



# LOVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT

CALEA ACCREDITED AGENCY SINCE 1992

## 2019 ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT



PREPARED BY:

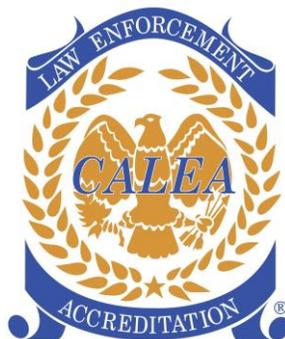
MARK RUDOLPH – CRIME ANALYST

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The Loveland Police Department is an internationally accredited agency since 1992.



## OVERVIEW

Every day, around the clock, the fine men and women of the Loveland Police Department (LPD) work hard to assure the safety and well-being of the people who live in, visit or travel through our community. While the statistics presented here are quantitative representations of just some of the work and outcomes of the incidents that our police men and women respond to, statistics will never capture the dedication, courage, bravery, perseverance, commitment, and compassion that our fine officers utilize in living the *Save Lives, Fight Crime, Survive* mission of the Loveland Police Department.

This analysis of calls for service and crime statistics for the Loveland Police Department was developed to inform law enforcement officials and the community about crime and traffic in the City of Loveland. The Loveland Police Department values the basic principal that awareness about crime and crime prevention is one of the most important aspects of effective personal safety. Measuring performance creates public value. It is good management, enhances the quality of services delivered, aids in budget development and review, and answers why public resources are allocated on these activities. This report supports recognition of criminal trends, development of crime prevention strategies, and effective allocation of resources to enhance public safety in Loveland.

This report contains an analysis of certain types of crime and traffic statistics as well as an overview of the calls for service received and responded to by the members of the Loveland Police Department during 2019. Included are graphs, arrest and traffic data, population figures, police district breakdowns and other information, which may prove useful to the reader.

Various data sources were utilized in this analysis. The reader should note that the numbers in this report might vary slightly from the LPD monthly data summary or other data queries and reports of a similar nature. Data for the full year of 2019 contained in this report were obtained from the Records Management System (RMS) and Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) systems after January 31st, 2020 to ensure that all 2019 case reports, citations, and other activity had been entered into the system.

Certain definitions are listed here to provide the reader with a clear understanding of certain terminology used in this report:

**Calls For Service (CFS):** Most law enforcement agencies and publications define CFS as a call from a citizen for service. In this report, CFS will encompass citizen-generated calls, from whatever source. Various officer-initiated activities, although they generate a CAD call number, will be included as Logged activity (explained below). Logged activities with a "Z CAD TEST Entry" or with a disposition of ".Entry Error" were excluded from CFS data for this report. Community Service Officers (CSOs) are not Sworn officers and do not have arrest powers; they are dispatched to traffic/parking related calls, prisoner transport, and other lower risk calls and provide important support to our Sworn officers. CSO activity is included in these numbers.

**Logged CAD Activities:** The Loveland Police Department logs activities of officers for a variety of reasons. Some of these logged activities include Follow Up, Extra Patrols, Traffic Stops, etc. While these types of activities are not deemed a citizen-generated "call for service", they along with citizen-generated calls comprise the total of all Logged Police Activity. While they are excluded from the CFS data used in this report, they are counted for the total logged CAD activity. Only logged activities with a Problem type of "Z CAD TEST Entry" or dispositions with ".Entry Error" were excluded for the Logged CAD Activity for this report. Again, CSO activity is included in these numbers.

**Response Time:** The International City/County Management Association (ICMA) and many law enforcement publications define response time as the time interval from receipt of a call in the dispatch center until the first unit arrives on scene. This is the calculation that was used for response times in this report. This calculation reflects the total time needed by LPD to respond to the CFS and not just the officer's travel time to the call.

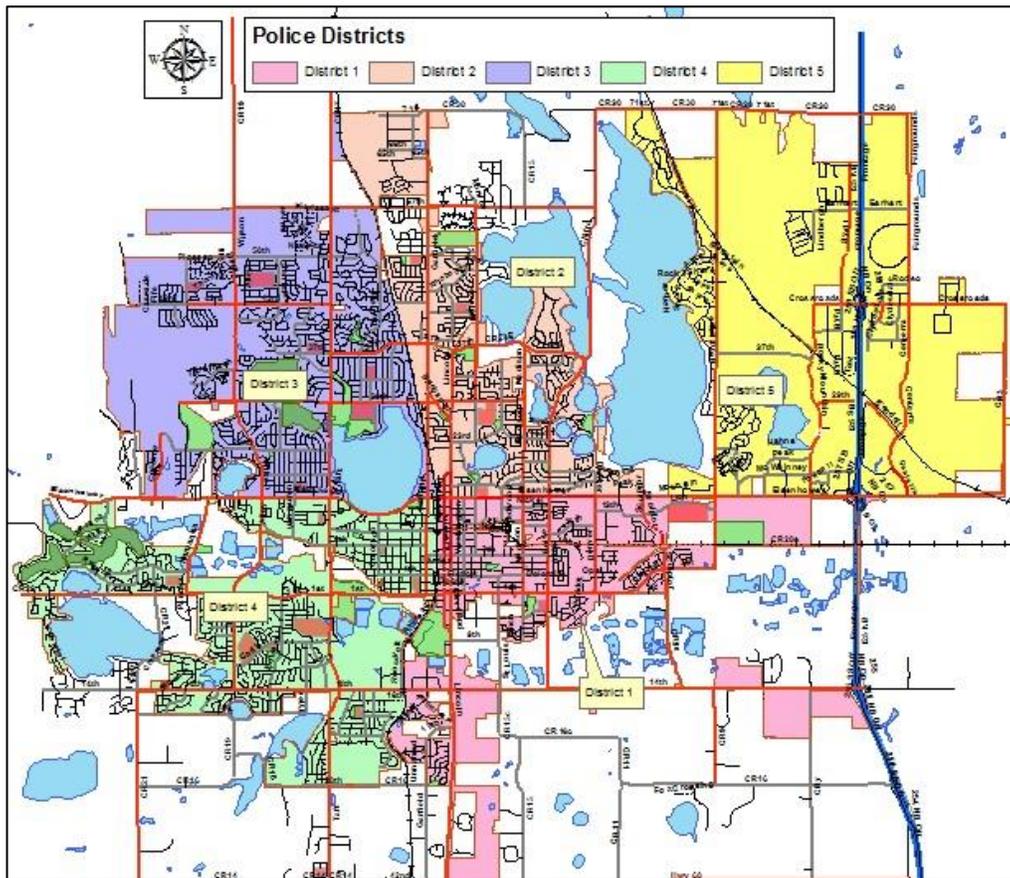
## 2019 HIGHLIGHTS

Amongst the highlights for 2019:

- Citizen-generated calls for service were up 2.5% from 2018.
- Officer initiated traffic stops were up 3.5% over 2018 (21,000 in 2019 versus 20,282 in 2018)
- **Total Part 1 crimes were down 7.5% from 2018 and are down 27.4% since 2016**
- Loveland's part 1 crime rate is below the FBI national index crime rate and is also below our peers in the Benchmark cities survey group
- Burglaries and Larceny were down (20.7% and 10%, respectively) compared to 2018
- Adult and juvenile arrests were up (4% and 25.4% respectively) compared to 2018
- **Motor vehicle crashes were down 1.8% from 2018 and are down 6.4% since 2016**
- **DUI/DUID arrests were up 25.8% from 2018 and are up 66.4% from 2016**
- LPD was awarded its 9th accreditation award and was recognized with the **Meritorious Award** (more than 15 years of continuous accreditation) as well as the **Excellence Award** (recognized for the effective use of accreditation as a model for the delivery of enhanced public safety services and management professionalism)

The officers of the Loveland Police Department patrol approximately 35.63 square miles (including 422.8 miles of roads) every day. The District breakdown is as follows:

District	Road Miles
District 1	75.2
District 2	66.1
District 3	108
District 4	102.5
District 5	71



Loveland’s 2019 population was estimated to be 79,150 and by 2029, the estimated population of Loveland is expected to be just over 100,000<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> Population figures from City of Loveland Community and Strategic Planning Data Assumptions Report. Revised July 2019. <http://www.cityofloveland.org/departments/economic-development/partnerships-resources>

## LOGGED POLICE ACTIVITY/CALLS FOR SERVICE (CFS)

The Communications Center dispatches calls for service for Police, Fire and Emergency Medical Service (EMS). This report analyzes only the police activity/calls recorded/received/dispatched in 2019.

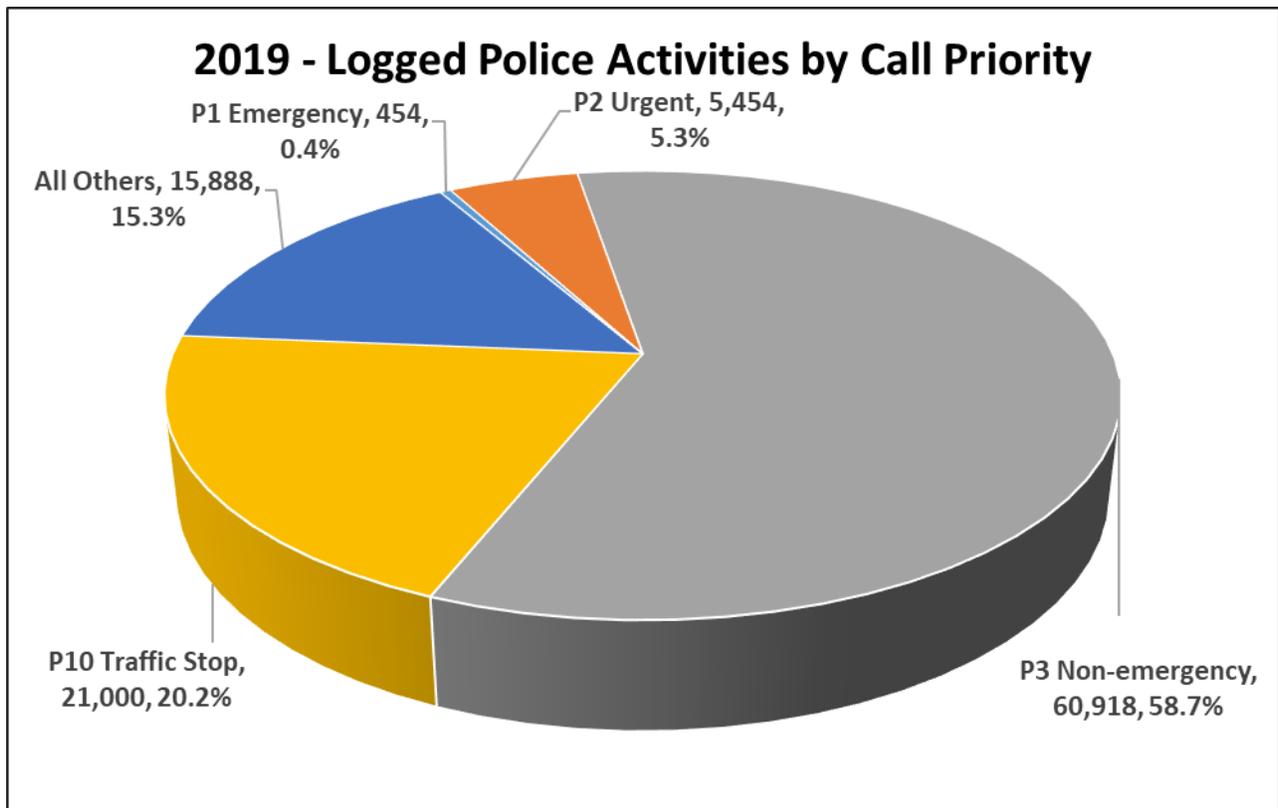
The Loveland Police Department had **103,714 logged police activities** in 2019. These logged CAD activities include both citizen-generated Calls for Service (CFS) as well as officer-initiated incidents such as traffic stops and follow-ups. The 2019 number is **UP 1.7%** from the 101,934 logged activities in 2018. Citizen-generated Calls for Service (CFS) accounted for 55,429 of the total logged activities.

Traffic Stops accounted for 21,000 (20.2%) of the logged activities, as compared to 20,282 (19.9%) in 2018. Officer Follow-up activities accounted for 9,614 (9.3%) of the logged activities.

The total logged activities number also includes the calls that were logged and subsequently handled by Communications without having to have an officer dispatched. The Communications staff handled 15,069 (14.5%) of all logged police activities in 2019. This is up 35% from 11,152 in 2018.

The Loveland Police Department prioritizes calls by the nature and urgency of the call type. The following table and graph indicate the frequency and percentage of logged police activity by priority classification based upon all logged activities.

Priority Type - Logged Police Activities	Total	%
P1 Emergency (Motor vehicle crash, chase, etc.)	454	0.4%
P2 Urgent (alarms, ambulance assist, disturbances, etc.)	5,454	5.3%
P3 Non-Emergency	60,918	58.7%
P10 Traffic Stop	21,000	20.2%
All Others (Phone, Lobby, etc)	15,888	15.3%
<b>Total</b>	<b>103,714</b>	<b>100%</b>

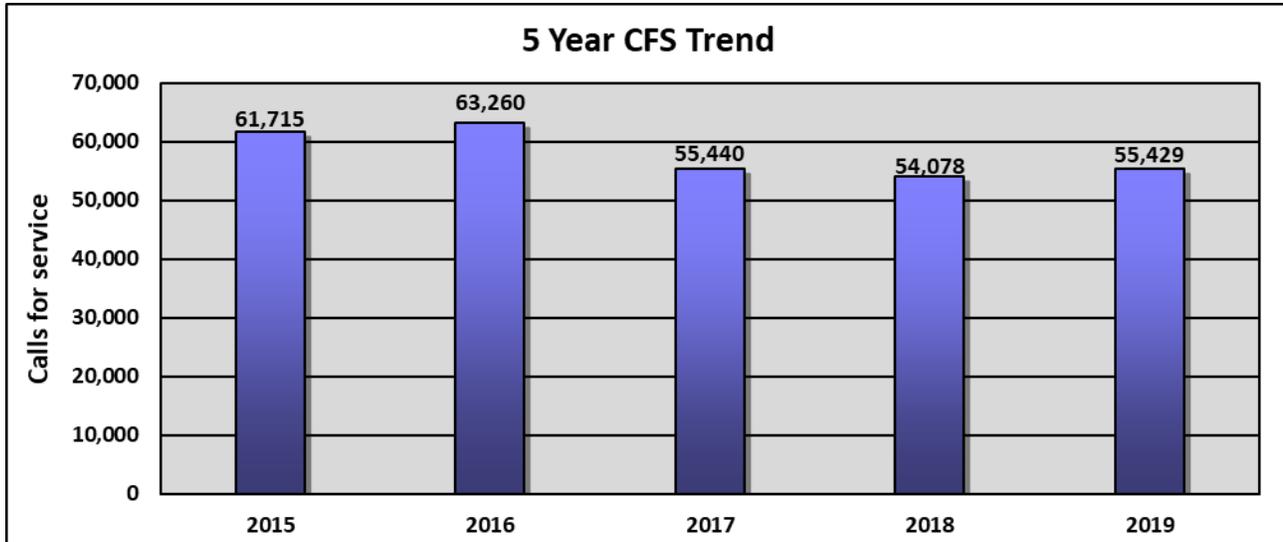


## Call Load and Response Times

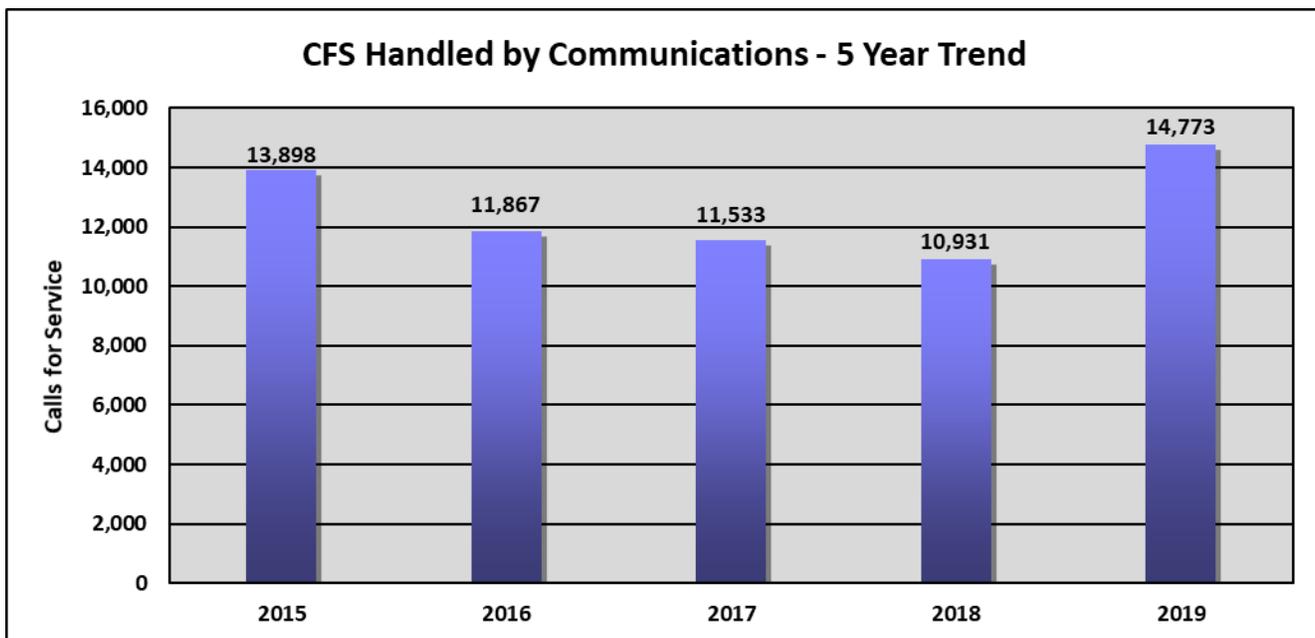
### Citizen-generated CFS

There were **55,429 citizen-generated police CFS** in 2019. This is up 2.5% from 2018. In November of 2016, a phone tree system was implemented to help route calls, which did not need to go to a dispatcher, to the appropriate resource. This decreased the amount of citizen-generated calls that Communications actually had to answer starting with 2017 and explains the decrease from 2016 as compared to the subsequent three years.

Communications handled 14,773 (26.7%) of the citizen-generated CFS. Just over 1/4th of the citizen-generated calls for service did not need an officer dispatched since a dispatcher was able to handle the incident over the phone. This contributes greatly to the efficiency of how our resources are allocated. Of the citizen-generated CFS that did have a police officer or Community Service Officer (CSO) dispatched to the call, 11,232 calls had more than one officer responding (7,000 calls had two officers responding and 4,232 calls had three or more officers responding).



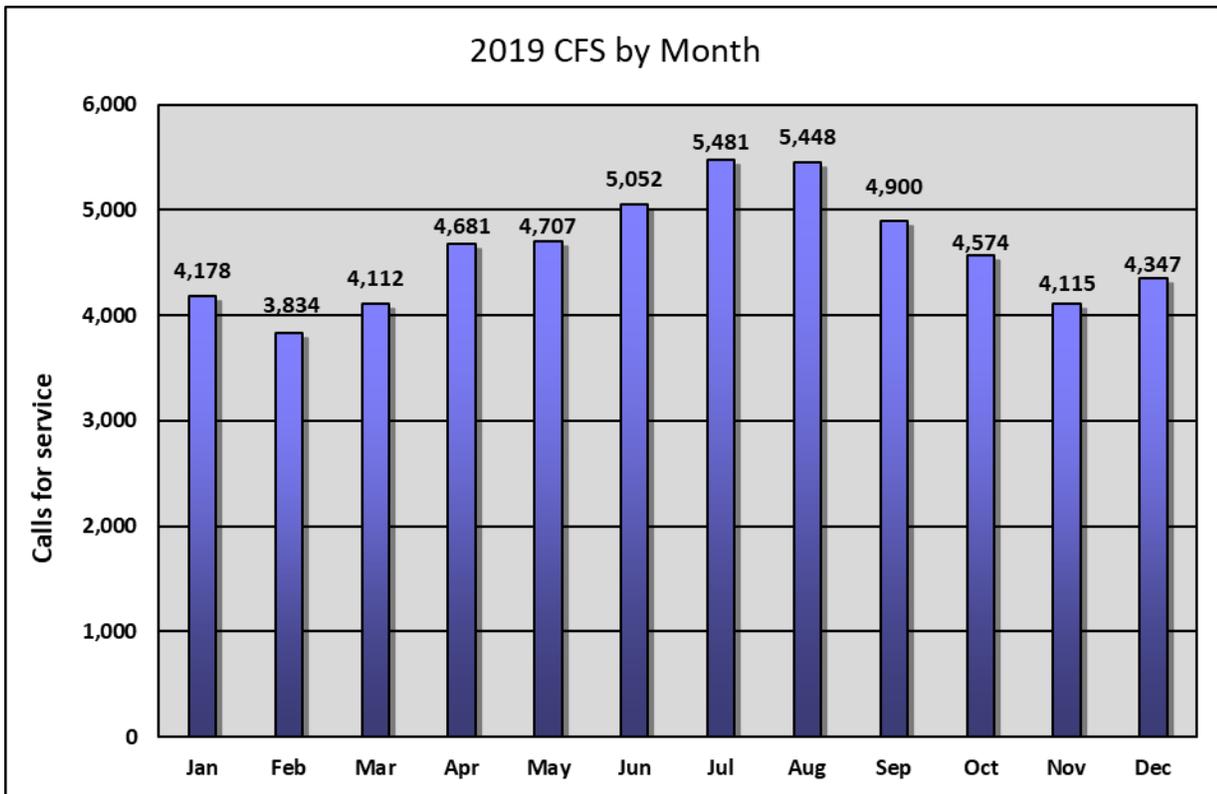
Below is the 5-year trend for CFS handled by Communications.



The Loveland Police Department hired a Report Technician in 2014 to help with call load by taking certain call types that came in from walk-in traffic in the lobby/front window of the Police Department. For 2019, this position handled the entry of 835 CFS incidents into CAD.

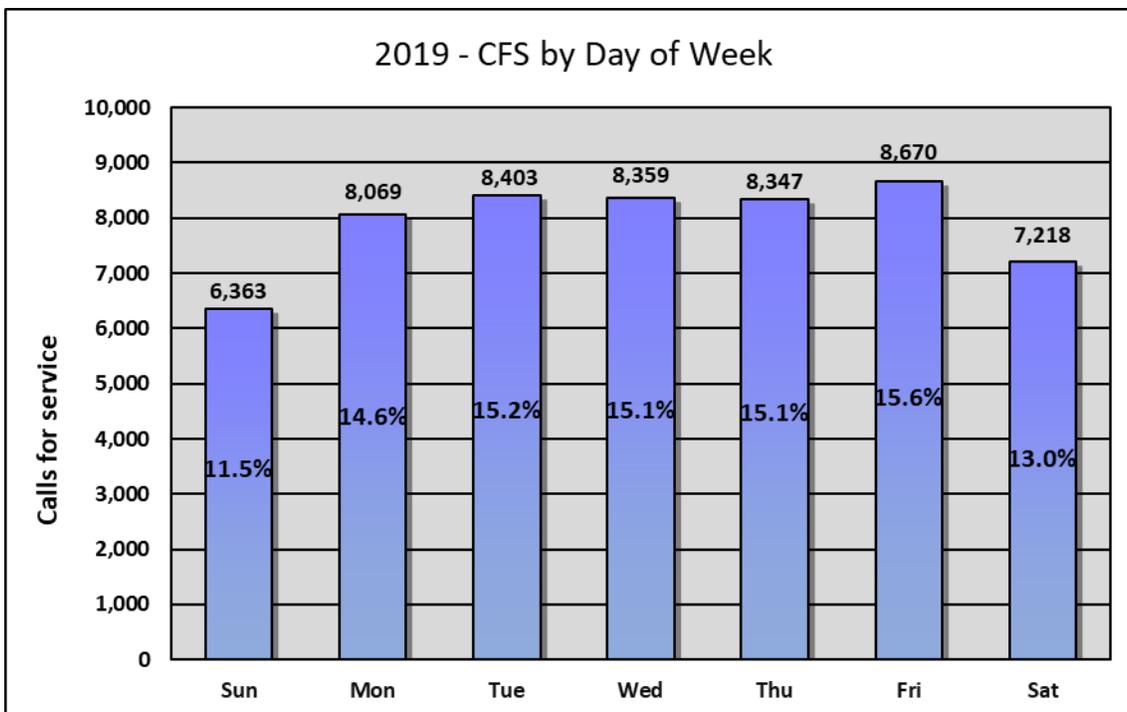
### CFS by Month

Using the defined citizen-generated CFS, the heaviest call load month was July with 5,481 calls for the month. February, being the shortest month, had the fewest calls with 3,834.



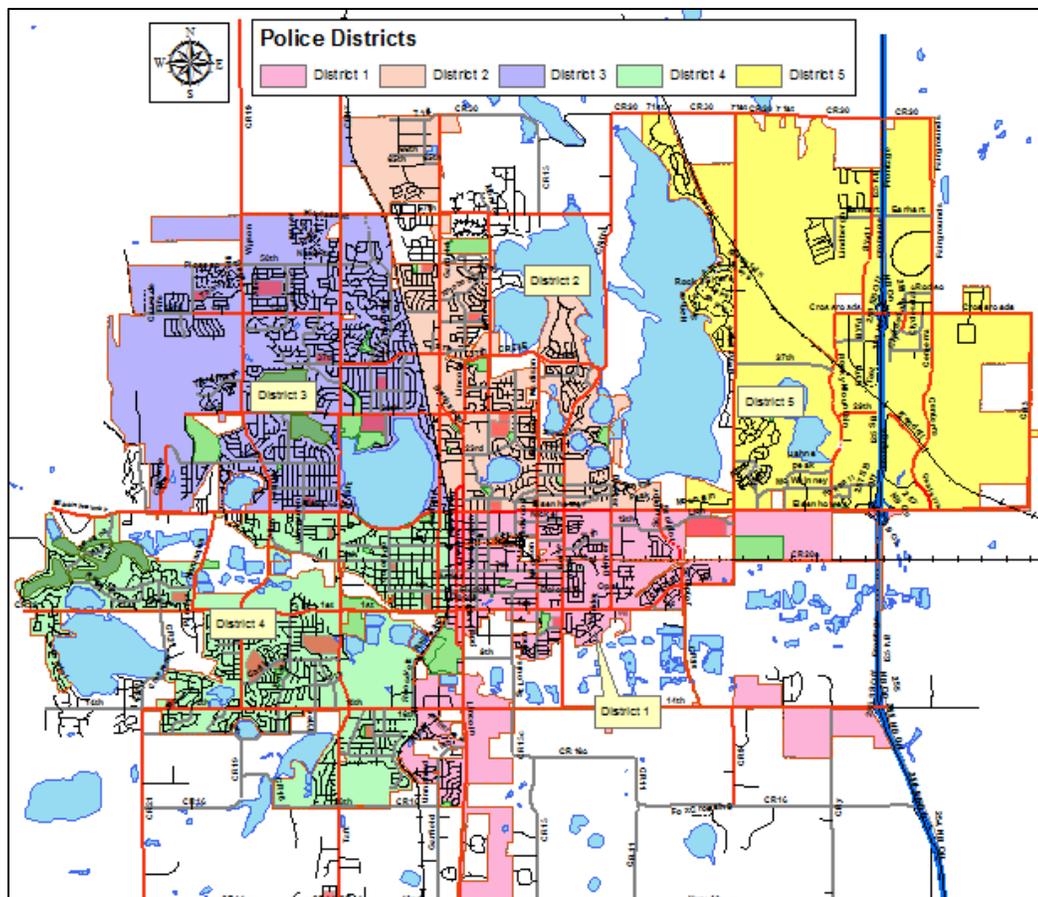
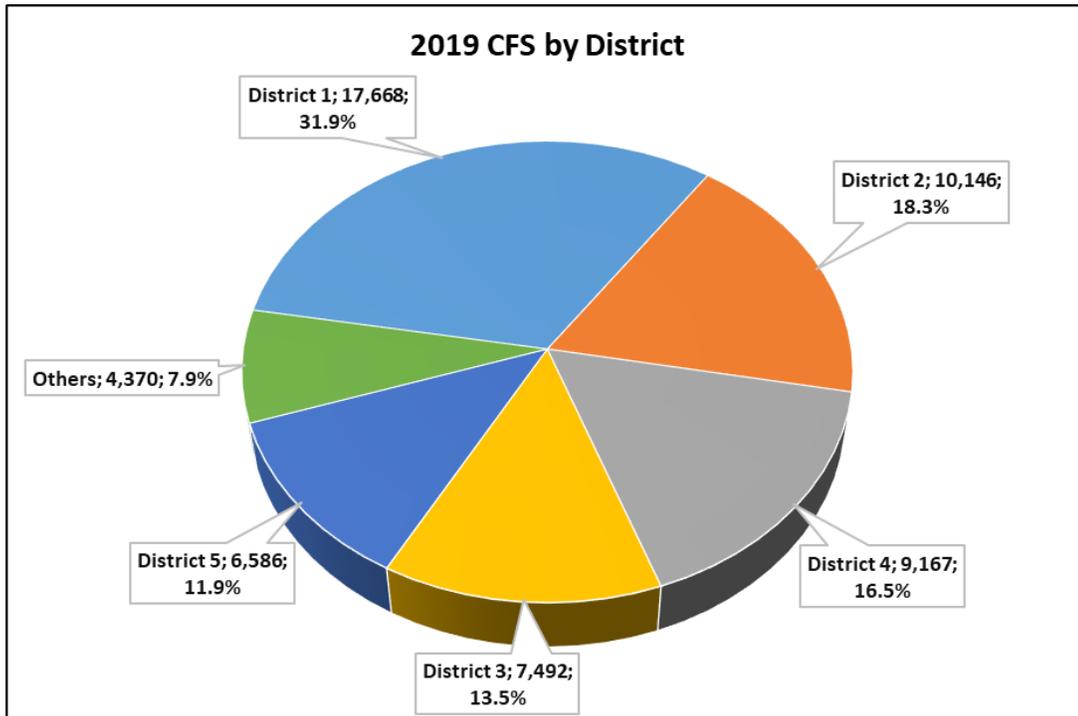
### CFS by Day of Week

FRIDAY was the heaviest call load day with 15.6%. TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and THURSDAYS were next at 15.2%, 15.1% and 15.1%, respectively. SUNDAYS had the fewest calls (11.5%).



### Citizen-generated CFS by District

District 1 had the highest call load volume with 17,668 (31.9%) of the calls. District 2 had the second highest call load with 10,146 of the total calls (18.3%) and District 5 had the fewest calls (6,586, 11.9%). The "Others" grouping includes calls that were primarily LCSO (Larimer County Sheriff designated area). See map below for Loveland PD district boundaries.



CFS with Cases - Top 10 call types

Of the citizen-generated CFS incidents that required a case number (7,766), the top 10 were:

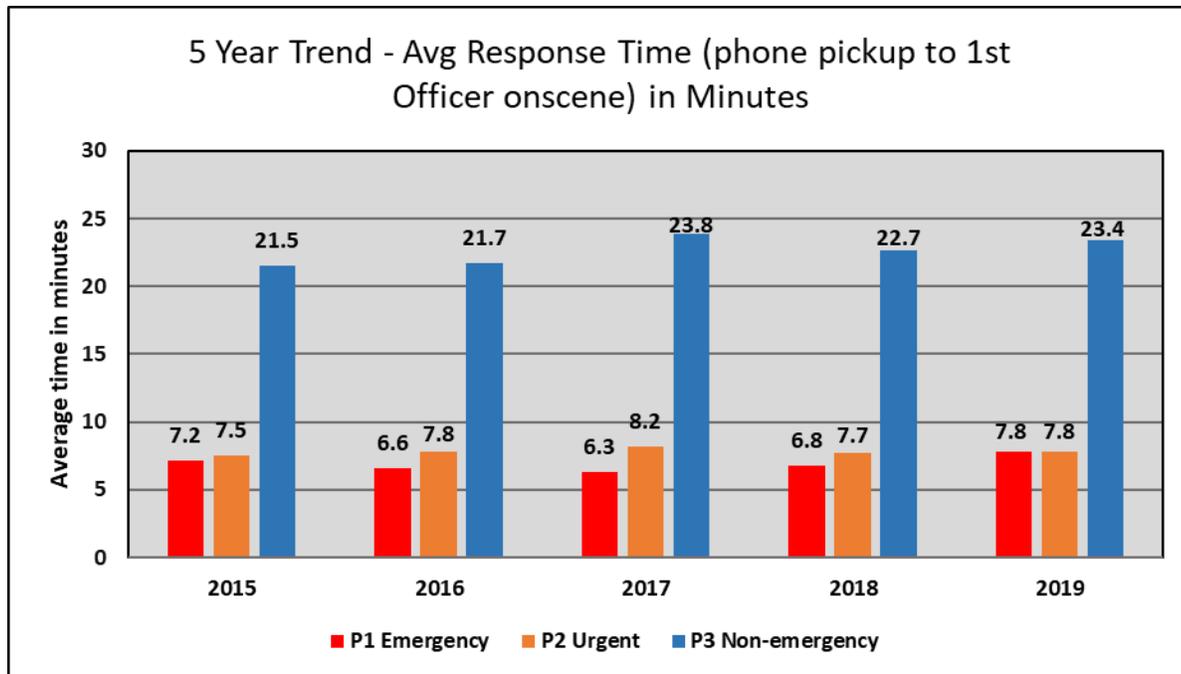
MV crash non-injury	1,119	14.4%
Theft Cold	593	7.6%
Sex Offender Registration	464	6.0%
Fraud	315	4.1%
Found Property	305	3.9%
Warrant	275	3.5%
Hit and run-cold	267	3.4%
MV crash with injury	253	3.3%
Criminal Mischief	215	2.8%
Criminal Trespass	198	2.5%

Note, three of the top 10 were **motor vehicle (MV) crash related** (MV crash non-injury, MV crash with injury, and Hit and run-cold).

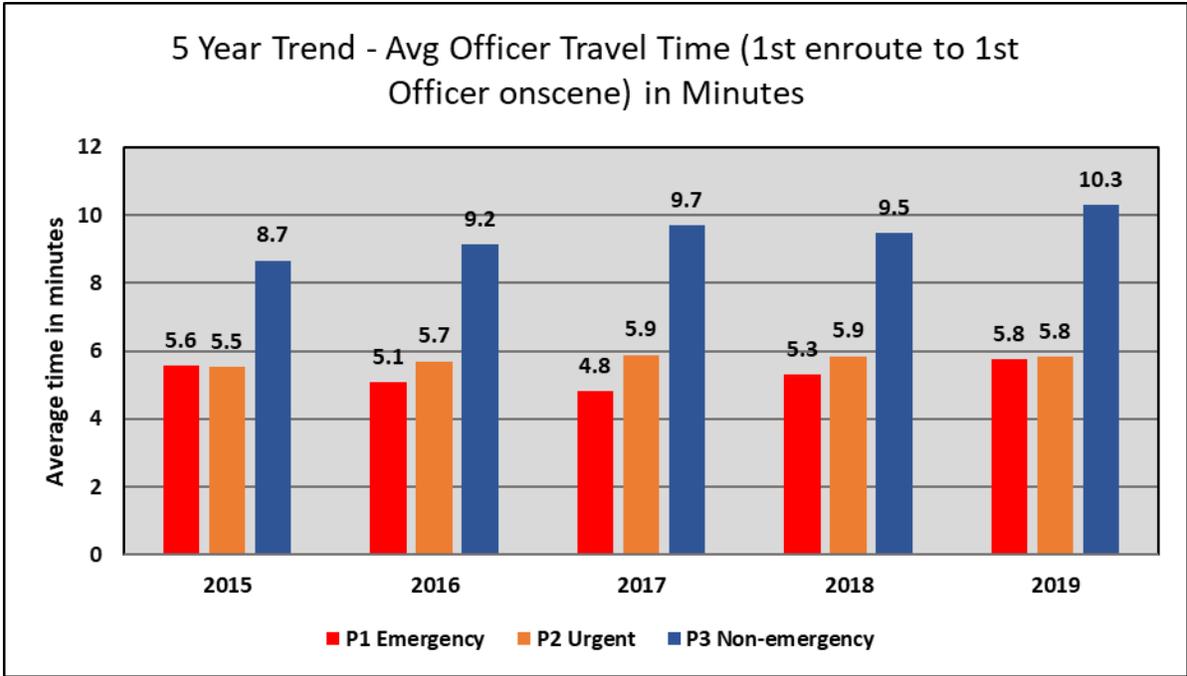
Police Response Times: Citizen-generated CFS

For these CFS calculations, the response time is calculated as the interval from **the time the dispatcher answered the call to the time the first officer arrived on scene**. The following dispositions were excluded: "Entry Error" and "Handled by communications". Calls that had an invalid time calculation (no on-scene time logged) were excluded.

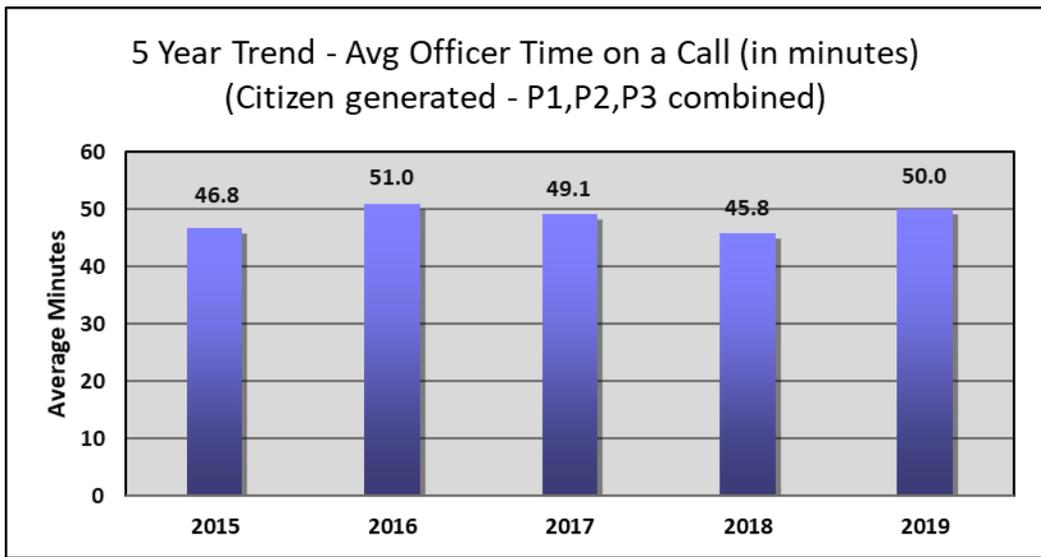
The average response time for **P1 Emergency** calls was **7 minutes 48 seconds**. This is up from 2018 (**6 minutes and 47 seconds**). The average response time for **P2 Urgent** calls was **7 minutes and 47 seconds**, this is up slightly from 2018 (**7 minutes and 43 seconds**). The average response time for **P3 Non-emergency** calls was **23 minutes and 22 seconds**, this is up from 2018 (**22 minutes and 41 seconds**).



The average travel time for officers on P1 Emergency calls was 5 minutes and 45 seconds, up from 2018 (5 minutes and 19 seconds). For P2 Urgent calls, the average officer travel time was 5 minutes and 50 seconds, down slightly from 2018 (5 minutes and 51 seconds). For P3 Non-emergency calls the average officer travel time was 10 minutes and 18 seconds, up from 2018 (9 minutes and 29 seconds). This calculation is based upon the time the first unit was enroute to the call until the first unit arrived.



For P1, P2, and P3 calls combined, the average time from first officer enroute to call closed in 2019 was 50 minutes 1 second. This time calculation does not count for multi-unit responses where different officers are on the call for differing amounts of time.



## CFS Location Information

The 30 most frequent locations of citizen-generated CFS in 2019 are listed below. 911 Hang-up calls were not included in these location counts as the location of some cell towers/antennas (the source of the majority of 911 hang-ups) are also located at major retail or other addresses that would skew that location's numbers.

Location Name/Type	Number of Calls
Wal Mart (North and East)	719
4 City High Schools	527
Maple Terrace Apartments	476
King Soopers (North and South)	316
Medical Center of the Rockies	303
McKee Medical Center	238
Safeways (3)	233
4 City Middle Schools	204
5700 E Eisenhower Blvd	182
Loveland Public Library	180
Target	148
E Eisenhower Blvd / N Denver Ave	143
N Taft Ave / W Eisenhower Blvd	142
E Eisenhower Blvd / Centerra Pkwy	142
W Eisenhower Blvd / N Taft Ave	142
14th St Se / S Lincoln Ave	136
Chilson Recreation Center	136
N Boise Ave / E Eisenhower Blvd	126
Woodspring Suites	124
S Taft Ave / 14th St Sw	121
W 29th St / N Taft Ave	109
Kohl's	106
N Wilson Ave / W Eisenhower Blvd	103
Fairgrounds Park	101
E Eisenhower Blvd / N Madison Ave	101
E Eisenhower Blvd / Rocky Mountain Ave	99
Loveland Mobile Home Plaza	98
E Eisenhower Blvd / N Lincoln Ave	97
E Eisenhower Blvd / N Boyd Lake Ave	94
E 57th St / N Garfield Ave	94

### 911 Hang-up CFS

10,835 Emergency 911 hang-up calls were logged in 2019. This includes 9,788 hang-ups from cell phones and 21 hang-ups via text. There were 1,026 non-cell 911 phone hang-ups.

### Citizen-generated CFS at City Parks

Fairgrounds Park (101), Mehaffey Park (84), North Lake Park (77), Barnes Softball Complex (49), and Kroh Park (37) were the top five for the most CFS among City park locations in 2019. These are typically criminal mischief or suspicious activity type calls to the parks.

## CAD Logged Police Activities

Logged activities includes both citizen-generated CFS and officer-initiated calls that are excluded from the citizen-generated CFS numbers. For 2019, there were **103,714 logged police activities**, a **1.7% increase** over 2018.

The most frequent logged activity type was a **Traffic Stop** with a total of **21,000 or 20.2%** of all CAD logged police activities. This was an increase of 3.5% over 2018 (20,282). The remaining top nine logged activity types based on frequency and percentage of all logged activity:

2. 911 Cell Phone hang-up	9,788	(9.4%)
3. Follow Up	9,614	(9.3%)
4. Extra Patrol	5,609	(5.4%)
5. Citizen Assist	3,541	(3.4%)
6. Suspicious Circumstance	3,401	(3.3%)
7. Welfare Check	3,186	(3.1%)
8. MV Crashes (Injury, Non-injury, Hit and Run, Code 77*)	2,680	(2.6%)
9. Parking	2,591	(2.5%)
10. Disturbance	2,313	(2.2%)

\*Code 77 calls are Motor Vehicle (MV) crashes that involve serious injury (or death) and/or significant property damage and require the call out of the Technical Crash Team for investigation/crash reconstruction.

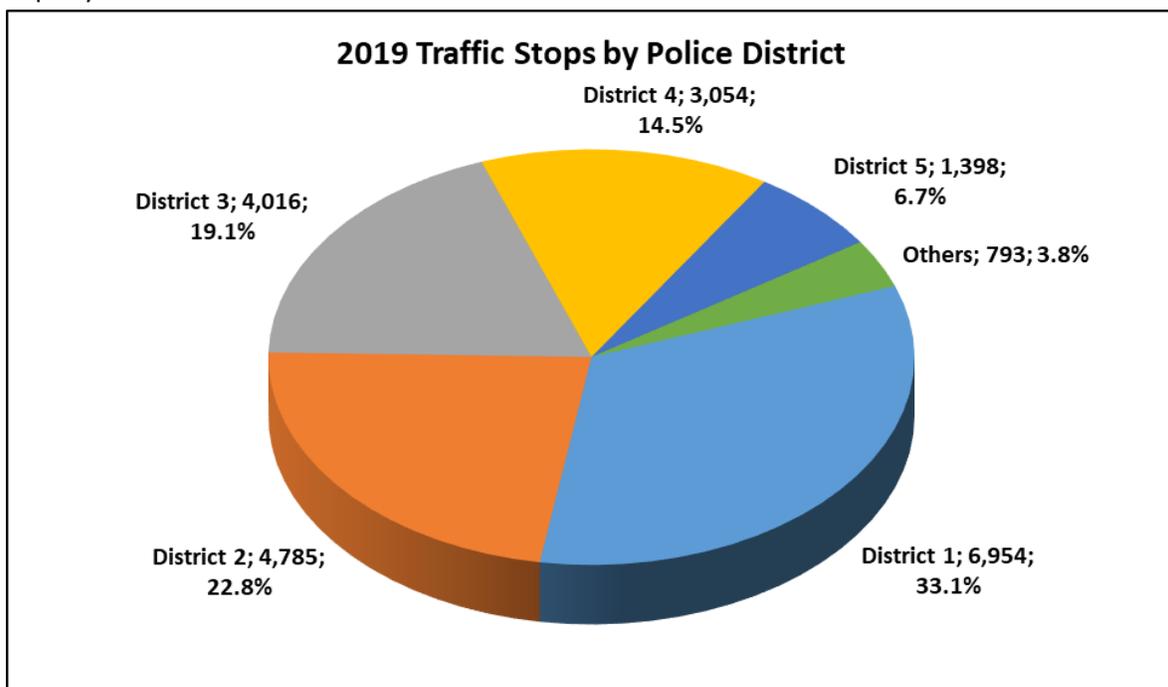
### Officer Initiated Traffic Stops

The most frequent traffic stop location was **E Eisenhower Blvd & N Boise Ave** with **332** stops. Next was **E Eisenhower Blvd & Redwood Dr** with **229** stops and the **100 block of N Taft Ave** location was third at **223** stops.

Of the 21,000 traffic stops, 52.1% (10,943) dispositioned with either "Verbal Warning" (10,413) or "Written Warning" (530). 40.7% (8,542) of the traffic stops dispositioned with summons issued and/or a non-DUI arrest made. 418 (2%) dispositioned with a DUI/DUID arrest made.

Thursdays had the most traffic stops at 3,647 (17.4%), Fridays the next most at 3,406 (16.2%). Tuesdays (2,906 13.8%), Mondays (2,871 13.7%), Saturdays (2,862 13.6%), Wednesdays (2,786 13.3%) and Sundays (2,522 12%) round out the rest of the days of the week.

Traffic stops by district:



# Records Management System (RMS) Data

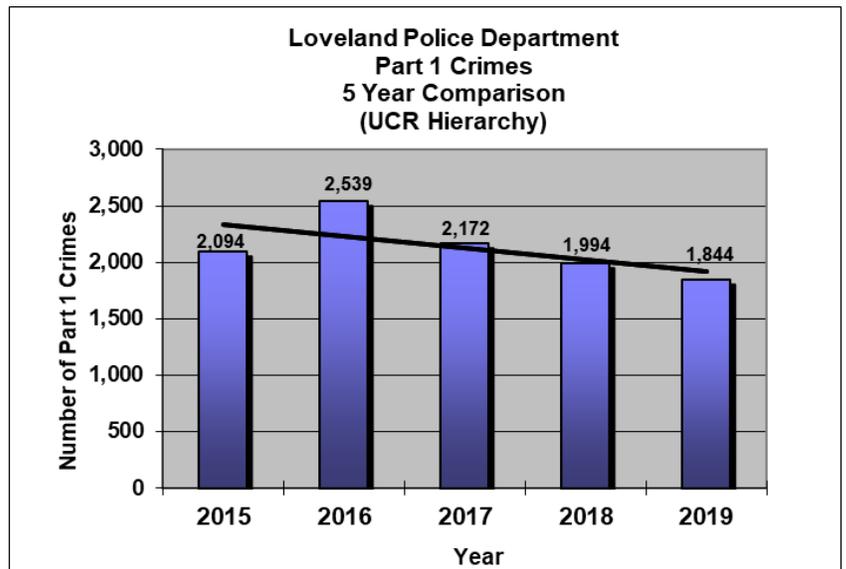
## Part 1 Crimes

Part 1 Crimes are the eight Index crimes as defined by the FBI's UCR (Uniform Crime Reporting) program. They are comprised of two categories of four crimes each, violent crimes (Aggravated assault, Forcible rape, Homicide [09A], and Robbery) and property crimes (Arson, Burglary, Larceny-theft, and Motor vehicle theft). For 2019, Loveland experienced a 7.5% decrease in Part 1 crimes. This was largely due to a decrease in Larceny-theft crimes.

Because increases in population affect the quantity of crimes experienced, a per capita measurement of crimes is often used when comparing against previous years to give a more accurate picture of crime increases or decreases while taking into account the population changes. For 2019, when looking at the Part 1 crimes on a per 1,000 population basis, the decrease for Loveland is slightly higher (-9.7%) than the -7.5% referenced above.

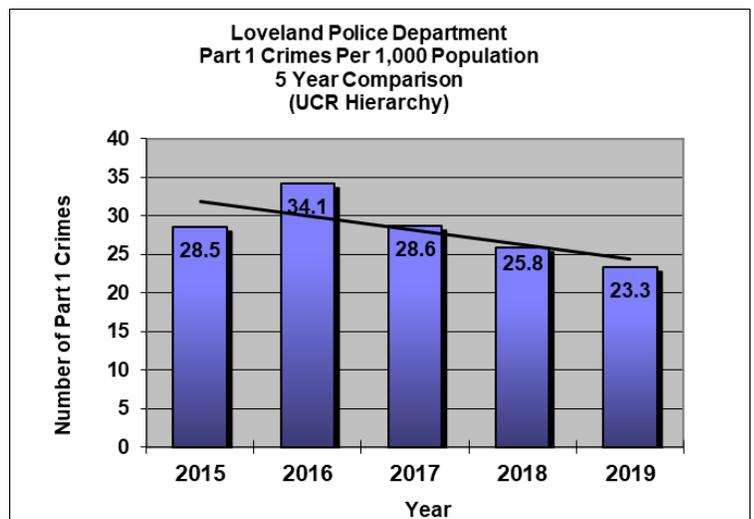
### LPD Part 1 Crimes (Total):

Year	Number of Crimes	% Change
2015	2,094	
2016	2,539	21.3%
2017	2,172	-14.5%
2018	1,994	-8.2%
2019	1,844	-7.5%



### LPD Part 1 Crimes (Per Capita<sup>2</sup>):

Year	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Total)	Loveland Population <sup>2</sup>	LPD Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 Pop.	LPD Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 % Change
2015	2,094	73,420	28.5	
2016	2,539	74,385	34.1	19.7%
2017	2,172	75,840	28.6	-16.1%
2018	1,994	77,262	25.8	-9.9%
2019	1,844	79,150	23.3	-9.7%



<sup>2</sup> Population figures from City of Loveland Community and Strategic Planning Data Assumptions Report. Revised July 2019. <http://www.cityofloveland.org/departments/economic-development/partnerships-resources>

### LPD and Benchmark City Survey Comparison<sup>3</sup>

The Benchmark City Survey was originally designed in 1997 by a core group of Police Chiefs from around the country. These Chiefs sought to establish a measurement tool to help ensure their departments were providing the best service possible within their respective community.

The survey provides a wide range of information about each department. With that information, the participating agencies can set better goals and objectives, and then compare their performance in the various areas.

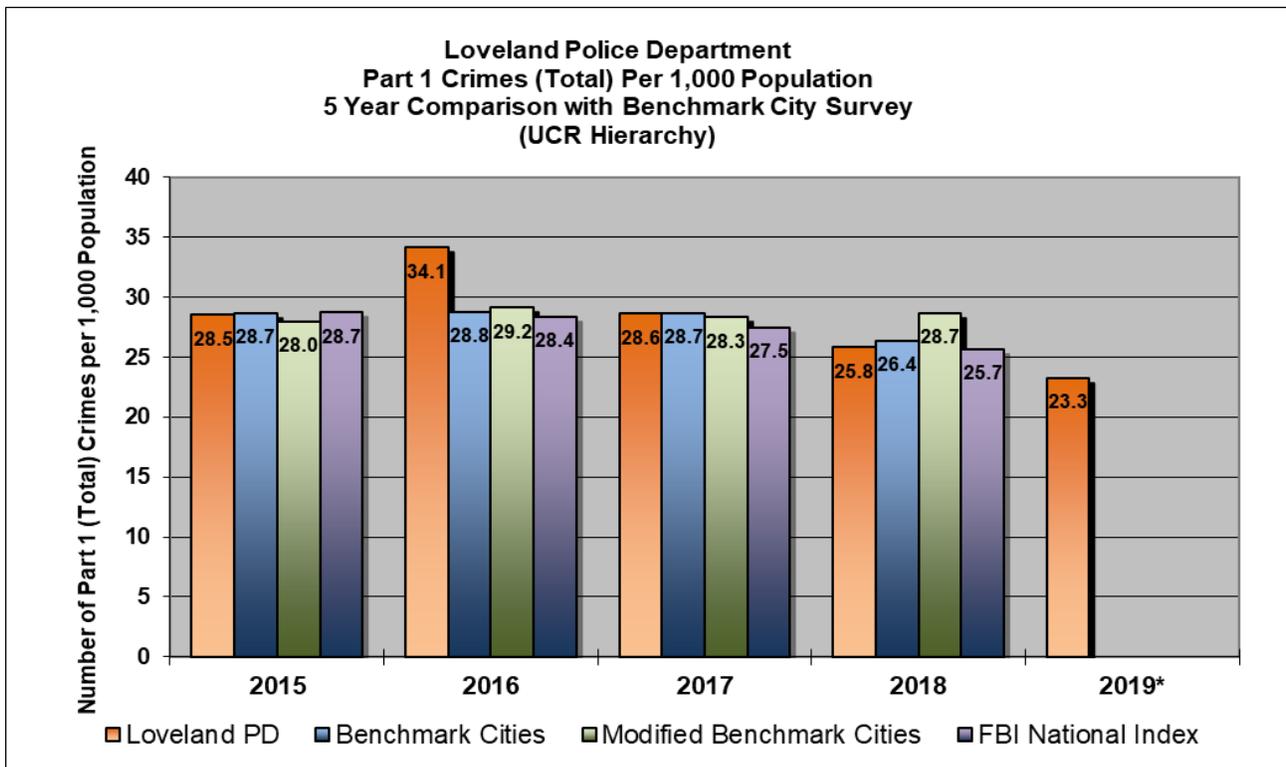
The Overland Park, Kansas Police Department has taken the lead in compiling the survey results, and makes the final Benchmark City Survey Report available to all participants at an annual Chief's Summit.

We have taken cities from the Benchmark survey that are closest in size to Loveland and made a group called the Modified Benchmark Cities to measure our performance against as well. Other than 2016, Loveland PD has consistently performed in line with the Benchmark City Survey Group and the Modified Benchmark Cities group.

#### Part 1 Crimes (Total) per 1,000 population<sup>4</sup>:

Year	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Total)	Loveland Population <sup>2</sup>	LPD Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 Population	LPD Part 1 Crimes per 1,000 % Change	Benchmark City Survey Part 1 Crimes per 1,000	Modified Benchmark Cities** Part 1 Crimes per 1,000	FBI National Index per 1,000
2015	2,094	73,420	28.5		28.7	28.0	28.7
2016	2,539	74,385	34.1	19.7%	28.8	29.2	28.4
2017	2,172	75,840	28.6	-16.1%	28.7	28.3	27.5
2018	1,994	77,262	25.8	-9.9%	26.4	28.7	25.7
2019*	1,844	79,150	23.3	-9.7%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and FBI National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



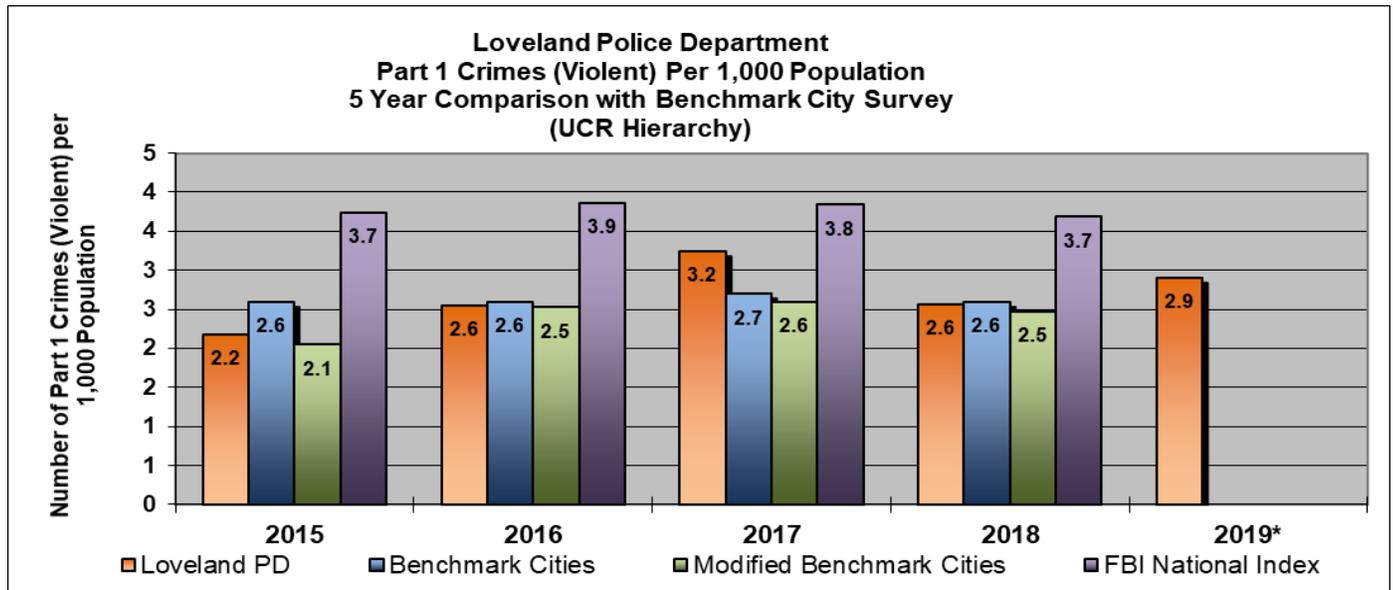
<sup>3</sup> <https://www.opkansas.org/city-services/police-fire-safety/police-special-services/benchmark-cities-survey/>

<sup>4</sup> Population figures from City of Loveland Community and Strategic Planning Data Assumptions Report. Revised July 2019. <http://www.cityofloveland.org/departments/economic-development/partnerships-resources>

Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 Population:

Year	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Violent)	LPD % Change	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 Pop.	LPD % Change	Benchmark City Survey Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 Pop.	Modified Benchmark Cities** Part 1 Crimes (Violent) per 1,000 Pop.	FBI National Index per 1,000
2015	160		2.2		2.6	2.1	3.7
2016	189	18.1%	2.5	16.6%	2.6	2.5	3.9
2017	244	29.1%	3.2	26.6%	2.7	2.6	3.8
2018	198	-18.9%	2.6	-20.3%	2.6	2.5	3.7
2019*	227	14.6%	2.9	11.9%			

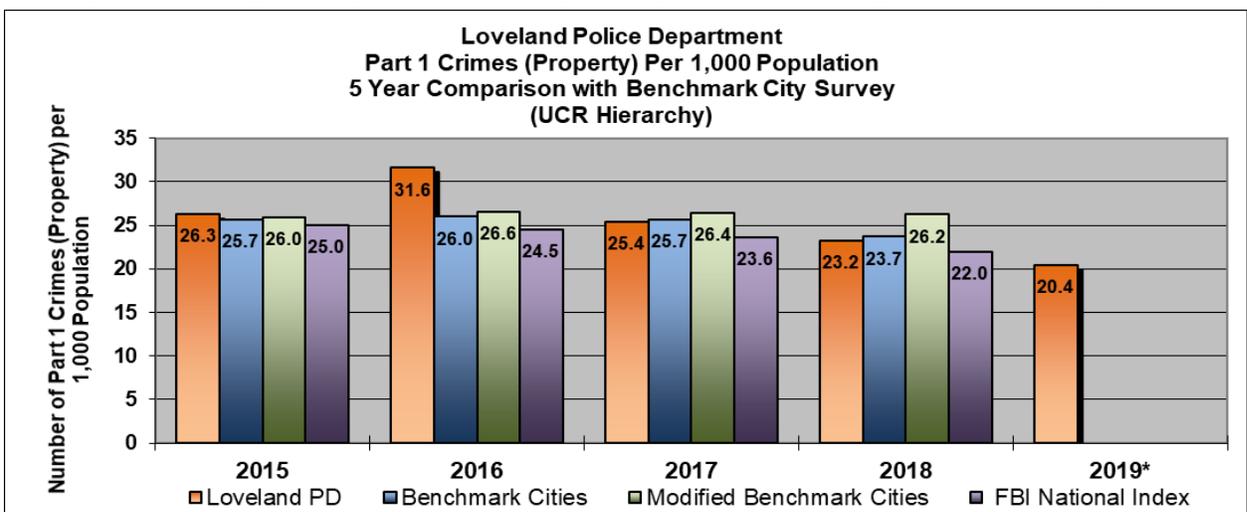
\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



Part 1 Crimes (Property) per 1,000 Population:

Year	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Property)	LPD % Change	LPD Part 1 Crimes (Property) per 1,000 Pop.	LPD % Change	Benchmark City Survey Part 1 Crimes (Property) per 1,000 Pop.	Modified Benchmark Cities Part 1 Crimes (Violent)	FBI National Index per 1,000
2015	1,934		26.3		25.7	26.0	25.0
2016	2,350	21.5%	31.6	19.9%	26.0	26.6	24.5
2017	1,928	-18.0%	25.4	-19.5%	25.7	26.4	23.6
2018	1,796	-6.8%	23.2	-8.6%	23.7	26.2	22.0
2019*	1,617	-10.0%	20.4	-12.1%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



## LPD Individual Part 1 Crimes (Violent)

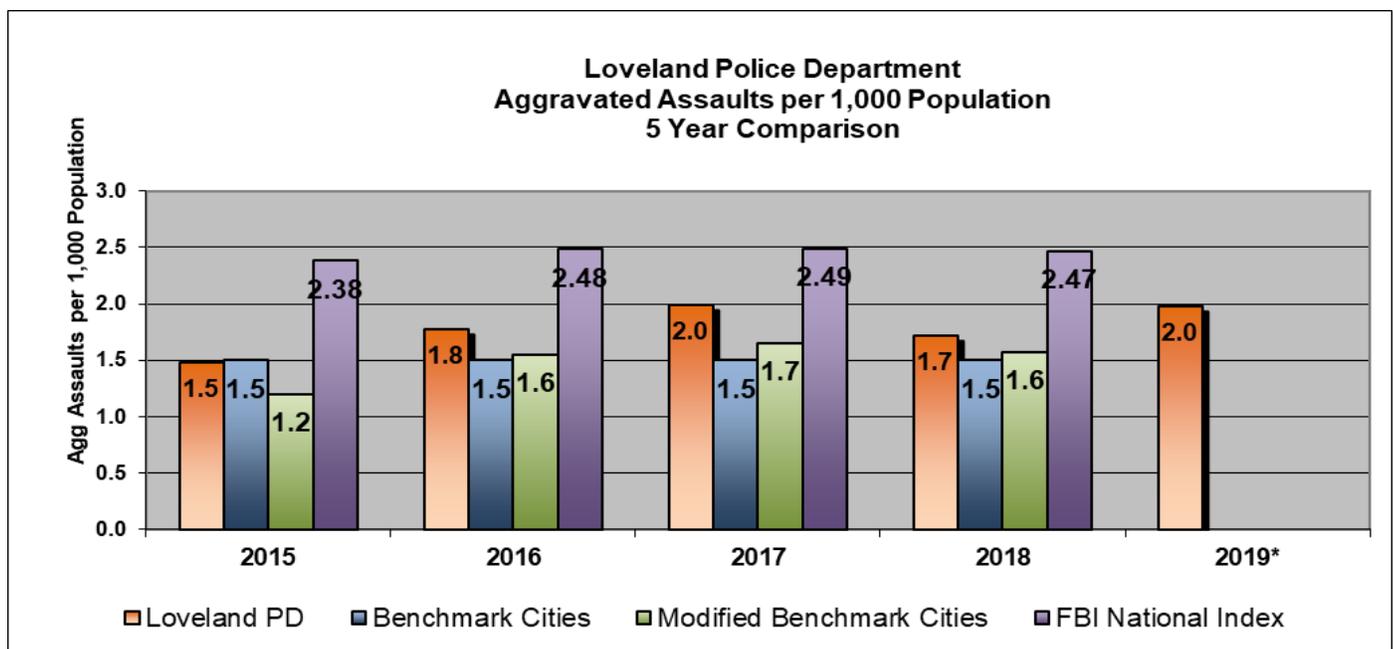
The tables and charts on the following pages show the 5-year trends on each of the individual Part 1 crimes for Loveland and the Benchmark Cities as well as the national index numbers from the FBI. As with the Benchmark Cities data, 2018 is the most recent yearly data available from the FBI<sup>5</sup>. Additionally, the FBI website tables state the numbers as per 100,000 population, so for this report their numbers were divided by 100 so as to compare to Loveland and the Benchmark Cities on a per 1,000 population basis.

### Aggravated Assaults

Year	Number of Agg. Assaults	% Change	LPD Agg. Assaults per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Agg. Assaults - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Agg. Assaults - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Agg. Assaults - FBI National Index per
2015	109		1.5		1.5	1.2	2.38
2016	132	21.1%	1.8	19.5%	1.5	1.6	2.48
2017	151	14.4%	2.0	12.2%	1.5	1.7	2.49
2018	133	-11.9%	1.7	-13.5%	1.5	1.6	2.47
2019*	157	18.0%	2.0	15.2%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet

\*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS

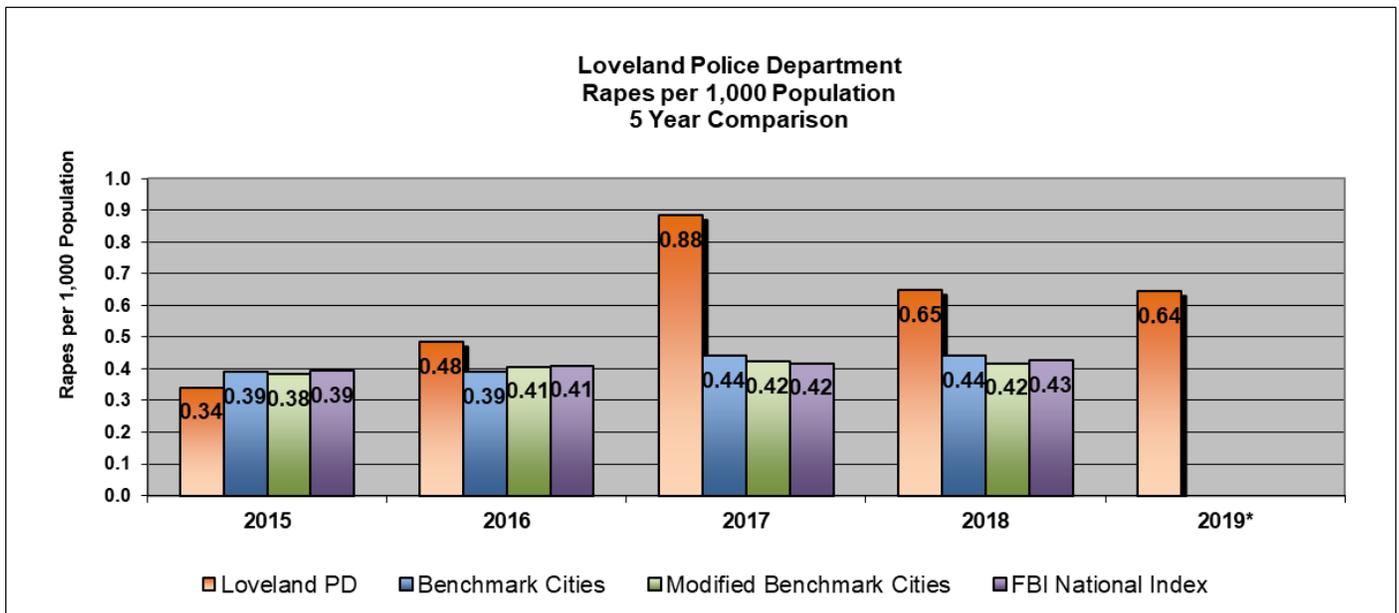


<sup>5</sup> <https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2018/crime-in-the-u.s.-2018/tables/table-1>

## Rapes

Year	Number of Rapes	% Change	LPD Rapes per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Rapes - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Rapes - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Rapes - FBI National Index per 1,000
2015	25		0.34		0.39	0.38	0.39
2016	36	44.0%	0.48	42.1%	0.39	0.41	0.41
2017	67	86.1%	0.88	82.5%	0.44	0.42	0.42
2018	50	-25.4%	0.65	-26.7%	0.44	0.42	0.43
2019*	51	2.0%	0.64	-0.4%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



## Homicides

The FBI only includes Murder/nonnegligent manslaughter (09A) in their UCR Homicide category. This excludes the other homicide categories of Negligent Manslaughter (09B) and Justifiable Homicides (09C). The Benchmark cities survey also only includes the 09A (Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter) in their tabulations. Therefore, the homicide numbers for LPD have been updated to only include the Murder/nonnegligent manslaughter offenses. In previous years the other two homicide categories were included which inflated the LPD numbers when compared to the FBI and Benchmark cities.

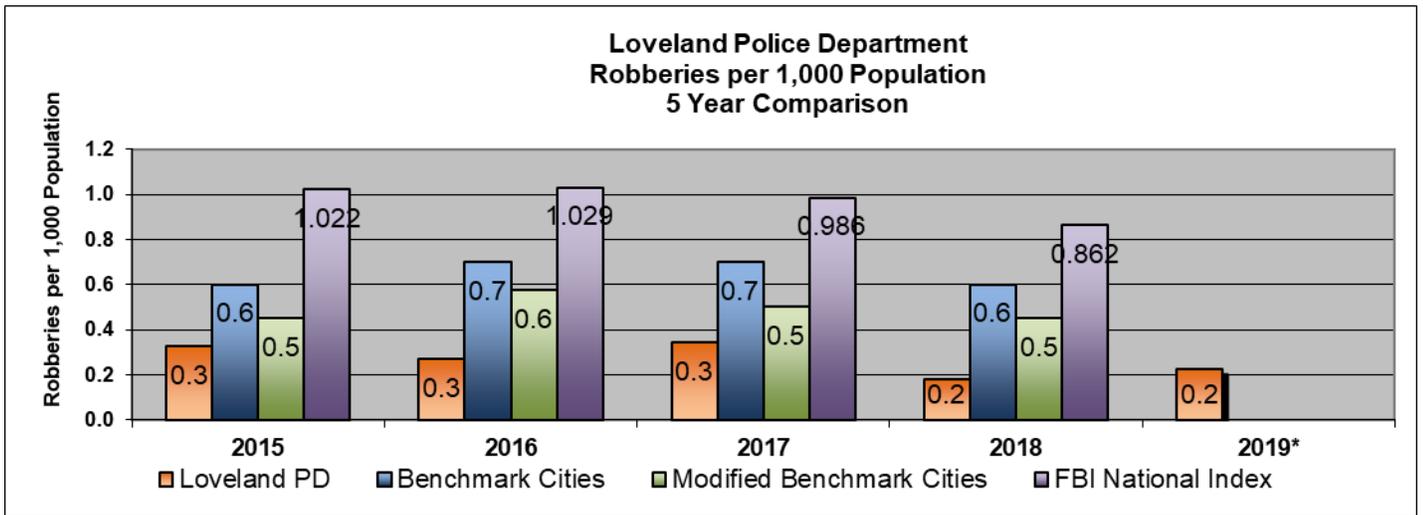
Year	Number of Homicides	% Change	LPD Homicides per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Homicides - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Homicides - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Homicides - FBI National Index per 1,000
2015	2		0.027		0.021	0.013	0.049
2016	1	-50.0%	0.013	-50.6%	0.022	0.008	0.054
2017	0	-100.0%	0.000	-100.0%	0.026	0.030	0.053
2018	1	nac	0.013	nac	0.024	0.010	0.050
2019*	1	0.0%	0.013	-2.4%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS

Robberies

Year	Number of Robberies	% Change	LPD Robberies per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Robberies - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Robberies - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Robberies - FBI National Index per 1,000
2015	24		0.3		0.6	0.5	1.022
2016	20	-16.7%	0.3	-17.7%	0.7	0.6	1.029
2017	26	30.0%	0.3	27.5%	0.7	0.5	0.986
2018	14	-46.2%	0.2	-47.1%	0.7	0.5	0.862
2019*	18	28.6%	0.2	25.5%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



## LPD Individual Part 1 Crimes (Property)

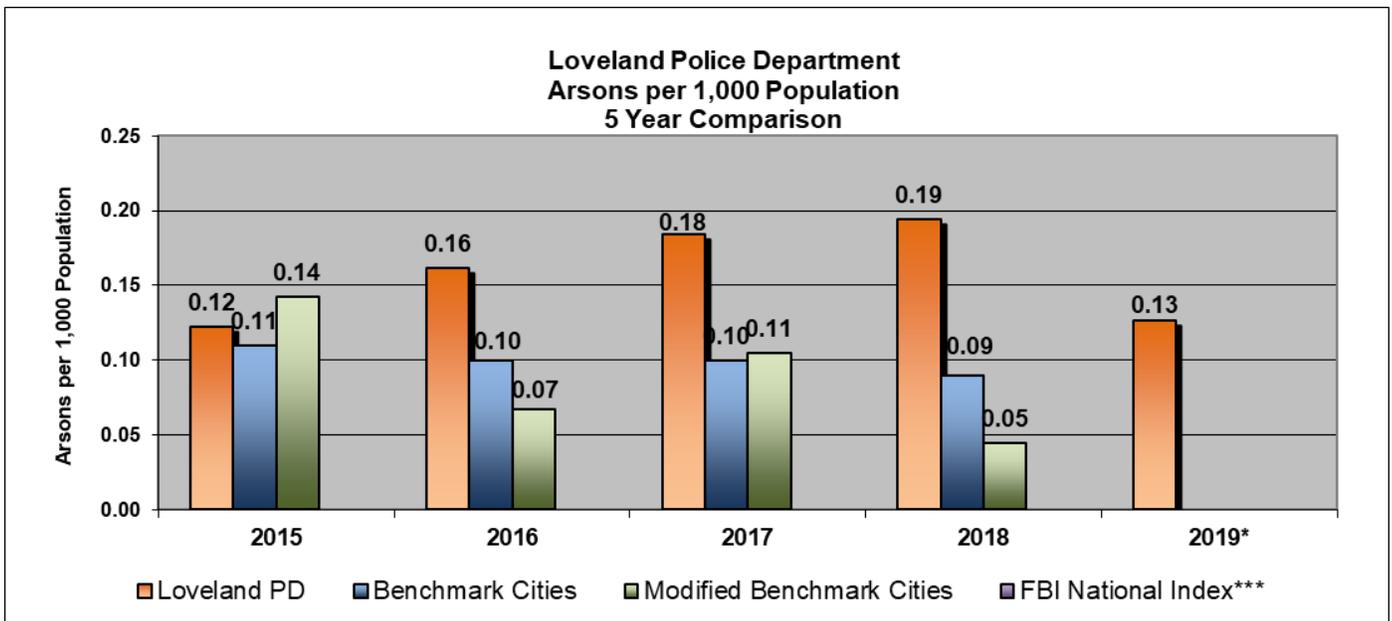
### Arsons

Year	Number of Arsons	% Change	LPD Arsons per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Arsons - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Arsons - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Arsons - FBI National Index***
2015	9		0.12		0.11	0.14	
2016	12	33.3%	0.16	31.6%	0.10	0.07	
2017	14	16.7%	0.18	14.4%	0.10	0.11	
2018	15	7.1%	0.19	5.2%	0.09	0.05	
2019*	10	-33.3%	0.13	-34.9%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet

\*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS

\*\*\*NOTE from FBI Website: Although arson data are included in the trend and clearance tables, sufficient data are not available to estimate totals for this offense. Therefore, no arson data are published in this table.

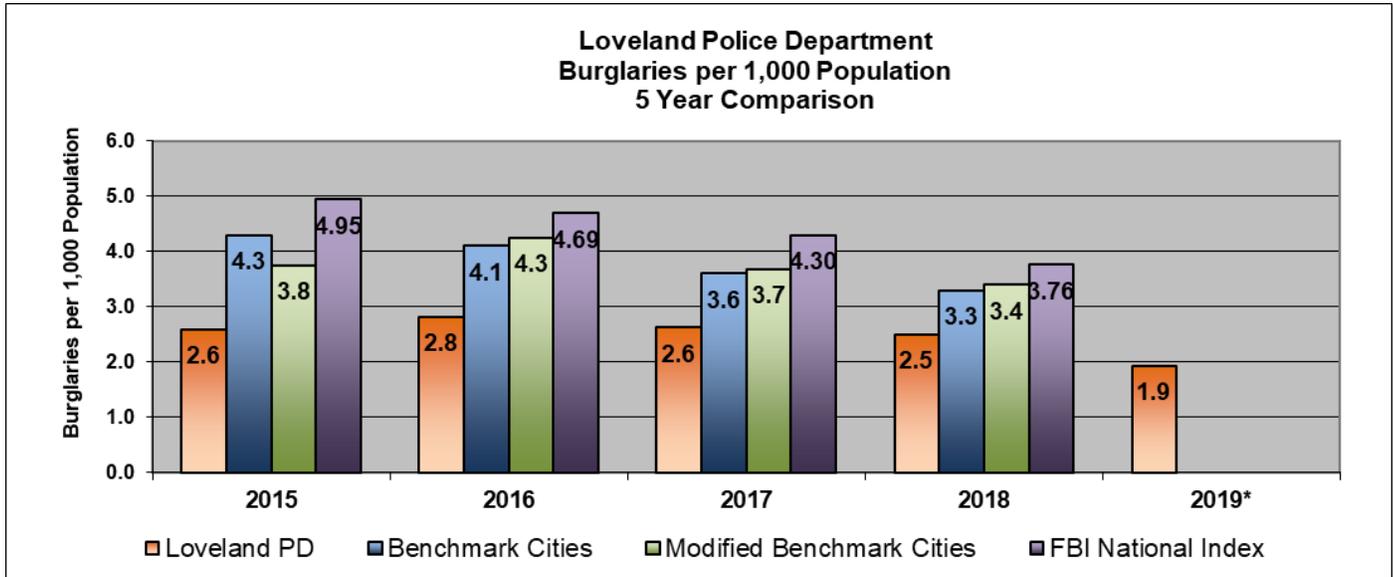


Burglaries

Year	Number of Burglaries	% Change	LPD Burglaries per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Burglaries - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Burglaries - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Burglaries - National Index per 1,000
2015	190		2.6		4.3	3.8	4.95
2016	210	10.5%	2.8	9.1%	4.1	4.3	4.69
2017	199	-5.2%	2.6	-7.1%	3.6	3.7	4.30
2018	193	-3.0%	2.5	-4.8%	3.3	3.4	3.76
2019*	153	-20.7%	1.9	-22.6%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet

\*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS

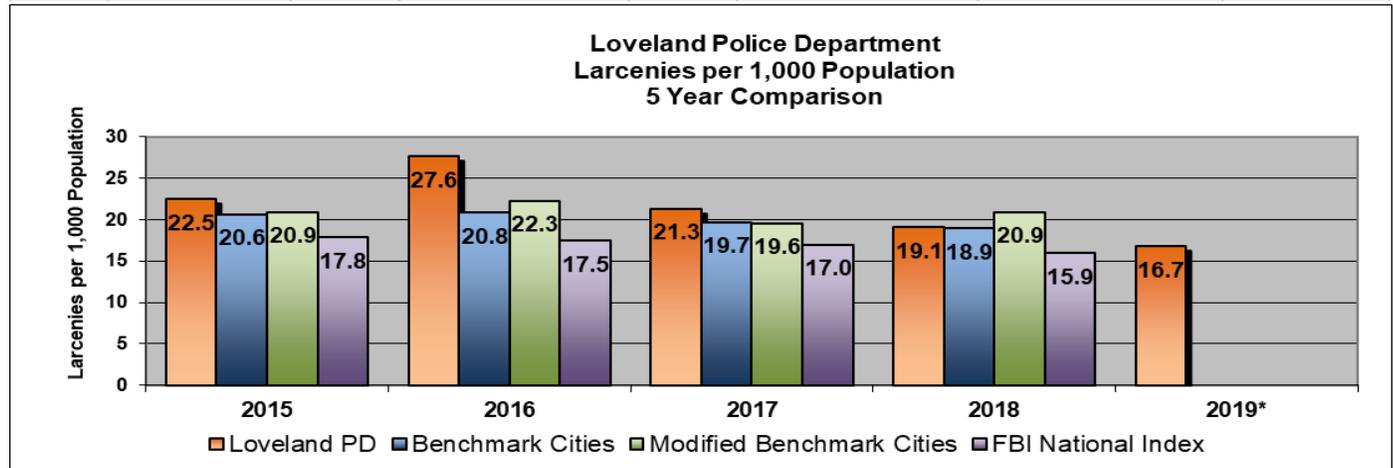


Larcenies-theft

Year	Number of Larcenies	% Change	LPD Larcenies per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	Larceny/Theft - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	Larceny/Theft - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	Larceny/Theft - National Index per 1,000
2015	1,650		22.5		20.6	20.9	17.8
2016	2,051	24.3%	27.6	22.7%	20.8	22.3	17.5
2017	1,613	-21.4%	21.3	-22.9%	19.7	19.6	17.0
2018	1,472	-8.7%	19.1	-10.4%	18.9	20.9	15.9
2019*	1,325	-10.0%	16.7	-12.1%			

\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet

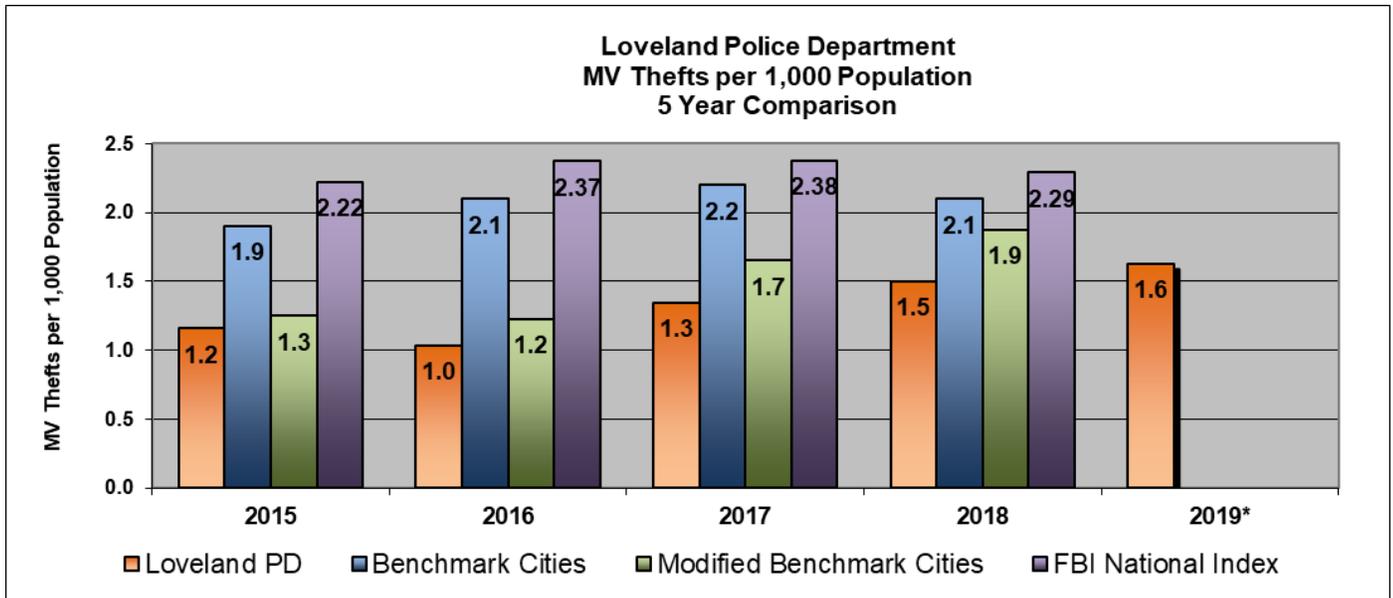
\*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



Motor Vehicle Theft

Year	Number of MV Thefts	% Change	LPD MV Thefts per 1,000 Pop.	% Change per 1,000	MV Thefts - Benchmark City Survey per 1,000 Pop.	MV Thefts - Modified Benchmark Cities** per 1,000 Pop.	MV Thefts - National Index per 1,000
2015	85		1.2		1.9	1.3	2.22
2016	77	-9.4%	1.0	-10.6%	2.1	1.2	2.37
2017	102	32.5%	1.3	29.9%	2.2	1.7	2.38
2018	116	13.7%	1.5	11.6%	2.1	1.9	2.29
2019*	129	11.2%	1.6	8.6%			

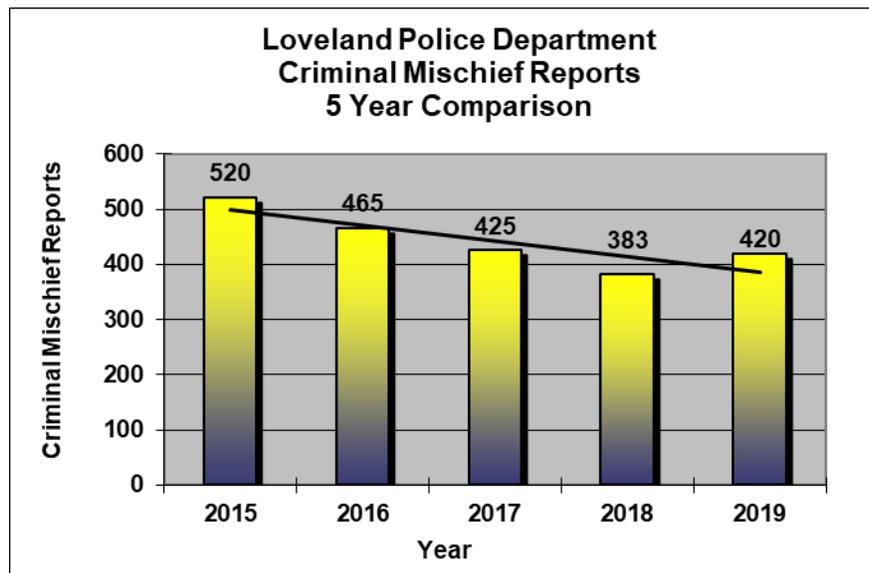
\* 2019 Data for Benchmark City Survey group and National Index has not been completed yet  
 \*\* Modified Benchmark Cities include: Boca Raton, FL / Boulder, CO / Edmond, OK / Lawrence, KS



Selected Part 2 Crimes

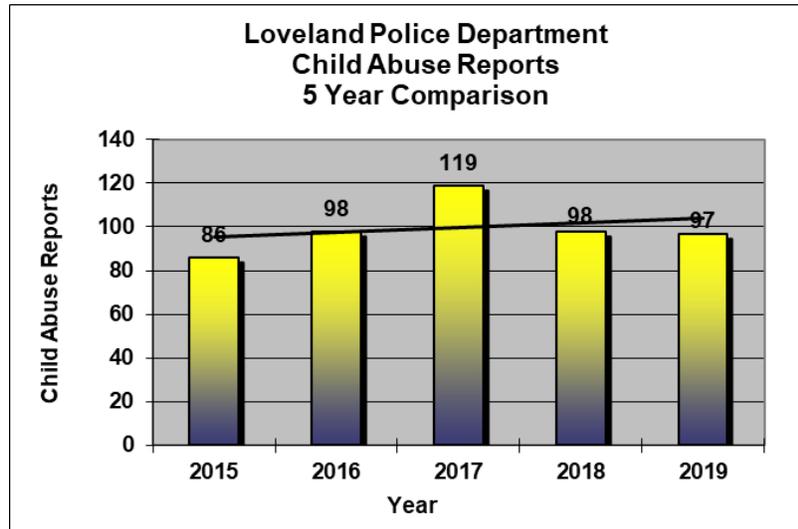
Criminal Mischief Reports

Year	Criminal Mischief Reports	% Change
2015	520	
2016	465	-10.6%
2017	425	-8.6%
2018	383	-9.9%
2019	420	9.7%



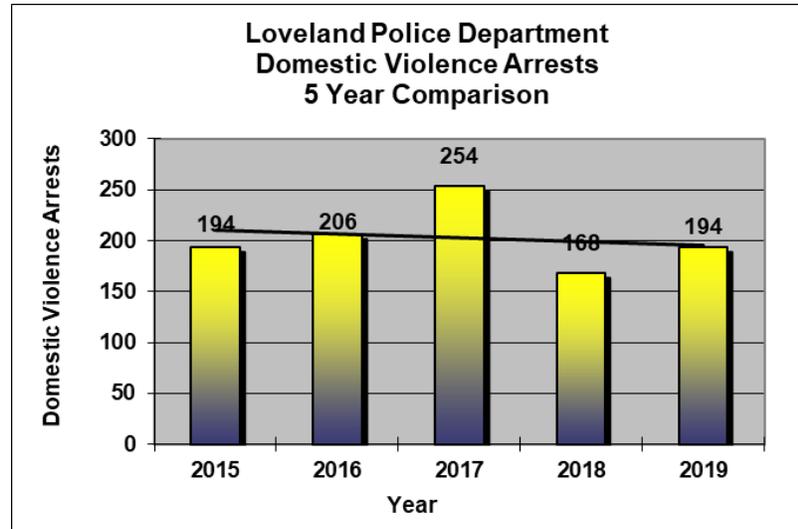
Child Abuse Reports

Year	Child Abuse Reports	% Change
2015	86	
2016	98	14.0%
2017	119	21.4%
2018	98	-17.6%
2019	97	-1.0%



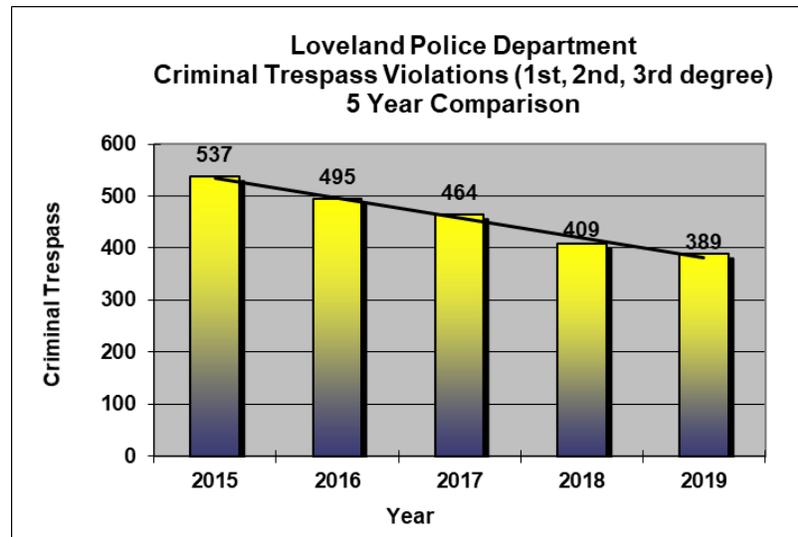
Domestic Violence Arrests

Year	DV Arrests	% Change
2015	194	
2016	206	6.2%
2017	254	23.3%
2018	168	-33.9%
2019	194	15.5%



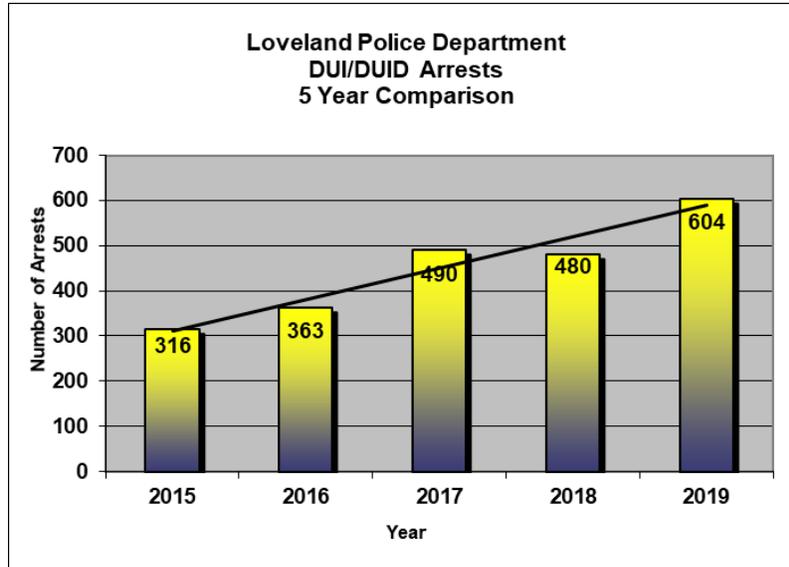
Criminal Trespass Violations – 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Degree

Year	Criminal Trespass Violations	% Change
2015	537	
2016	495	-7.8%
2017	464	-6.3%
2018	409	-11.9%
2019	389	-4.9%



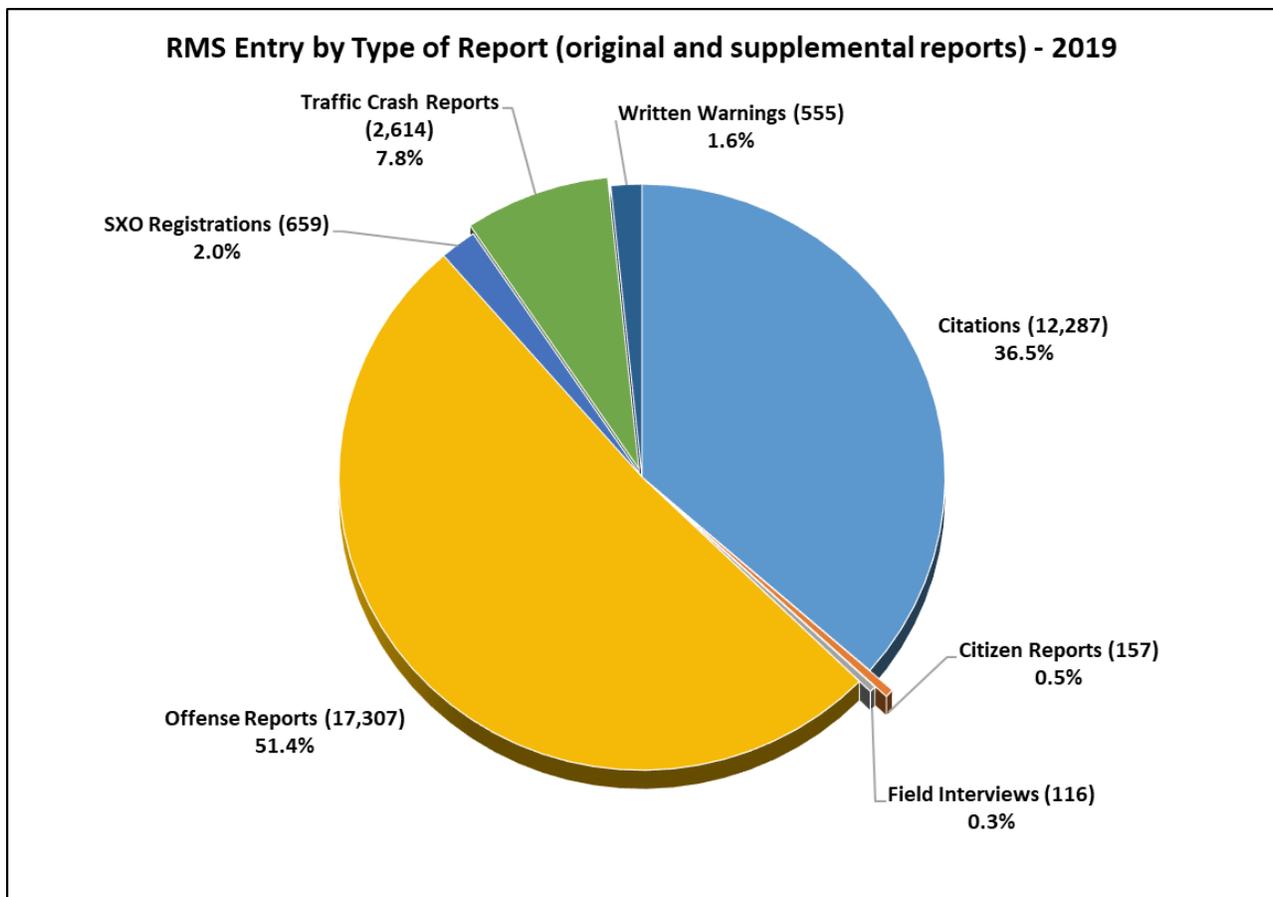
### Driving Under the Influence (DUI)/Driving Under the Influence of Drugs (DUID) Arrests

Year	DUI/DUID Arrests	% Change
2015	316	
2016	363	14.9%
2017	490	35.0%
2018	480	-2.0%
2019	604	25.8%



### Records Management System (RMS) Entries by Type

Total entries into the Records Management System (RMS) for 2019 were 33,695. On offense reports and traffic crash reports, this includes both reports by the original officer as well as supplemental officer reports. This is a decrease of 1.5% from 2018.

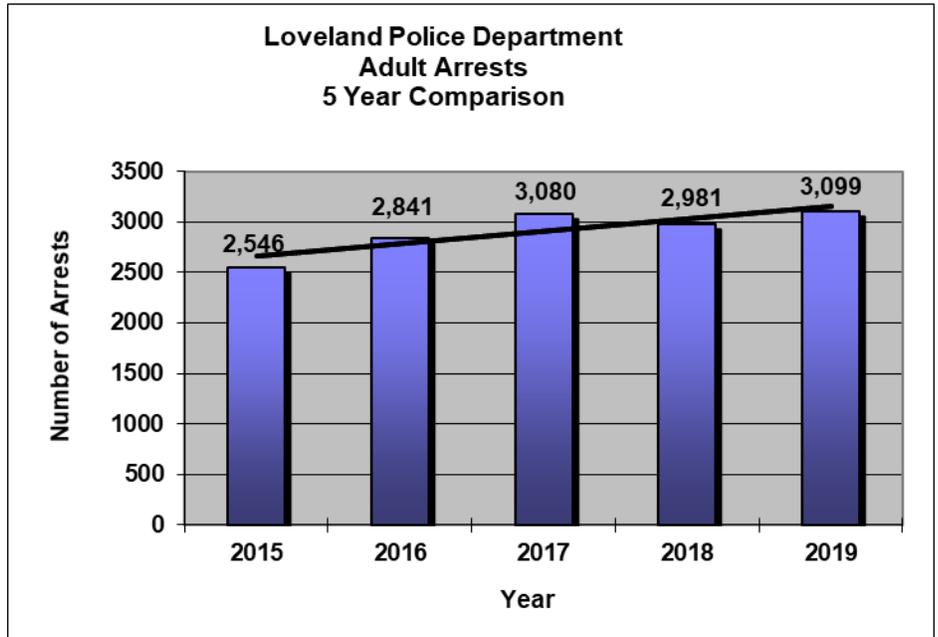


## Adult and Juvenile Arrests

### Adult Arrests

The following table/chart shows the five-year comparison of adult arrests.

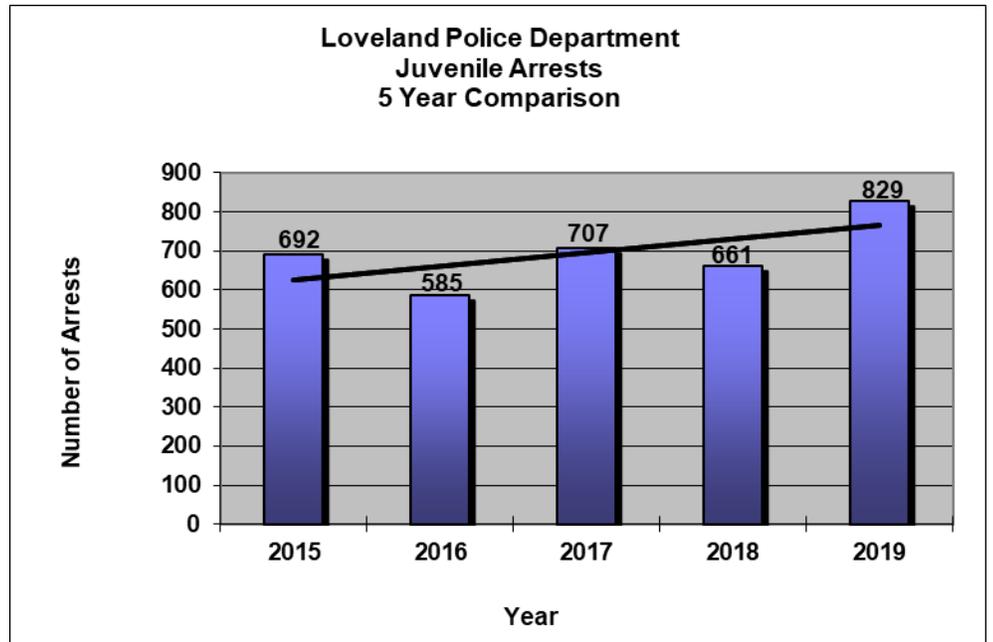
Year	Arrests	% Change
2015	2546	
2016	2841	11.6%
2017	3080	8.4%
2018	2981	-3.2%
2019	3099	4.0%



### Juvenile Arrests

The following table/chart shows the five-year comparison of juvenile arrests.

Year	Arrests	% Change
2015	692	
2016	585	-15.5%
2017	707	20.9%
2018	661	-6.5%
2019	829	25.4%



### Animal Citation Violations

The Larimer Humane Society, a private non-profit, writes the citations for animal violations for the city of Loveland. 2019 saw 89 citations written (down 9%) from 98 written in 2018, however, these 89 citations totaled 224 violations for 2019, up from the 194 violations in 2018.

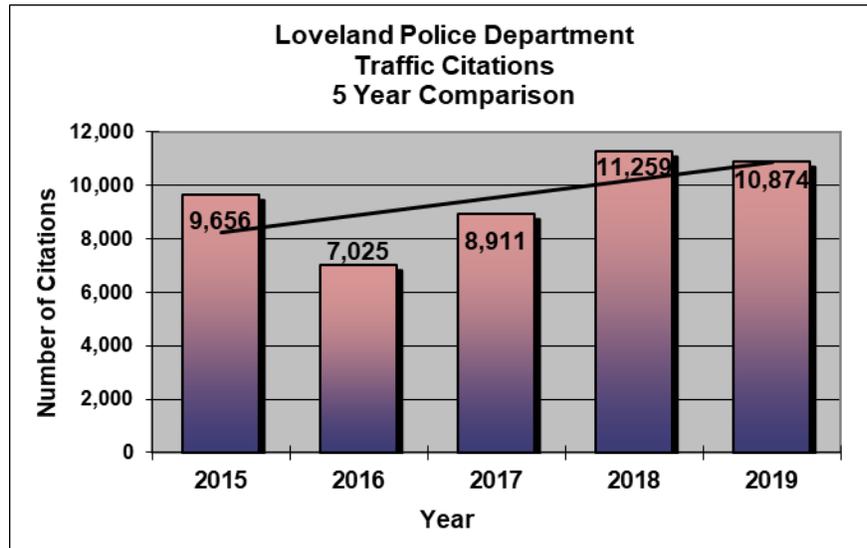
Violations	
Animal at Large	82
Public Nuisance	51
Animal Disturbance of Neighborhood	24
Rabies Vaccination Required	17
License Required/Canine or Feline	18
Tags Must be Worn	11
Vicious Animals	7
Animal at Large - Inadequate Fence	3
Rabies Vaccination Worn	7
Animal Waste Removal	1
Humane Treatment	1
Limitations on Number of Household Pets	1
Tethering of Animals	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>224</b>

### Traffic and Parking Citations/Violations and Motor Vehicle Crashes

#### Traffic Citations

Year	Number of Citations	% Change
2015	9,656	
2016	7,025	-27.2%
2017	8,911	26.8%
2018	11,259	26.3%
2019	10,874	-3.4%

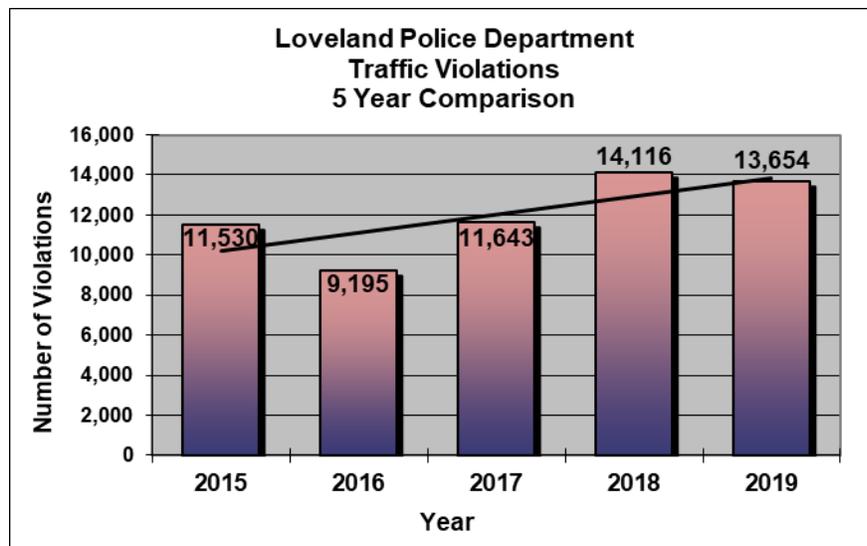
\*Does NOT include parking

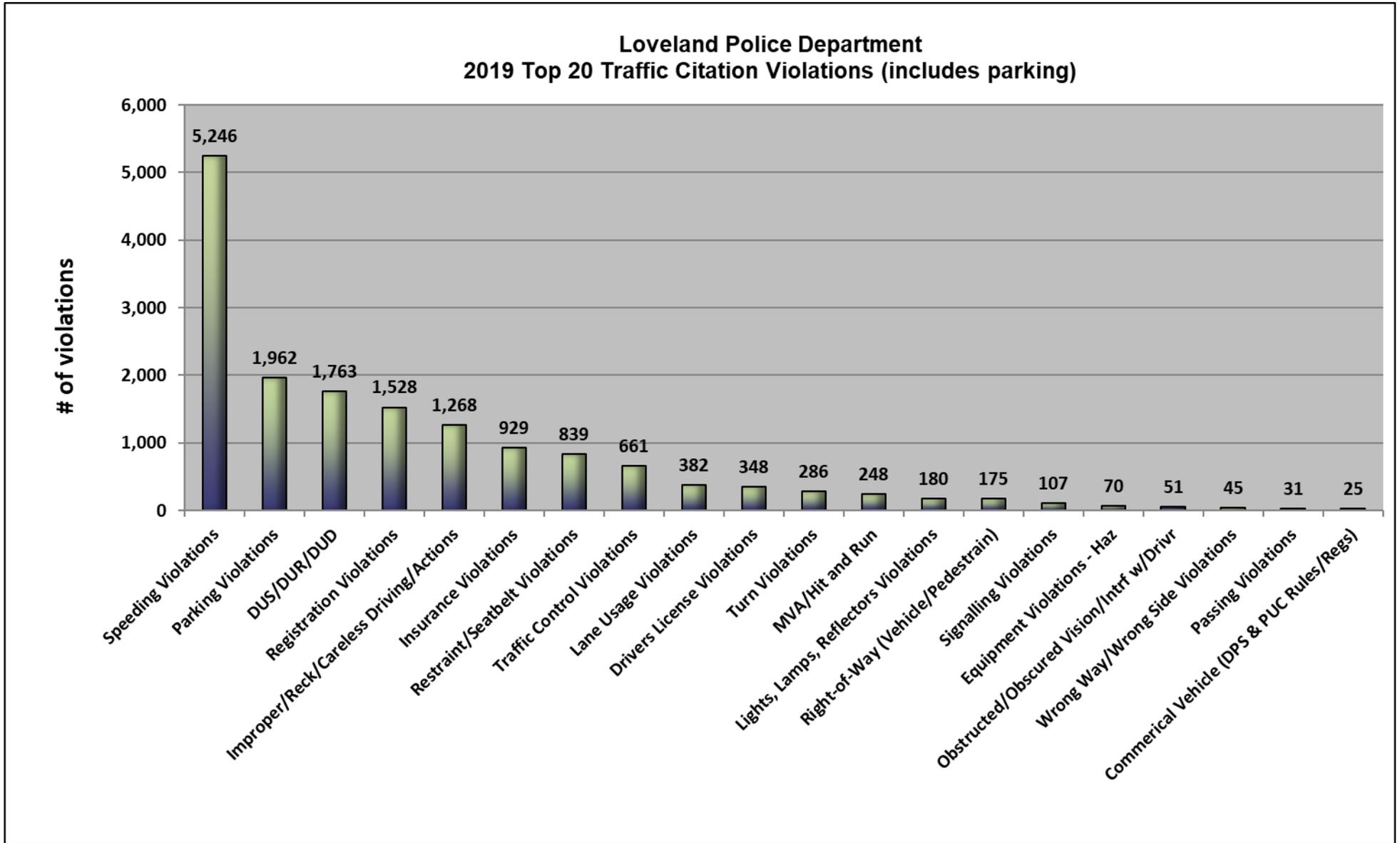


#### Traffic Violations

Year	Number of Violations	% Change
2015	11,530	
2016	9,195	-20.3%
2017	11,643	26.6%
2018	14,116	21.2%
2019	13,654	-3.3%

\* Does NOT include parking

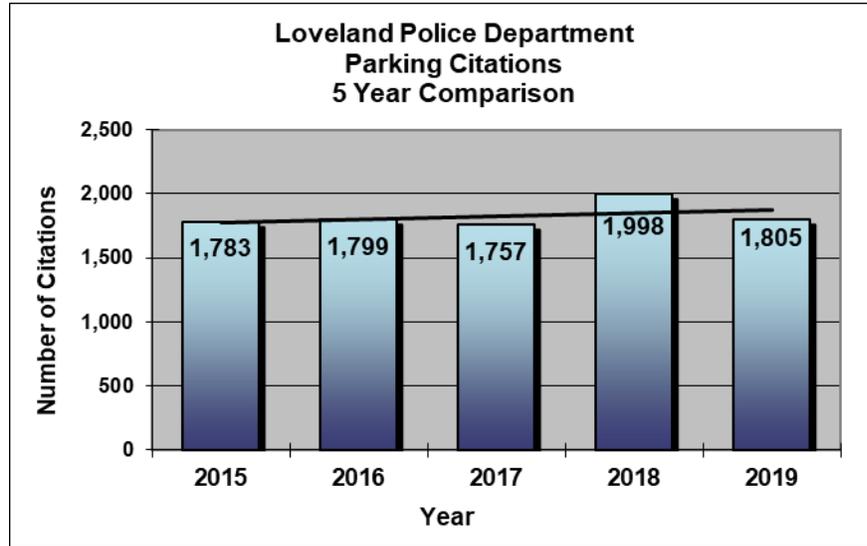




### Parking Citations

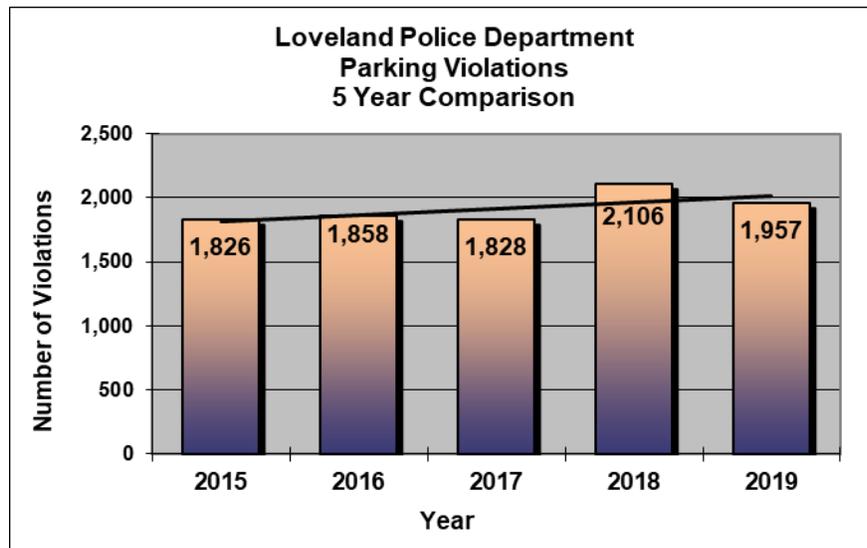
Parking violations are primarily written by the Community Service Officers (CSOs) of Loveland PD. For most of 2019, LPD was operating with only two to three CSOs versus fully staffed at five CSOs. Although parking citations and total parking violations were down in 2019, LPD's minimally staffed CSO unit did a remarkable job to write as many tickets as they did and kept vigilant on parking enforcement.

Year	Number of Citations	% Change
2015	1,783	
2016	1,799	0.9%
2017	1,757	-2.3%
2018	1,998	13.7%
2019	1,805	-9.7%



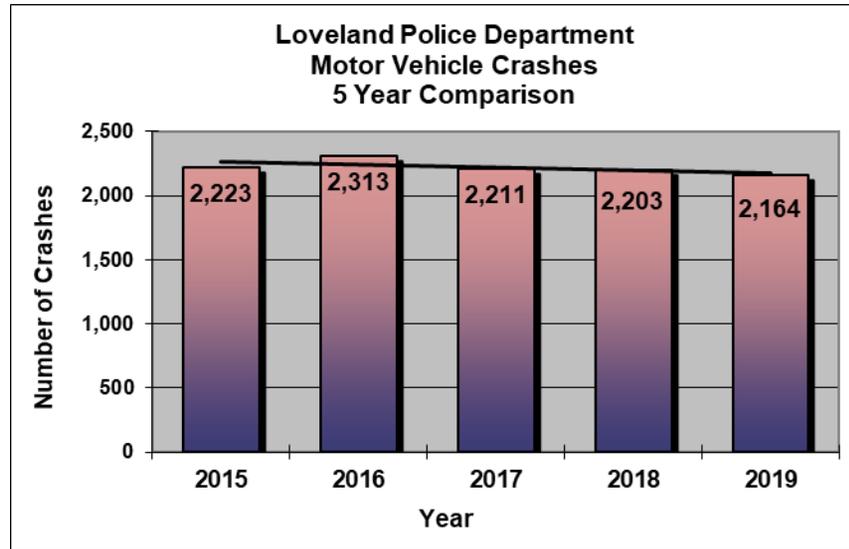
### Parking Violations

Year	Number of Violations	% Change
2015	1,826	
2016	1,858	1.8%
2017	1,828	-1.6%
2018	2,106	15.2%
2019	1,957	-7.1%



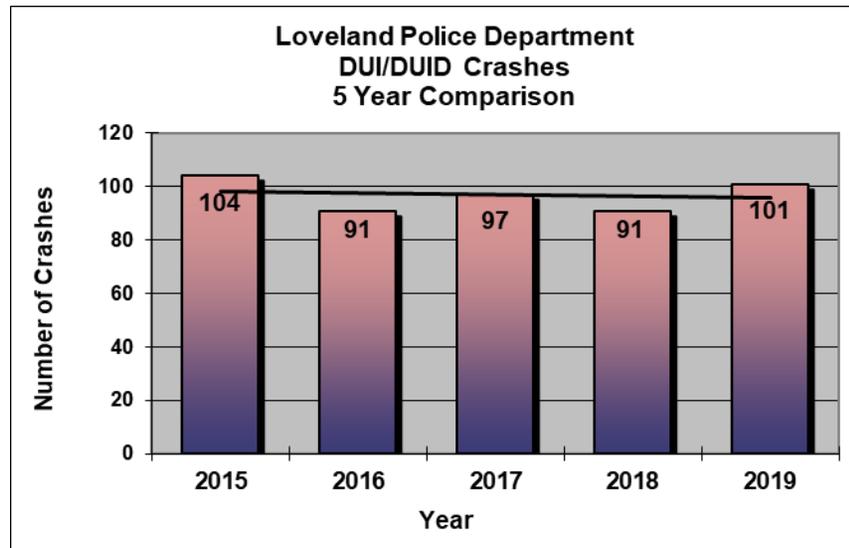
### Motor Vehicle Crashes

Year	Number of Crashes	% Change
2015	2,223	
2016	2,313	4.0%
2017	2,211	-4.4%
2018	2,203	-0.4%
2019	2,164	-1.8%

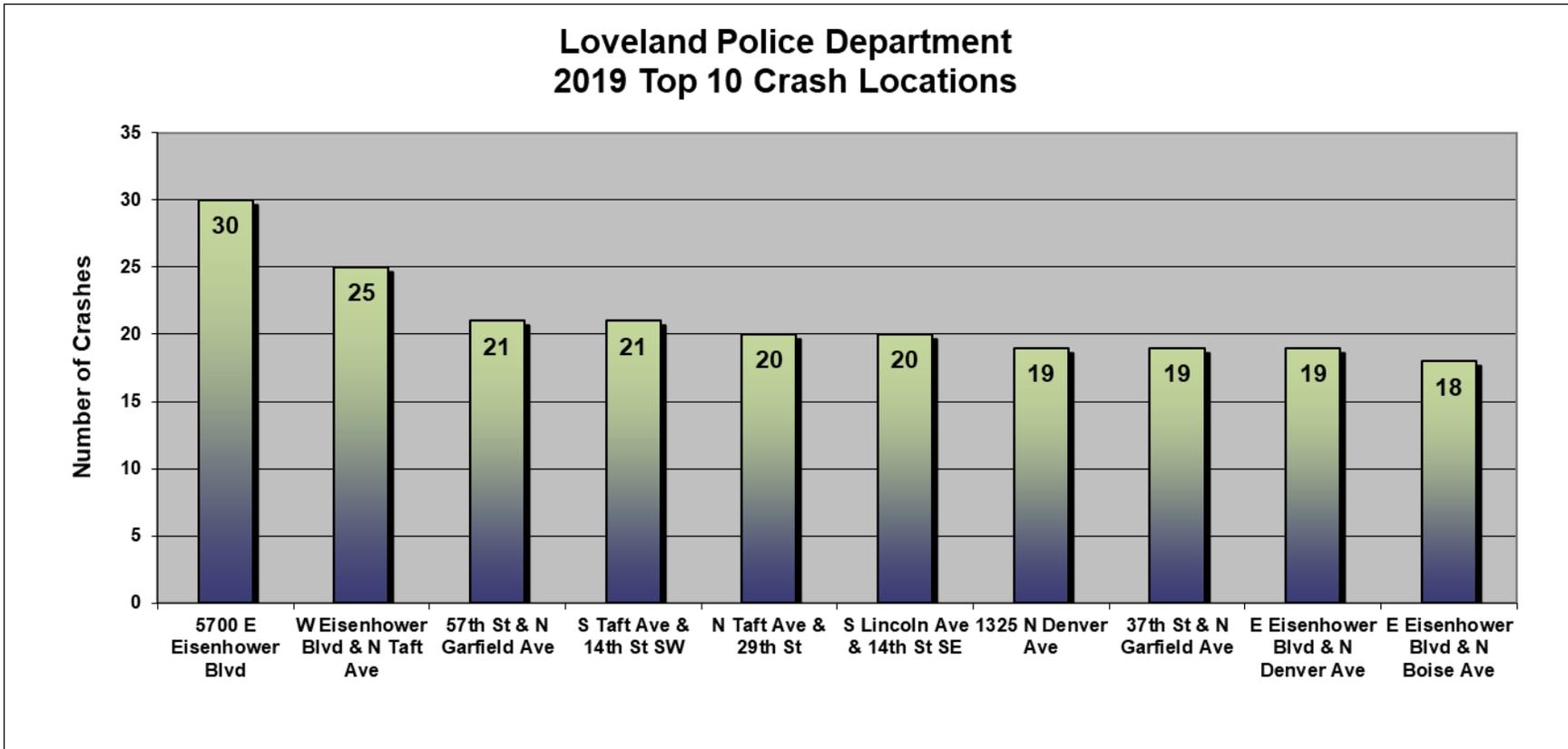


### DUI/DUID Crashes

Year	Number of Crashes	% Change
2015	104	
2016	91	-12.5%
2017	97	6.6%
2018	91	-6.2%
2019	101	11.0%



2019 Top 10 Crash Locations



The 5700 E Eisenhower Blvd location, while still the top location, was down from 61 crashes in 2018.

## 2019 Loveland Police Department Traffic Enforcement Demographics

Officer initiated traffic stops **21,000**

Total traffic citations **10,874**

Total traffic citations (no parking) by gender

	<b>Citations</b>	<b>% of Total</b>
Female	4,569	42.0%
Male	6,305	58.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,874</b>	<b>100%</b>

Total traffic citations (no parking) by age

<b>Age Group</b>	<b>Citations</b>	<b>% of Total</b>
0-15	17	0.2%
16-17	391	3.6%
18-21	1,264	11.6%
22-25	1,352	12.4%
26-30	1,573	14.5%
31-35	1,289	11.9%
36-40	1,021	9.4%
41-45	818	7.5%
46-50	688	6.3%
51-55	626	5.8%
56-60	582	5.4%
61-65	452	4.2%
66-70	341	3.1%
71-75	235	2.2%
76-80	112	1.0%
81-85	73	0.7%
86 and over	40	0.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,874</b>	<b>100%</b>

Total traffic citations (no parking) by race

<b>Race</b>	<b>Citations</b>	<b>% of Total</b>
White	10,487	96.4%
Black	203	1.9%
Asian	65	0.6%
Unknown	88	0.8%
Hawaiian	9	0.1%
Other	13	0.12%
Nat Amer/AK Nat	9	0.08%
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,874</b>	<b>100%</b>

Total traffic citations (no parking) by ethnicity

<b>Ethnicity</b>	<b>Citations</b>	<b>% of Total</b>
Hispanic	1262	11.6%
Not Hispanic	8,919	82.0%
Unknown	693	6.4%
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,874</b>	<b>100%</b>

## Closing

The Loveland Police Department exists for the purpose of providing an enhanced level of safety in our community. We strive to deliver responsive and professional police services in partnership with the community to reduce crime/fear of crime, solve problems and enhance traffic safety. Our mission: **Save Lives, Fight Crime, Survive** is lived every day by the dedicated professionals who work for the Department. The accomplishments of the past year reflect the dedicated efforts of the men and women of this Police Department to fulfill that commitment. These accomplishments also reflect our strong partnerships with community members, businesses, and organizations who actively support public safety. We also seek to use the information and data we collect to identify areas of improvement and how to allocate resources.