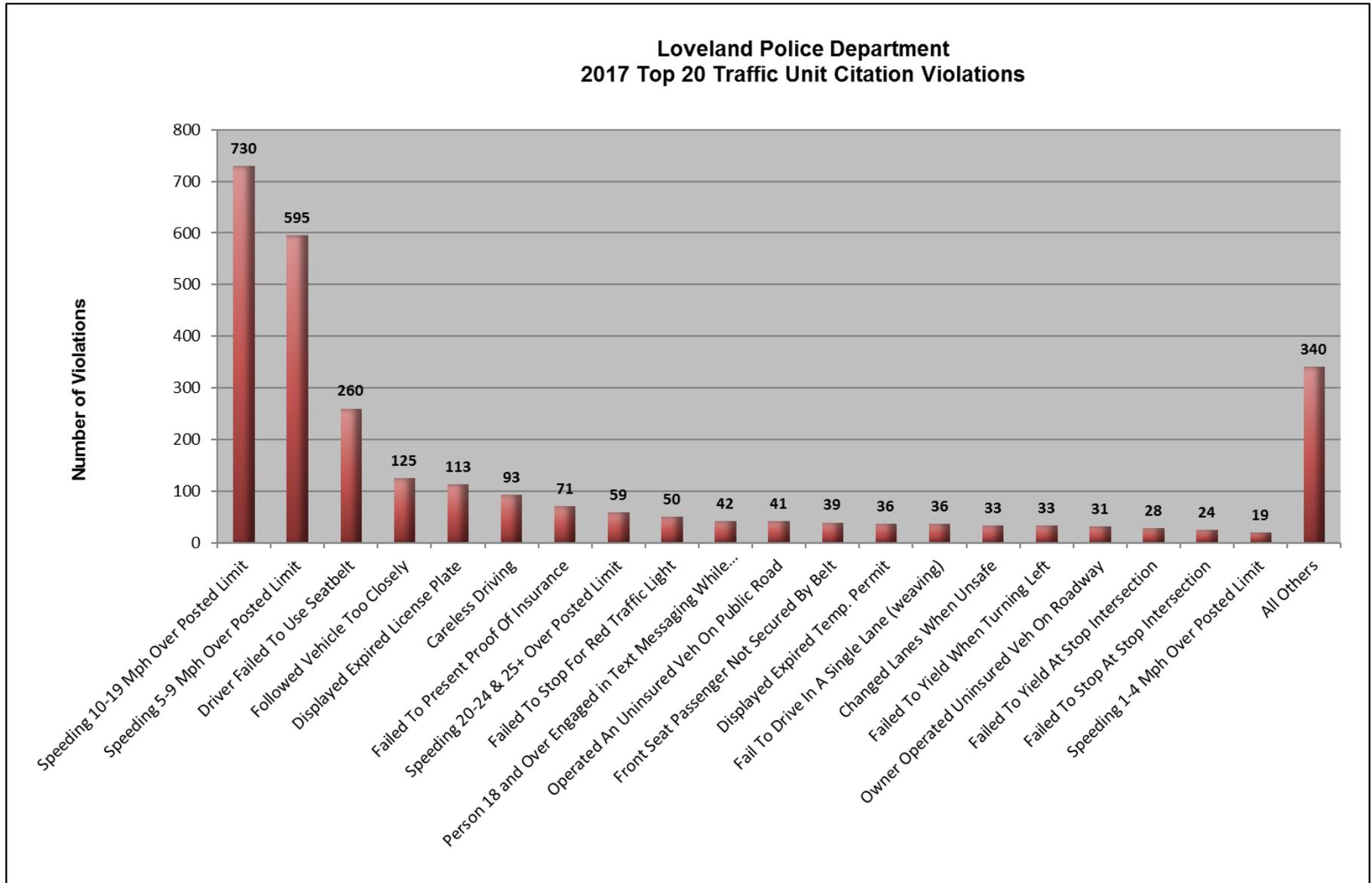
2017 Top 20 Citation Violations (Traffic/Patrol)

This is a graphical representation of the Top 20 Citation Violations broken down between the Traffic Unit and Patrol. Overall, the Traffic Unit was responsible for 24% of the total citation violations and 39% of the listed speeding violations.



2017 Top 20 Violations - Traffic Unit

This is a graphical representation of the Top 20 citation violations issued by the Traffic Unit officers. Speeding violations made up 50.6% of the total violations written by the Traffic Unit for 2017.



2017 Loveland Police Department Traffic Recap

Total parking and traffic citations **10,225**

Total traffic citations (no parking) **8,473**

Total traffic citations (no parking) by gender

	Citations	% of Total
Female	3,585	42.3%
Male	4,884	57.6%
Other	2	0.02%
Unknown	2	0.02%
Total	8,473	100%

Total traffic citations (no parking) by age

Age Group	Citations	% of Total
0-15	8	0.1%
16-17	383	4.5%
18-21	1,072	12.7%
22-25	1,086	12.8%
26-30	1,130	13.3%
31-35	971	11.5%
36-40	801	9.5%
41-45	693	8.2%
46-50	522	6.2%
51-55	512	6.0%
56-60	417	4.9%
61-65	314	3.7%
66-70	238	2.8%
71-75	165	1.9%
76-80	88	1.0%
81-85	54	0.6%
86 and over	18	0.2%
Unknown	1	0.0%
Total	8,473	100%

Total traffic citations (no parking) by race

Race	Citations	% of Total
White	8,218	97.0%
Black	154	1.8%
Asian	40	0.5%
Unknown	42	0.5%
Hawaiian	7	0.1%
Other	5	0.06%
Nat Amer/AK Nat	4	0.05%
Chinese	2	0.02%
Vietnamese	1	0.01%
Total	8,473	100%

Total Traffic Citations (no parking) by Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Citations	% of Total
Hispanic	868	10.2%
Not Hispanic	6,608	78.0%
Unknown	997	11.8%
Total	8,473	100%

Closing

The Loveland Police Department exists for the purpose of providing an enhanced level of safety in our community. We strive to deliver responsive and professional police services in partnership with the community to reduce crime/fear of crime, solve problems and enhance public safety. Our mission: ***Save Lives, Fight Crime, Survive*** is lived every day by the dedicated professionals who work for the Department. The accomplishments of the past year reflect the dedicated efforts of the men and women of this Police Department to fulfill that commitment. These accomplishments also reflect our strong partnerships with community members, businesses, and organizations who actively support public safety. We also seek to use the information and data we collect to identify areas of improvement and how we allocate our resources.